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3 Weekly Lewspaper,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VUL. 50.

SATURDAY, MARCH 8, 1890.

NO. 1,289.

CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.

The following statement shows the bank clearings for the week ending to-day (March 8), made up according to explanations contained in Chronicle of Oct. 26.

CLEARINGS.	Week Ending March 8.				
Returns by Telegraph.	1890.	1889.	Per Cent.		
New York	\$591,410,463	\$537,650,175	+10.0		
Boston	77,036,497	72,816,892	+5.8		
Philadelphia	65,741,210	55,434,372	+18.6		
Baltimore	13,090,152	8,648,943	+53.3		
Chicago	61,136,000	56,367,000	+8.5		
St. Louis	18,999,595	16,144,047	+17.7		
New Orleans	8,845,652	7,715,829	+14.7		
Seven cities, 5 days	\$836,259,569	\$754,777,258	+10.8		
Other cities, 5 days	114,184,216	101,018,276	+13.0		
Total all cities, 5 days	\$950,443,785	\$855,795,534	+11.1		
All cities, 1 day	198,914,284	198,401,216	+0.3		
Total all cities for week	\$1,149,358,069	\$1,054,196,750	+9.0		

The exhibit of clearings for February and since January 1 is as follows:

	F	ebruary.		Two Months.			
	1890.	1889.	P.Ct.	1890.	1889.	P.Ct.	
New York	2,821,479,546	2,595,130,017	+8*7	6,093,877,956	5,664,833,901	+7.8	
Boston	362,478,997	358,479,407	+1.1	827,239,982	789,184,984	+4.8	
Providence	20,190,700	19,249,400	+4.0	45,758,500 19,258,651 11,132,654	42,633,900	+7.3	
Hartford New Haven	7,983,547 4,781,316	7,210,155	+6.4	11 132 654	18,236,719	+5.7	
Springfield	5,083,453	4,495,574 4,524,255	+12.4	11,084,177	10,410,034 10,208,152 8 868,240	-8.8	
Worcester	4,250,481	3.843.959	+10.8	9,322,315	8 888,240	+5.1	
Portland	4,519,085	3,589,930	+32.8	9,910,019	0,290,720	+194	
New Bedford.	3,045,799 1,600,683	3,589,950 2,653,738 1,394,182	+14.7	6,197,258 3,558,441	8,046,148 8,373,866	+2.3	
Total N. Eng		405,437,620	+2.1	943,477,028	897,260,666	+5.5	
Philadelphia	273,941,642	263,784,741 47,155,582	+3.9	599,392,235	575,823,602 100,574,067	+411	
Pittsburg Baltimore	55,645,678 56,576,557	47,787,629	+18.0	124,131,965 123,328,750	108 015 760	+21.0	
Washington	5,510,097	4,012,116		11,824,489	106,045,769 8,759,227	+35.0	
Wilmington	3.168,020	3,137,426	+1.0	6,981,896	6,646,269	+5.0	
Syracuse	3,095,730	2,874,495	+7.7	6,116,923	6,577,652	-7.0	
Total Middle	897,987,719	368,751,989	+7.9	876,771,858	804,496,588	+8.0	
Chicago	253,052,263	234,398,018	+8.0	572,101,263	503,607,097	+13.6	
Cincinnati	47,125,100	41.92 900	+124	104,154,700	91,980,350	+13.2	
Milwaukee	20,496,628	19,927,974	+18.1	45,261,275	42,288,158 38,359,757	+7.2	
Datroit	19,464.888	16,484,086	+18.1	40,941,425	38,359,757	+8.7	
Cleveland	16,280,562	13,022,106	+22.0	37,822,175	28,863,999	+31.0	
Columbus Indianapolis	9,705,300 8,165,249	7,957,199	+15.8	22,709,100 18,566,690	18,069,872	+25'6	
Peoria	6,074,909	7,042,526 6,793,280	-10.6	12,161,102	15,820,261 13,424,126	+17.4	
Grand Rapids.	2,449,195	2,303,540	+6.3	5,769,763	5,429,177	+6.5	
Tot.M.West.	382,813,594	349,857,609	+9.4	859,475,493	757,792,797	+13.4	
San Francisco.	55,040,618	58,555,638	-6.0	115,530,078	128,102,459	-9.8	
Los Angeles	2,481,768	2,815,502	-11.9	5,814,200 5,609,771	6,646,689	-12.5	
Tacoma	2,685,197	1,423,687	+88-8	5,609,771	3,412,191	+64.1	
Total Pacific	60,207,583	62,794,827	-4.1	128,954,047	138,161,319	-8.1	
Kansas City	84,256,920	34,610,245	-1.0	72,919,800	72,908,558	+0.05	
Minneapolis	15,843,782	12,452,467	+27.1	34,872,498 32,896,836	29,422,272 29,407,358 29,702,700	+18.5	
St. Paul	15,054,668	13,229,665	+13.8	32,896,836	29,407,358	+11.9	
Omaha	16,401,453	19,486,265	+35.9 +31.6	36,451,358	29,702,709 28,949,6-5	+227	
Denver Duluth	17,308,89 6,567,300 5,702,968	19,082,858 8,057,287	-18.5	36,545,117 14,926,491	17 729 341	15.8	
St. Joseph	5.702.968	5,343,532	+6.7	12,899,470	17,722,341 11,570,076	+11.2	
Wichita	2,811,129	2,663,534	+5.5	6,065,265	5,657,717	+7.3	
Wichita Sioux City	3,229,534	1.728.6281	+86.9	7,524,941	5,657,717 8,922,115	+91.8	
Des Moines	2,004,788 2,000,000	2,049,729 1,900,000	-2.2	4,758,359	4,401,976 3,500,000	+8.0	
Lincoln	2,000,000	1,900,000	+5.8	4,400,000	3,500,000	-25.7	
Topeka	1,878,604	1,507,950	-8.6	8,134,360	3,463,599	-9.5	
Tot. oth'r W.	122,540,044		+11.3	267,392,495	240,627,708		
St. Louis	83,143,841	72,500,989	+14.7	177,858,981	156,700,793	+13.2 +10.6 +13.2	
New Orleans	45,066,983	48,137,979	-6.4	116,251,433	104,805,870	+10.5	
Louisville	85,017,472	28,105,166	+24.8	73,099,342	59,369,008	+53.1	
Memphis Richmond	11,070,228 7,786,392	11,838,409 8,635,124	-9.9	27,027,807 18,307,726	26,045,399 18,985,124	+3.8	
	7,100,527	5.458.432	144.0	15,967,971	12 509 916	127.8	
Dallas	4.400.000	5,458,432 2,443,080	+44.9	10.165.514	5.936.129	$^{+27.6}_{+71.2}$	
Dallas Fort Worth	4,984,048 8,026,308	1,954,890 3,777,556	+155	10,165,514 11,302,109 6,977,56S	4,546,292	+148	
Norfolk	8,026,308	3,777,558	-19.9	6,977,568	12,509,916 5,936,129 4,546,232 7,841,968	-11.0	
Total South.	202,404,738	182,851,625	+10.7	456,958,451	896,690,489	+15.8	

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The returns of exchanges for the week ending March record a gain of nearly one hundred and fifty-three million

8,899,793,414

Total all.... 4,101,295,228 4,074,935,847 +8.0 9,626,907,328

dollars compared with the previous week, and contrasted with the same week in 1889 there is an increase of 15.6 per cent.

	Week Ending March 1.			Week End'g Feb. 22,	
	1890.	1889.	P. Cent.	1890.	P. Cent
New York	768,981,164	640,840,387	+20.0	598,640,359	+5*6
Sales of - (Stocksshares.	(1,093,684)	(1,128,861)	(-3.1	(1,553,138)	(+46.6
(Cottonbales. (Grainbushels. (Petroleumbbls.	(254,300 (87,305,950 (4,692,000	(321,200) (14,771,220, (16,028,000)	(-20°8) (+15°3 (-70°7)	(428,900) (33,390,862) (1,570,000)	(+46.6 (+27.1 (+132.1 (-90.2
Boston	93,031,365 5,441,700 1,991,280	93,574,464	-0.6 +17.8	78,728,454 4,543,800	-5.5
Providence	1,991,280	4,638,5c0 1,870,114	+6.8	1,69~,840	+18.7
New Haven	1.269.529	1.110.0:8	+14.4	1,69×,840 887,981 1,001,728 901,773	+3.6
Springfield Worcester	1,185,256	1,002,594	+83 +24.7	901,773	+11.8
Portland	1.195.525	801,616	+49.1	1,130,597 745,388	+40%
Lowell	529,130 361,629	667,484 326,443	+10.8	360,983	+40°6 +11°7 +10°6
Total New England	106,255,339	105,086,026	+1.1	88,055,042	-3.
Philadelphia	78,848,84	67,207,503	+17.8	60,763,354 11,3×6,085	+47
Pittsburg Baltimore	14.599.074	12,963,586	+2:2	12,310,986	+27
Washington	1,379,288	1,053,249 867,784 887,459	+31.0	1,213,708 852,221	+44*0
Wilmington, Del	700,508	887 459	-19·3 +4·0	559.169	+178
Washington	1,379,288 700,508 922,618 6,147,218	3		5×9,168 6,460,797	40.
Total Middle	112,297,78	1	+17.4	87,115,467	+7.6
Chicago	68,717,336 12,403,500 5,186,705 5,301,876 4,529,798 2,380,900	61,333,532	+12.0	54,845,646	+5.6
Cincinnati Milwaukee	5.186.705	5,818,131	+8.5	11,146,150 4,432,594	
Detroit	5,301,875	5,818,131 4,187,379	+26.4	4,149,226 3,928,578	+18*8
Cleveland	9.380.900	3,895,405 2,270,53	+33.4	2.217.000	+2.5
Indianapolis	2,075,898	1,838,600 1,561,185	+13.3	1,569,988	-2.5
Peoria Grand Rapids	2,075,898 1,592,771 652,550	1,561,185	+2·0 -0·4	1,569,938 1,889,757 564,027	-3°4 +18°0
Total Middle Western			+11.0	84,230,848	+7-8
San Francisco	15,507,424	18,499,751	-16.5	11,932,803	-8.6
Los Angeles	697,613 681,793	736,454 841,731	+99·5	582,600 724,628	+101.8
Tacoma. Portland*	1,593,781 845,752			725,628 1,065,238	*****
Beattle				704,948	*****
Total Pacific			-13.7	13,194,031	-5.6
Kansas City Minneapolis	9,304,291	8,444,706 3,351,996	+10.5 +8.4	7,340,943 4,214,038	-6·9
St. Paul	4,190,208	8,865,403	+8.4	9 111 170	+39*0
Omaha	3,424,105 4,190,208 3,971,406 4,632,825	8,549,849 8,682,400	+11.9	3,562,071	+28.6
Denver Duluth	1,409,246 1,532,793	3,682,400 1,814,168 1,490,788	-22 3	3,332,795 3,562,071 1,195,396	+80°8 -86°0
Duluth St. Joseph	1,532,793	639 684	+3.8	1,111,333 708,649 846,780	-4·1 +18·6 +124·6
Wichita	869,296	639,684 488,282	+ 98.3	846,780	+124
Des Moines	434,629	455,955	+12.5	447,989	-1.8
Lincoln Topeka	681,1d8 869,236 434,629 450,000 828,784	455,955 400,000 371,171	-11.4	447,969 400,000 273,938	+6.7
Total Other Western	!	28,507,400	+9.5	26,546,680	+9.0
St. Louis	20,647,027	18,800.260	+9.8	17,520,289	+11.9
New Orleans Louisville	12,236,941	7,223,504	-9·1 +25·9	8,×21,939 6,979,018	+1.8
Memphis	2.678.661	13,455,158 7,223,504 2,776,294 1,997,013	-3.5	1.823,230	_97.0
Richmond	1,914,418	1,500,819	+48·6	2,053,479	-0.6 +71.7
Gaiveston Dallas.	1,914,418 2,238,773 1,055,191	624,976		1,992,116	+80.0
Dallas Fort Worth	1.017.694	555,107	+88 8 -29 8	922,018 714,774 432,188 2,007,835	+154.7
Levington	649,592 520,395	919,426 424,128	+59.3	432,183	+80.5
Nashville*	2,002,663 866,522	*******	*****	2,007,835	*****
Nashville*. Birmingham*. Chattanooga*	501,417	*******		752,423 456,810	
Total Southern	52,051,068	48,280,680	+7.8	42,159,072	+10-8
Total all	1,190,542,251	1,029,847,988	+15.6	937,940,891	+5.1
Outside New York	421,561,087	889,007,051	+8.4	341,300,538	+4.8
		Tage of the later		341,300,538	+4

*Not included in totals.
Our compilation of sales, &c., of stocks, bonds, &c., for the two months is as follows:

	Two	Two months, 1890.			Two months, 1889.			
Description.	Par Value or Quantity	Actual Value.	Aver'ge Price.	Par Value or Quantity	Actual Value.	Aver'ge Price.		
Stock { Sh's Val. RR. bonds. Gov't bonds State bonds Bank stocks	\$75,907,260 \$663,450 \$1,397,900	\$ 59,991,291 \$807,185 \$875,542	79.0 121.7 62.6	10,801,108 \$982,795,850 \$97,014,525 \$1,071,600 \$1,926,200 \$397,350	\$86,539,278	89-2 125-4 69-2		
Total Pet'l'm.bbls Cotton.bls. Grain.bush.	36,812,000 5,662,100	\$38,580,000	\$104 3-5 \$54.63	\$1082,535,025 114,449,000 3,502,500 197,741,877	\$100,689,900	66·5 88c. \$49·74 82 2-5c.		
Total value	JETPY WITH	\$1193093,115		112. 2011	\$1157558,798	2 - 1 -		

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

There has been a little easier condition in all departments of the loan market during the past week. This variation in tone and rates seems somewhat erratic, following as it has a series of bad bank returns, the last return showing a further and decided loss in reserve, though surplus reserve decreased only \$1,336,600 because of a loss of over 9 million dollars in deposits. Still, those who have watched our money market closely of late years will feel no surprise at this latest change. As we have said on previous occasions, our associated banks and their restricted reserves have lost in part the control of rates they once possessed, much as the Bank of England has lost its hold on the open market. Outside capital is so eager for employment and has become so abundant that it underbids the reserve carrier, inducing the bank itself even to pay less regard to its surplus under the pressure to keep up dividends. This situation is only possible when confidence is strong and credit undisturbed. Even any temporary or irregular action such as usually occurs here at the turn of a month breaks the continuity. That was the difficulty last week, and now for a few days we have been experiencing the relief which a return of the interrupted condition brings.

These facts account in great part for the change in the tone of the market, which came with the beginning of the week. Other influences have contributed in the same direction since. Quite a general belief has pre. vailed among money lenders that rates for time loans would improve as the month advances. Consequently there has been a disposition to employ temporarily on call, funds paid in on maturing contracts. The freer offerings which have resulted from this increase in the supply in that department of the market, though they have not affected bank rates, because of the small reserves, have imparted an easier tone and given some slight shading to the current quotations for all outside money. This tendency has been further helped by the offer of Secretary Windom to purchase 4 per cent bonds and the taking of 3 million dollars in amount on Thursday and Friday, which was felt to be quite an encouraging circumstance. Finally, a reduction in the official minimum of the Bank of England, announced on Thursday, and the easier rates in the open market London, contributed in a like direction.

But of what account as permanent influences on the market are any or all of these changes if the associated press dispatches are correct with regard to Mr. Windom's intentions. It is stated apparently by authority that another call on the banks for the surrender of a further portion (five million dollars) of their deposits, is to be issued in a few days; add to that the additional statement that the Secretary is disinclined to reduce his available surplus below 20 million dollars, and do we not have quite a clear case of difficulty in prospect? No doubt twenty millions is a low enough limit for his surplus, and no one can take exception to the announcement in that particular. But to say at the same time that five millions more is be taken from the banks to and locked up in the Sub-Treasury, seems hardly credible after the increase in the Sub-Treasury holdings of currency in February of over 12 million dollars. In a subsequent column we have remarked upon the Government operations last month and their effect on our bank reserves. We there show what the banks have Brothers & Co. and

flowing to the interior in considerable amounts from this centre. To supply the needs of commerce our banks require all that has been taken from them by the Treasury in February. To deprive them at such a juncture of five million dollars of deposits, while the Treasury likewise retains six millions to meet the 1st of April interest, makes the prospect hardly as cheerful as could be wished. We are led, therefore, to feel much doubt as to the official nature of these announce-

Call loans at the Stock Exchange have ranged from 6 to 2 per cent, averaging 4½ per cent against 5 per cent last week. Renewals have been made at 5 per cent, and that is the minimum rate of banks and trust companies. For time loans the demand is good, but the supply of money is not abundant, lenders, as we have already stated, being disposed to wait for better rates. Quotations on first-class collateral are 5 per cent for sixty to ninety days, 51/266 per cent for four, five or six months; transactions are limited, some being recorded at 5½ per cent, but only a few at the higher rate. Commercial paper is in good supply; the inquiry, however, is confined to out of-town buyers. Rates are 51 per cent for sixty to ninety day endorsed bills receivable, 6 per cent for four months' acceptances, and 6@7 per cent for good single names having from four to six months to run. The bank return of last Saturday showed that two of the principal institutions had \$2,872,700 surplus reserve, while the associated banks as a whole reported \$2,364,200.

In Europe the tendency of money has continued downward. On Thursday the Bank of England rate of discount was reduced from 5 per cent, at which it had stood since February 20th, to 4½ per cent. In the open market, London, the cable reports discounts of sixty to ninety day bank bills at 3@31 per cent against 4 per cent last Friday. The figures would indicate that while the official rate has gone down 1 of one per cent, the outside rate has declined & of one per cent. The lower official minimum seems to have reversed the flow of money which was so largely from the interior of Great Britain to the Bank as long as 6 per cent was maintained; this week the movement is once more towards the country, and it would appear probable (judging from the drain during past weeks) that this outflow from the Bank must continue. The Bank gained £148,000 bullion during the past week. This, as we are advised by a special cable to us, was due to the import of £227,000, principally "bought," but part from Brazil, and to a shipment to the interior of Great Britain of £79,000. The cable reports the open market rate at Paris 21 per cent, at Berlin and Frankfort 33 per cent.

Our foreign exchange market has been very variable and unusually active this week. The extreme advance was 2½ cents per pound sterling for long and from 2 to 2½ for short; but yesterday there was a decline again in both. Easier discounts in London induced buying of long sterling, there being at the same time a demand for the same class of bills from bankers who had been carrying drafts bought about sixty days ago and which were maturing. These bankers in fact commenced to invest largely in long sterling at the low rates ruling last week, but it was not until Tuesday that the demand began to be felt in the market, and when the reaction. set in the rise was the more rapid because of the oversold condition during the decline. Monday Brown Canadian the lost and what the Treasury has gained. Money is still dropped their rates to 4.81 for sixty days and

4.85 for sight, while at the same time Kidder, Peabody & Co.'s rates fell off to 4.811 for long and 4.851 for short. Tuesday the first mentioned firm in two movements put up their rates to 4.82 for sixty days and 4.86 for sight; on Wednesday the same drawers again advanced their figures by two movements to 4.83 for long and 4.87 for short; while on Thursday, with the reduction in the Bank of England minimum to 41 per cent, the same firm advanced long sterling to 4.831. On the latter day the Bank of British North America posted 4.871 for short. Yesterday, as already stated, there was a decline, Brown Brothers & Co. reducing their rates to 4.83 for long and 4.861 for short, and the other drawers all posting 4.83½ for long and 4.87 for short. There was an arrival of \$400,000 gold by the La Normandie early in the week, but this was in transit to Canada. The immediate future of our exchange market will depend largely upon the condition of our money market. If rates for money advance, exchange will in all probability

As far as bank clearings are any guide to the business situation, the volume of trade, as heretofore, continues of very large proportions. We have this week prepared our statement for the month of February, and the results disclosed differ in no essential particular from those noted in the months immediately preceding. February is a short month, and besides contained a holiday quite generally observed in business cir-Nevertheless, the cles throughout the country. aggregate of clearings for that month shows an excess over the total for the corresponding month in 1889 of 326 million dollars. Moreover, this is in the face of a loss in clearings of about 85 million dollars on account of diminished dealings in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange, that figure being arrived at in our usual way by allowing an average of 21 checks to each transaction. It is furthermore to be noted that the increase is additional to an increase in February, 1889, when our statement recorded a gain of about 500 million dollars; or, to put it in another way, after an increase of 13.8 per cent in 1889, we now have for 1890 a further increase of 8.00 per cent. Outside of New York the proportion of gain is somewhat smaller, being 6.8 per cent, but the amount of gain reaches 100 million dollars, as will appear by the following, in our usual form.

MONTHLY	CLEA	RINGS

Month.	Clearin	ngs, Total All.		Clearings Or	utside New Yo	rk.
971111111111111111111111111111111111111	1889.	1888.	P. Ct.	1889.	1888.	P. Ct.
July	4,630,166,624	3,834,322,163	+20.8	1,725,511,973	1,490,052,149	+15.7
August	4,296,134,627	3,865,124,342	+11.2	1,547,683,993	1,452,417,486	+66
September	4,238,021,203	4,139,230,077	+2.4	1,538,130,984	1,459,837,295	+5.3
3d quarter.	18,161,821,981	11,838,676,531	+11.5	4,811,326,950	4,402,336,930	+9.8
October	5,552,704,920	5,044,543,070	+100	1,934,945,598	1,850,191,708	+4.5
November.	5,023, 20,629	4,374,979,594	+14.8	1,819,535,107	1,658,770,675	+9.7
December	4,991,826,067	4,688,824,392	+6.2	1,827,901,621	1,710,102,759	+6.8
4th quart'r	15,563,253,616	14,108,347,058	+10.4	5,582,483,324	5,219,065,140	+7.0
January	1890. 5,22 ,812,100	1849. 4,824,857,587	+8.3	1×90. 1,951,≥13,690	1889, 1,755,153,683	+11-2
February	4,401,291,228					

We have referred above to a falling off in the dealings in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange. The volume of business on the Exchange was not large in either year, but the 1890 total falls below that for 1889. Here are the comparative figures for each month since last July. It will be seen that the number of shares sold this year was only 5,199,190, against 5,928,998 in February, 1889, the actual value of the sales being 311 million dollars, against 345 million dollars last year.

SALES OF STOCKS AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

	1889.			1888.			
Month.	Number	Val	1168.	Number	Values.		
	of Shares	Par.	Actual.	of Shares.	Par.	Actual.	
July	5,628,483	523,591,875	305,231,592	4,678,581	408,455,795	242,900,879	
Aug	5,042,774	483,417,175	295,483,538	4,739,527	416,618,200	267,716,515	
Sept	5,642,132	526,192,525	332,811,176	7,322,918	645,57 ,100	438, 45,650	
3d qr.	16,333,359	1,533,201,375	933,703,307	18,740,968	1,490,045,025	944,532,544	
Oct	7,577,919	713,683,250	428,553,706	6,743,193	622,677, 00	372,981,499	
Nov	6,980,118	650,171,650	349,945,079	5,839,582	473,595,030	294,191,998	
Dec	5,423,616	473,891,125	257,021,417	6,379,765	557,450,720	875,245,458	
4th qr.	19,981,65	1,837,726,025	1,083,522,203	18,462,540	1,654,028,700	1,041,698,873	
Jan	6,353,019	1890. 546,416,800	815,979,202	48:2,10	1859. 429,780,650	285,112,394	
Feb	3,199,190	472,192,000	311,171,518	5,938,998	553,014,700	345,392,724	

In railroad gross earnings, the ratio of improvement for the fourth week of February is rather smaller than we have been accustomed to see of late, our statement on another page showing 8:87 per cent increase on 54 roads. However, we are not to attach any particular importance to this change, as there seem to be special reasons for it. By their method of dividing the month into weeks, some roads report on a smaller number of days than for the week in 1889, while others, of which the Norfolk & Western is a type, have suffered by reason of bad weather and other temporary drawbacks. For the full month the exhibit is very satisfactory. Our usual monthly review will not be ready till next week, but a preliminary total which we have had prepared for the 90 roads which have thus far furnished figures, shows an increase of \$2,205,039, or 11.86 per cent.

The further returns of net earnings for January which we have secured this week, are also in someinstances less favorable than heretofore. This, however, follows chiefly from the fact that the table comprises a number of roads from the sections where the conditions have not been satisfactory. Thus, considering the cold weather and snows which prevailed in the Pacific Coast section during January, it seems perfectly natural that the Northern Pacific should report net of only \$283,232 for 1890, against \$339,197 in 1889, the more particularly that the gross earnings had also fallen off. So, too, the very large loss in both gross and net earnings (\$150,945 in the former, and \$130,097 in the latter) reported by the Central of New Jersey, merely reflects the well-known condition of the anthracite coal trade. The Reading, it will be remembered, for the same month presented a a better comparison than this, having gained \$103,428 in gross, though losing \$20,605 in net. As both production and prices of coal are lower than a year ago, there can be no doubt that the companies chiefly interested in the anthracite trade, either as miners or carriers, are faring rather poorly at present, and the returns previously submitted by the Summit Branch and Lykens Valley (Pennsylvania Railroad coal companies) are further evidence to that effect. At the same time, it does not appear to be correct to say that the coal companies all over the country are doing badly, notwithstanding the generally mild weather experienced up to the 1st of March. We note for instance that the Whitebreast Fuel Company of Iowa reports for January, 1890, sales of 72,105 tons of coal, against only 52,000 tons for January, 1889, with net earnings of \$19,977, against \$4,649. The Colorado Fuel Company also reports a larger business in 1890 than in 1889, giving the sales at 68,508 tons, against 51,137 tons, and net earnings \$28,539, against \$23,876.

From the Northwest we have a bad statement by the Chicago Burlington & Northern, with net of \$29.735 against \$50,408, but in this case fortunately the

Northern is not typical of other systems in the Northwest. We saw last week how largely the Burlington & Quincy had gained, and this week the St. Paul reports net of \$453,244 against \$394,169, and the Wisconsin Central \$79,665 against \$41,322. From the South and other sections the returns are also pretty generally quite good. The Louisville & Nashville has net of \$613,723 against \$559,703; the Louisville New Orleans & Texas \$143,815 against \$81,034; the Chesapeake & Ohio \$101,000 against \$95,000; the Cincinnati New Orleans & Texas Pacific \$128,000 against \$121,000; the New Orleans & Northeastern \$35,000 against \$30,305; the Vicksburg Shreveport & Pacific \$19,000 against \$12,000; the Kansas City Fort Scott & Memphis \$119,225 against \$101,-686; the Detroit Lansing & Northern \$14,554 against \$8,258; the Chicago & West Michigan \$21,749 against \$18,146; and the Rome Watertown & Ogdensburg \$107,-868 against \$90,174.

The annual report of the Texas & Pacific for the calendar year 1889, issued this week, presents a number of encouraging features. Gross earnings increased \$543,416, and net earnings \$398,930, over the year preceding, and the increase in the net was made in the face of the fact that \$310,853 paid out for betterments and improvements in 1889 was charged directly against operating expenses. The increase in gross revenues occurred almost entirely in the last half of the year, and for this period the company reports the largest business in its history. The road had a greatly augmented amount of cotton freight, having carried 484,938 bales in 1889, against 332,624 bales in 1888, and yet it will doubtless be a surprise to most persons to hear that cotton in 1889 formed only 8.39 per cent of the entire tonnage of the system. There are many classes of freight which contribute a larger proportionate amount of the total than cotton. Forest products furnished 23.91 per cent of the whole, products of the mines 14.84 per cent, and manufactures and general merchandise as much as 32.36 per cent. Live stock constituted 8.08 per cent, flour and grain 5.50 per cent, and miscellaneous agricultural products 5.89 per cent. Diversified traffic like this tends of course to greater stability of income and business. It is interesting to note also that only 37.12 per cent of the freight traffic is classed as through, 62.88 being local. In the matter of income however because of the longer haul on the through freight, the proportions are pretty nearly alike. The rates received are not high, averaging only 1.34 cents per ton per mile and 2.72 cents per passenger per mile. Total net income of the company for 1889, after paying the amount already mentioned for improvements, was \$2,023,770. The requirements for obligatory interest were \$1,279,490, for rentals &c. \$109,664, and for taxes \$173,117, or \$1,562,271 together, leaving a balance of \$461,499, of which \$174,164 was used to pay for new equipment, boats and barges, and the remainder reserved for further betterments and to pay for equipment already contracted for.

Until yesterday, the stock market, though more or less irregular, was considerably depressed. Yesterday, however, the tone changed completely, and there was much activity at rising prices. Reading securities, both stocks and bonds, have been sharply attacked, and yielded more easily than expected, though at a decline of about 3 points the stock again found support. The passenger rate war west of Chicago has been spreading, having extended to St. Louis, Kansas City, and even to points beyond the Missouri River.

much on that account, there being a very general belief that the difficulty would soon be settled up, and further that a way would be found for reorganizing the Inter-State Railway Association on a new and more comprehensive basis. What helped operators for a decline more than anything else was the continued absorption of funds by the Treasury and the continued demand from the interior, leading as these circumstances did to apprehensions of tight money, which fears the advance in the quotations for foreign exchange still further stimulated. With the change in the Treasury policy and the large takings Thursday of the 4 per cents, the market yesterday showed the effect immediately in increased dealings and an improving

The following statement, made up from returns collected by us, shows the week's receipts and shipments of currency and gold by the New York banks.

Week ending Narch 7, 1890.	Received by Shipped by N. Y. Banks.		Net Interior Movement.	
Currency	\$1,091,000 100,000		Loss. \$1,254,000 Loss. 900,000	
Total gold and legal tenders	\$1,191,000	\$2,745,000	f.oss. \$1,551,000	
With the Sub-Treasur	v operati	ons the	result is.	

Week ending March 7, 1890.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks.	Net Change in Bank Holdings
Banks Interior Movement, as above	\$1,191,000	\$2,745,000	Loss \$1,554,000
Sub-Tressury operations	10,100,000	12,400,000	Loss. 2,300,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$11,291,000	\$15,145,000	Loss. \$3,454,000

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks this week, and at the corresponding date last year.

Banks of	March 6, 1890.			March 7, 1889.		
	Gold. Silver.		Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£	8
England	23,584,453		23,584,458	22,008,071		22,008,071
France	50,029,000	50,018,000	100,047,000	40,345,000	49,208,000	89,553,000
Germany*	28,024,934	14,044,686	42,139,000	31,147,333	15,573,667	46,721,000
AustHung'y	5,437,000	16,246,000	21,689,000	5,689,000	15,540,00	21,2:39,000
Netherlands	4,756,000	5,700,000	10,456,000	5,101,000	7,198,006	12,299,000
Nat. Belgium*	2,729,000	1,384,000	4,093,000	2,638,000	1,844,000	4,032,000
Tot.this week	114,629,787	87,372,666	202'002,458	106,988,404	88,863,667	195,852,071
Tot.prev.w'k.	114,593,059	97,299,688	201,893,725	106,673,153	88,963,687	195,633,822

*The division (between gold and silver) given in our table of coin and bullion in the Bank of Germany and the Bank of Belgium is made from the best estimate we are able to obtain; in neither case is it claimed to be accurate, as those banks make no distinction in their weekly reports, merely reporting the total gold and silver, but we believe the division we make is a close approximation.

NOTE.—We receive the foregoing results weekly by cable, and while not all of the date given at the head of the column, they are the returns issued nearest to that date—that is, the latest reported figures.

TREASURYOPERATIONS AND BANK RESERVES.

Our readers will not be surprised when told that the monthly Treasury statements issued this week show that (even after allowing for the new silver coinage less bank notes retired) the Government has taken about 11 millions of dollars net from the channels of commerce during the month of February. We say from the channels of commerce because these accumulations are not wholly drawn from our New York banks. Some months New York may supply the entire drain and whenever the withdrawals are large the greater portion is always taken from this centre. But of course the other Sub-Treasury cities are in like manner daily receiving and disbursing, and the net holdings of cash at the end of the month will vary at each of the other cities as well as here.

In this case, however, judging from the data at hand, New York must have suffered nearly the whole drain. Our Clearing House banks on February 1, 1890, held \$121,565,600 of reserve; by their return dated March 1, 1890, their holdings had been reduced to \$107,019,-000, showing a loss in the month of 14½ millions of But the stocks of the roads affected did not suffer currency. Allowing for the fact that these bank

figures are averages, and allowing also for the net interior shipments, the bank and Treasury statements explain each other-that is to say, what the banks have lost, less the net sent to the interior, the Treasury has gained. To express the upshot of this phase of the monetary situation in the fewest words, the month's operations disclose the fact that our Sub-Treasury system may arrest the free action of commerce any month, and has the power of itself to produce a panic within almost any thirty or sixty days. There is no exaggeration whatever in that statement, and furthermore in making it we cannot say we have any good reason for believing that the system will be changed. On the contrary, so great apparently is the popular prejudice against keeping Treasury surplus in banks, our Government, in deference to that prejudice, is to-day engaged in drawing in Government deposits from these institutions on the assumption that the doing so is a meritorious act. If public opinion supports that movement, by all means let it go on until the public receives a full dose of its own medicine, and is thus cured of its prejudice.

To exhibit just what has transpired in the matter of currency changes through Government operations in February, we have prepared the subjoined statement. It is not often in currency matters that cause and effect can be so clearly presented, and hence these figures are unusually instructive.

Net Currency Ho'dings by T. easurer.	February 1.	March 1.
Gold coin and bullion	.\$177,386,285	\$187,988,948
Silver coin and bullion	. 17,380,815	18,481,773
Legal tender notes	. 7,606,224	9,593,865
National bank notes in cash	. 143,252	142,161
National bank notes in redemption	. 6,029,508	4,197,153
Fractional silver in cash	. 22,683,900	22,971,090
Total Government cash in sub-Treasury	.\$231,229,984	\$243,374,990
Gain by Sub-Treasury and lost to com merce in February		12,145,006
Silver coinage during February	. \$3,488,000	
Net national bank notes retired in Feb'y.	. 2,373,166	1,114,834
Net loss of currency to commerce in Feb's	v	\$11,030,172

The foregoing shows that were it not for the changes caused by silver coinage and bank note retirement, the simple operation of the Sub-Treasury system would have contracted the currency in twenty-eight days over 12 million dollars. Even as it is, over 11 million dollars net have been suddenly withdrawn. Had that sum been picked up in small amounts all over the country, or had it been taken in during a period of several months, the effect would not have been so manifest. But it has been taken almost in a lump out of the only reserve held in the United States for our internal commerce to draw upon, and at a time too when the interior was in need of help. It has consequently not only raised the rate of interest here and made every resident merchant, banker, and broker, who has found it necessary to borrow, pay higher rates than would otherwise have prevailed, but it has affected our markets for securities and commodities and has more or less perceptibly affected other centres of trade. Furthermore, a part of the amount that has been thus hoarded will not in the natural course of affairs come out until the first of April, when a little more than 6 millions of interest becomes due; the other part may come out next week or the succeeding week, or may be kept where it is and another 11 millions added to it during the current month. We do not assert that this is the prospect. We do assert that there is not a single individual of the millions engaged in commerce and in active enterprise (ventures which depend for their success)

more or less upon being able correctly to forecast the condition of the money market)—there is not a single individual among this vast army of toilers but is wholly ignorant whether it is the prospect or not.

No one will understand us as charging this situation upon the Treasury Department. The situation is the direct action of our Sub-Treasury system. Of course we do not agree with the policy of withdrawing the bank deposits. The enlargement of those deposits arose out of just such conditions as have existed during the last month, the only difference being that when the enlargement was made, the disorder had proceeded much farther, and had become so acute that nothing but the deposit averted a panic. Now the position of affairs is far less critical, and yet a stage has been reached which makes relief imperative, and as bank deposits have been discarded, Mr. Windom seems to be shut in to a purchase of bonds for a method; hence we have the notice given this week that the Secretary is ready to accept the 4 per cents again. The price now fixed is 123, and the offerings thus far have been large. Whether they will continue large, and whether Mr. Windom will go on purchasing them, the event alone can develop. His willingness to make purchases for any length of time seems to be drawn in question by an Associated Press dispatch, which we have sufficiently considered in "The Financial Situation," and need not refer to here further. As to the probable extent of the offerings, it has always been urged that the floating amount was limited. But it is a fact of good promise in the present emergency that Mr. Windom has been successful heretofore in getting what was needed, and at a lower rate than the public was prepared to expect would be successful.

We might join issue with the public in reference to its decision that it is better to pay for our debt 23 per cent premium and higher, according to the urgency of the crisis, than to leave the accumulations in the banks for eighteen months, when they will be wanted to meet the $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cents then due. But we will not. Time will set opinion right on that point. Besides, it is with the system that we take issue—a system which in its very nature involves first withdrawing currency from commerce and then returning it again in bulk. Such a device cannot help producing irregularity and uncertainty, the worst hindrances to legitimate trade.

RESULTS OF IOWA'S RAILROAD POLICY.

A study of the results of Iowa's railroad policy during the last few years can hardly be gratifying to its advocates unless it be granted that the aim and object has been to cripple the railroad industry of the State and impair its condition. We have just received from the Iowa Railroad Commissioners their bound report for the fiscal year 1889, and because of the prominent part which the State has played and still plays in the contest against the Western roads, have given the report critical and careful attention. The data furnished are less complete than in former years, some of the companies having failed to file returns, but there is enough information on which to base a reliable judgment. Examine the figures as one may-consider them from any standpoint-and nothing can be found to justify the course pursued, but much to call it in question and suggest as the part of wisdom the adoption of a different and more encouraging policy.

The Commissioners report the length of road in the State as 8,346 miles, or "about the same as last year." To correct the impression that no new mileage whatever has been built during the twelve months, they state that one of the companies reported its mileage too large the previous year, and that actually 21 miles of new track were laid. This 21 miles is equal to about one quarter of one per cent of the whole mileage of the State, which gives us a measure of the activity which prevailed. Further on, the Commissioners point out that the Sioux City & Northern has constructed a road from Sioux City to the north line of the State-60 miles or more-which, not having been in operation at the end of the fiscal year, was not included in the 1889 total. They refer to this fact, they say, "as evidence "that there are parties who are still willing "to invest in building roads in the State." The Sioux City & Northern is intended to form part of a short and direct route between Sioux City and Duluth, and has been built, we take it, for the through business it may secure rather than for any local business that might be gathered up by it. Sioux City is situated on the Missouri River, in the extreme western part of Iowa, on the border line between that State and Nebraska, with Dakota to the northwest, so the Iowa traffic would be of comparatively little consequence; the object evidently is to get a share of the traffic coming from Nebraska and points further west. However, if the Iowa Commissioners can derive any satisfaction from the three-quarters of one per cent increase in Iowa's mileage which the Sioux City & Northern represents, or the one-quarter of one per cent increase which the other 21 miles of new road built represents, all we can say is they are easily satisfied.

The Commissioners also seem anxious to have it appear that there has been no falling off in traffic or earnings on the lines within the State. They find that the number of persons employed on the roads in Iowa, estimating the number for the roads which have made no returns, was 5,594 less in 1889 than in 1888, and the amount paid out in wages was \$1,406,827 less. The ordinary observer would be apt to trace some connection between this falling off and the treatment of the roads by the State. But the Commissioners evidently do not care to see the matter in quite that light or at least wish to avoid giving expression to such a view. "The causes that led to this reduction," they say, "were diminished tonnage on inter-State business and "the reduction of expenses resulting from the reduc-"tion of the number of trains, and the economies in-"troduced to meet these conditions." The tonnage on Iowa business they estimate increased 350,000 tons during the year.

Considering earnings, the Board take an equally complacent view. Making an estimate for the roads not reporting, gross earnings on business in Iowa are figured at \$37,469,276 in 1889, against \$37,295,586 in 1888, thus showing a slight increase. Granting that these figures are correct, by going a year further back we find that the 1889 gross receipts are not quite as large as those for 1887, when the mileage operated was several hundred miles less, and it would be an easy thing to show that over a term of years the increase in gross revenues has not kept pace with the increase in mileage. Net earnings, however, offer a better basis for such a comparison, furnishing as they do a test of the sufficiency of rates. The Commission calculates the 1889 net earnings of the lines in Iowa at \$11,861,310, or \$862,887 in excess of the year preceding, and undoubt-

edly the great economy which the roads were forced to practice had a tendency to yield improved results. But how does the outcome for 1889 in this respect compare with some of the earlier years?

On page 100 of the Iowa report for the year preceding (1888), we find a table which throws considerable light on this question. Taking the earliest year for which the proportion of earnings for Iowa is stated in that table, namely 1882, it is discovered that the net for that year was \$11,511,572. For 1889 the amount, as already given, is \$11,861,310, and for 1888 the figure was only \$10,998,423. Hence it appears that in a period of seven years the net has improved not quite \$350,000. But in these seven years the mileage operated within the State has been increased over 2,000 miles, or from 6,337 miles to 8,346 miles. We do not know what the increase in capital has been in the meantime, since the figures for 1889 are incomplete. But between 1882 and 1888 the increase in the cost of road and equipment on Iowa mileage had been 61 million dollars. In other words, with 61 million dollars more money invested and with one-third more miles (2,000 miles) of road, net earnings for 1889, as the result of the policy which the State has been pursuing, influenced also by the multiplication of competing lines, are but \$350,000 greater than for 1882, and even this slight increase would not exist except for the rigid retrenchment of expenses which railroad managers in the late year were forced to practice.

Another point should be noted. With \$11,861,310 net earnings on \$37,469,276 gross, the percentage of expenses to earnings stands very high-681 per cent. It is not pretended that the Iowa lines have been making heavy outlays for improvements and charging the same to expense account. On the contrary, as already said, the most rigid economy and retrenchment was observed as a matter of absolute necessity; in 1888 the ratio had been even larger-in excess of 70 per cent. This high operating cost, therefore, must be accepted as evidence of the very small margin of profit which accrues to the roads on present rates. Nor is the showing for individual lines any more favorable, the ratio being in all cases high, and on some of the minor roads expenses exceed the earnings. As bearing on this question of the margin of profit, some figures from the passenger department of the various roads reporting to the Iowa Commissioners are also interesting. The figures in this case seem to relate to the systems as a whole in each instance, and not merely to the mileage within Iowa. The Rock Island reports that while it received an average of 2.28 cents per passenger per mile, the cost to it of transporting the same was as much as 2.15 cents; the Central Iowa received 2.52 cents, while the cost to it of the service was 2.47 cents; the St. Paul & Kansas City carried passengers at an average of 2.23, while tranportation cost it 2.16 cents; the Dubuque & Sioux City took passengers at 2.55 cents, while the actual cost was 2.76; and the Keokuk & Western, the Humeston & Shenandoah, the Mason City & Fort Dodge, and the Des Moines & Northwestern, all received less than the service cost them, the purely local roads thus as a rule faring the worst.

hundred miles less, and it would be an easy thing to show that over a term of years the increase in gross revenues has not kept pace with the increase in mileage. Net earnings, however, offer a better basis for such a comparison, furnishing as they do a test of the sufficiency of rates. The Commission calculates the 1889 net earnings of the lines in Iowa at \$11,861,310, or \$862,887 in excess of the year preceding, and undoubt-

charges, not to speak of dividends on their share capital. The total deficit on these 12 roads amounts to \$575,642. The other 10 have an aggregate surplus above operating expenses, interest, rentals and taxes, of \$1,849,558. Of this latter amount, however, \$1,335,149 is contributed by one road, namely the Chicago & Northwest. Taking this out, the surplus for the other nine is only \$514,409, while 12 roads, as already stated, had an aggregate deficit of \$575,642, so that excluding the Northwest the remaining 21 roads did not quite earn enough to meet operating expenses and charges, leaving nothing whatever for dividends on the large amount of stock represented. Nor is this result exceptional, the 1888 showing having been fully as bad.

Is such a state of things flattering or satisfactory? Should it not lead to reflection and inquiry? Consider the matter from a purely selfish point of view. Have the people of Iowa anything to gain from a policy which produces such results? Will it promote their welfare or tend to the development of the State's resources? Remember how important a part railroad operations play in the State's industrial activity. The cost of railroad investments in Iowa in 1888 stood at 2764 million dollars. The roads earned 1889, we have already seen, 37 million dollars, of which over 25½ million dollars went directly out in operating expenses. Over 14 million dollars was distributed in wages alone, and employment was given to 24,642 men. The amount of taxes paid in Iowa was \$1,108,831, which compares with \$1,060,572 the year before, and only \$591,848 in 1880. Is it wise or politic to cripple an extensive industry like this, affecting directly and indirectly so many other industries. Note the effects already apparent. New construction practically at a standstill; the roads forced to reduce expenses; train service cut down; the number of employes diminished (in 1888 the number was 30,236 against the 24,642 for 1889), and the aggregate amount paid in wages greatly lessened. What reason can there be for forcing the issue any further?

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD OPERATIONS.

Other large systems may approach the Pennsylvania in the extent of their mileage, but as regards traffic and income it still stands pre-eminent, so far surpassing all others as to make it seem incongruous to compare with them. The distinction is brought strikingly to one's notice in considering the report for the late calendar year, submitted this week, and to the presentation of which we surrender much of our space in a subsequent part of the present issue.

Including the road controlled, the lines embraced in the Pennsylvania system aggregate 7,844 miles, and on this the gross revenue for the calendar year 1889 reached about 123 million dollars-in exact figures \$122,917,337. The Union Pacific system (counting the lines half owned at their full length) comprises about 7,200 miles of road, which earned in 1889 about 40 million dollars gross and about \$14,-Atchison 600,000 net. The mileage of the system (also counting the lines half owned at their full length) comes very close to that of the Pennsylvania, being about 7,700 miles. These 7,700 miles earned about 291 million dollars gross and 81 million dollars not in 1839. Thus the revenues of the Pennsyl-Vania system are from 3 to 4 times those of these prominent Western systems of large mileage. In fact, the Pennsylvania earns as much net as the others gross, its

net for 1889 being \$39,106,209. These figures give an idea of the possibilities of growth in the West, with the development of the country and the expansion of industrial activity, but they also serve to show what skilful management will do for a great property; for we need hardly say that the Pennsylvania owes its success as much to the presence of these qualities in its administration as it does to its extent of road.

Outside of the United States there are of course no such vast aggregates of mileage under a single control. It is interesting, however, to contrast the Pennsylvania with some of the large British railroad corporations. Every one is more or less familiar with the London & Northwestern. That system comprises only 1,877 miles of road, but it has a total of stock and debt of over 500 million dollars-£103,595,035, not including in this latter the amounts for a number of small leased roads. Total gross earnings in 1888 were £10,661,958, or say about 53 million dollars, which compares with 123 million dollars on the Pennsylvania system. The Great Western of England operates a heavier mileage than the London & Northwestern, its length of line being 2,461 miles; but its gross revenues are much less, or £7,961,074. There is one particular in which the larger English companies do closely approach the Pennsylvania, and that is in the size of their passenger traffic. The Pennsylvania during 1889 carried 78,126,-957 passengers on its 7,800 miles of road east and west of Pittsburg. The Great Eastern, however, operating only 1,055 miles, carried 72,104,795 passengers in 1888, the London & Northwestern carried 56,629,440 and the Great Western 52,326,841.

The growth of the Pennsylvania's income and traffic from year to year is a feature no less noteworthy than the total extent of its operations. In the closing months of 1889, as is known, the monthly statements showed gains of from \$600,000 to \$700,000 a month, and this merely on the lines directly operated east of Pittsburg and Erie. On these same lines the increase for the year, according to the monthly statements, was 33 million dollars, notwithstanding the loss of \$1,149,-382 in June because of the floods. The full report now submitted brings out the fact that the western lines enlarged their earnings just as heavily as the eastern, and the total increase for the year on all the lines operated and controlled, both east and west, amounts to \$6,408,045. This is more than the entire earnings of many well-known roads. Except for the floods the improvement would of course have been even heavier. If we look back a few years, the additions to earnings appear still more striking. The system did not gain much in gross in 1888-not quite a million dollars-but in 1887 the increase was almost 14 million dollars, and this followed a gain of over 81 million dollars in 1886 on account of the West Shore settlement. In other words, as against 123 million dollars gross for 1889, the total as recently as 1885 was only 93 millions. Net earnings also show pretty satisfactory growth, though a good part of the increase in 1889 simply went to wipe out the loss in net which occurred in 1888. Here is a statement of both gross and net yearly since 1885.

ALL LINES OWNED OR CONTROLLED EAST AND WEST OF PITTSBURG.

Entire System of Roads.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.	1885.
ross earnings		\$ 116,509,292 80,737,335	\$ 115,515,508 77,238,082	\$ 101,697,981 67,169,715	\$ 92,994,549 61,690,901
Net earnings					

Quite a remarkable fact in connection with the above expansion in revenue is the low average rates on which

these earnings are made. Of the 123 million dollars gross earned by the entire system in 1889, just about one-half, or 611 million dollars, came from the 2,390 miles of road east of Pittsburg and Erie, covering the portion directly operated. On these 2,390 miles the average rate in 1889 was less than 7 mills per ton per mile, being 0.686 cent, against 0.693 cent in 1888. In 1885, during the trunk line war, the average was 0.695 cent, but in the next year it rose to 0.755 cent and in 1887 was 0.730 cent. Thus the rate has now for two years been less than at the time of the trunk line war, and the tendency continues steadily downward. On the Pennsylvania Railroad Division alone the average is now only about 64 mills (0.626 cent), while on the Philadelphia & Erie it is but 51 mills (0.556 cent). In the face of these low rates the main stem of 358 miles between Philadelphia and Pittsburg earned during 1889 no less than \$81,713 per mile. In 1888 the amount was \$77,634, and in 1885 it was only \$59,625, though in the latter year there had been a decrease from \$67,161 per mile in 1884.

It follows from these results that there must have been a most marvelous expansion in traffic, and that is just what the traffic statistics disclose. Taking all the lines east of Pittsburg and Erie-both those controlled and those operated-there is an increase as compared with the year preceding in the amount of freight moved of almost 64 million tons, while the Western system shows an increase of over 5 million tons more. so that altogether the freight traffic of the entire system increased about 111 million tons. The increase is the more noteworthy since the traffic has been steadily rising year by year in all recent periods, through good and bad times alike. In tons moved one mile the increase is over 770 million tons, of which 507 million tons was made on the eastern lines, and 263 million tons on the western lines. The aggregate tonnage movement one mile is so large that it is almost impossible to grasp its extent, the amount for 1889 having been 11,274 millions. It may give a better idea of the magnitude of the work comprehended in this figure if we say that it is equivalent to hauling 100 tons fifteen times around the globe every working day in the year.

In 1884 the tonnage movement one mile was only 7,691 millions, so that in the interval there has been an increase of nearly one-half. The actual number of tons hauled in 1884 was 811 million, while now for 1889 it is 122 million, so that here, too, there has been an increase of about 50 per cent, and nearly the same proportionate additions are found on the eastern and western lines separately. The number of passengers carried also shows an increase of one-half since 1884, the total of 78 millions for 1889 comparing with 52 millions for 1884; but in the movement one mile the increase is only about one-third. In other words, in all but the latter item we have an increase in the vicinity of 50 per cent, or at the rate of 10 per cent per year for the five-year period. The following gives the statistics for each year since 1885. The movement for the eastern and western lines is shown separately.

FREIGHT.							
Entire System of Roads.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.	- 1885.		
East of Pitts. & Erie— Tons mov'd	82,240,457	76,009,708					
Tons one m. W. of Pitts.—	7,821,926,314				5,486,165,363		
Tons mov'd		34,834,171 S,388,670,389			26,618,397 2,888,675,415		
Total tons	199 164 118	110 849 874	106 198 915	98 789 381	86 879 570		

PASSENGERS.								
Entire System of Roads.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.	1885.			
Erie— No. carried No. one mile.	61,857,729			48,115,298 902,432,455	43,280,297 876,839,905			
No. carried No. one mile.	10,269,228 405,726,898		13,419,778 368,645,197	12,350,940 326,793,190	11,474,534 357,549,531			
Tot. carried Tot. one mile	78,126,957 1,516,698,344			60,466,238 1,229,225,645	54,754,771 1,234,389,436			

The position of the proprietors of the Pennsylvania, under this constant enlargement of its business, is very satisfactory indeed. For 1889 the results show improvement in a number of different ways. In the first place, the company profited directly from the increase in its own net income. In the second place, the western lines having done so much better, there was no necessity for any advances to those lines, thus saving the million dollars required for that purpose in the year preceding. Then the United New Jersey lines instead of netting a loss to the Pennsylvania on their operations under the lease, this time show a small profit-\$138,712. This difference is not so very important as compared with 1888, when there was a deficit of \$160,501, but the event is noteworthy as demonstrating what a change continued improvement may work in the condition of a road, for it is not so long ago that the loss to the Pennsylvania on these lines exceeded a million dollars per annum. Finally, the Pennsylvania's income from investments is a steadily growing item, the amount for 1889 having been \$4,421,498, a sum, as President Roberts says, "largely in excess of the in-"terest on the entire funded obligations of your com-"pany." There has been one drawback-the damage caused by the floods-and the way the company has come out of this is the best evidence possible of its great strength and the excellence of its manage-

The net result of the year's operations is that after allowing for all interest and rental requirements and for all deficiencies in the operation of other roads with which the Pennsylvania is chargeable, and after allowing also for \$1,530,913 for extraordinary repairs distinct from those in connection with the floods, a balance of \$8,655,912 remains as the amount earned during the twelve months for the stock. This on the 113½ million stock outstanding is equivalent to about 75 per cent. Only 5 per cent, calling for \$5,327,270, was paid out in dividends, and of the remainder \$2,609,325 went to repair damage caused by the floods. The company thus spent altogether over four million dollars for extraordinary repairs, and yet over and beyond that amount a surplus remains above the 5 per cent dividends paid of \$838,687. The \$2,609,325 charged for flood damages represents the cost on the lines directly operated. In addition many of the lines controlled suffered large losses, and this makes the aggregate damage very heavy. The total spent on all lines to December 31, 1889, for that purpose, President Robert says, was \$3,475,425, "leaving still a considerable sum to be "expended to restore the system to its original condi-"tion." Yet the Pennsylvania has completely recovered from the effects of this great disaster and is to-day more prosperous than ever. Of course continued capital expenditures on a large system like this are an absolute necessity (10 million dollars a year we are told has been the average for the last few years), and this, the report says, will necessitate the gradual increase of both share capital and funded indebtedness.

COTTON CONSUMPTION AND OVERLAND MOVEMENT TO MARCH 1.

Our statements of overland movement, receipts, exports, &c., which are presented below, are brought down to the first of March, and therefore embrace the period from September 1 to the end of February, the first six months of the crop year. The movement of cotton has been fairly liberal, both by the overland routes and through the ports, but the aggregate amount which has come into sight during the month is somewhat less than in the corresponding month of 1889. There is, however, a substantial gain compared with 1888. Northern spinners have not taken cotton in February as freely as in that month a year ago, so that now the gain in their takings compared with 1888–89 is only 35,961 bales, whereas at the close of January it was 77,443 bales.

OVERLAND MOVEMENT TO MARCH 1.

The gross overland movement in February has been 159,037 bales, or but 806 bales less than for the same month in 1889. Compared with 1888, however, there is a gain of nearly fifty thousand bales, the total then being 109,315 bales. For the season to date the excess over last year is 39,483 bales, and contrasted with 1887-'88 it reaches 76,605 bales. The net for the month exhibits a loss from 1889 of 12,916 bales, being 77,486 bales, against 90,402 bales. The aggregate for the six months records a gain in comparison with a year ago of 15,520 bales, but falls 21,241 bales behind the result for 1887-88. The whole movement overland for the three years is as follows:

OVERLAND FROM SEPTEMBER 1 TO MARCH 1.

	1889-90.	1888-89.	1887-88.
Since September 1 shipped—			1
Via St. Louis	430,422	454,149	396,132
Via Cairo	284,147	250,679	238,555
Via Hannibal	56,598	7,901	
Via Evansville	18,503	36,190	97,960
Via Louisville	104,956	158,928	173,630
Via Cincinnati	181,853	154,257	133,684
Via other routes	135,547	110,746	95,739
Shipped to mills, not included above	7,384	7,077	7,108
Total gross overland	1,219,410	1,179,927	1,142,805
Deduct shipments -			
Overland to New York, Boston, &c	279,714	239,679	185,685
Between interior towns	52,239	63,908	46,869
Galveston, inland and local mills		5,297	
New Orleans, inland and local mills	24,613	15,169	33,484
Mobile, inland and local mills	33,904	28,350	18,802
Savannah, inland and local mills	275	790	1,713
Charleston, inland and local mills	12,212	8,612	3,660
N. Carol'a ports, inland and local mills.	822	994	1,194
Virginia ports, inland and local mills	20,120	37,137	29,646
Total to be deducted	423,899	399,936	326,053
Leaving total net overland*	795,511	779,991	816.752

^{*}This total includes shipments to Canada by rail, which since September 1 in 1889-90 amounted to 39,146 bales; in 1888-89 were 32,334 bales and in 1887-89 were 30,596 bales.

RECEIPTS, EXPORTS AND SPINNERS' TAKINGS.

The receipts at the shipping ports show a falling off from the month of 1889 of 51,157 bales, but exhibit an excess over 1888 of 68,770 bales, the month's figures being 410,044 bales, 461,201 bales and 341,274 bales respectively in the three years. The total for the season to date, however, continues in excess of any result The exports to foreign ports heretofore recorded. during February, while less liberal than during the corresponding month of last year, have nevertheless been quite free, reaching 431,353 bales, a decline from 1889 of 37,860 bales, but an increase contrasted with two years ago of 39,177 bales. The aggregate for the six months exhibits a very heavy gain when compared with either of the two preceding years. Port stocks and those at the interior towns are appreciably less than at

the like date in 1889, but the deficiency is not so great as at the end of January.

Movement from	Receipts		EXPORTS	SINCE S	EPT. 1, 1	.889, TO-	
Sept. 1, 1889, to March 1, 1890.	since Sept. 1, 1889.	since Sept. 1, 1888.	Great Britain*	France.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Stocks Mch. 1.
Galveston	801,808	607,897	291,828	84,659	106,322	432,509	31,818
El Paso, &c	21,288	17,692		*****	19,758	19,758	
New Orleans	1,798,263	1,516,931	717,981	315,809	428,116	1,461,906	265,698
Mobile	229,956	194,194	44,789			44,789	21,138
Florida	28,236	22,163			******		
Savannah	887,532	763,570	154,570	30,326	308,259	493,155	39,949
Brunswick, &c.	155,583	113,844	95,411		14,287	109,698	10,900
Charleston	305,007	851,787	49,072	24,248	151,111	224,429	19,128
Port Royal,&c.	1,802	19,703				!	
Wilmington	129,692	145,860	71,926		32,988	104,914	12,098
Washingt'n,&c	3,782	4,328					*****
Norfolk	376,402	451,766	198,757		37,756	234,513	35,316
West Point	309,067	857,122	140,968	******	24,020	164,988	*****
Newp'tNews,&c.	46,388	106,562	26,375	******	98	26,471	4,604
New York	90,464	79,760	356,439	31,445	110,650	498,534	135,721
Boston	60,631	66,338	102,899		2,145	105,044	11,100
Baltimore	70,353	56,270	45,364	1,300	34,011	80,675	3,139
Philadelphia,&c.	58,266	37,311	21,884		1,608	23,490	11,557
Total 1889-90	5,372,469		2,316,263	437,785	1,271,125	4,025,173	602,154
Total 1888-89		4,907,101	2,109,522	329,153	1,046,560	3,4%5,235	823,818
Total 1887-88		4.879,044	2,170,743	296,284	1,012,222	3,479,249	840,676

* Great Britain exports include to the Channel.

Using the facts disclosed by the foregoing statements, we shall find that the portion of the crop which has reached a market through the outports and overland, and the Southern consumption since September 1, this year and the two previous years, is as follows:

	1889-90.	1888-89.	1887-88.
Receipts at the ports to March 1bales.	5,372,469	4,907.101	4,879,044
Net shipments overland during same time	795,511	779,991	816,752
Total receiptsbales.	6,167,980	5,687,092	5,695,796
Southern consumption since September 1	331,000	325,000	300,000
Total to March 1 bales.	6.498.980	6.012.092	5,995,796

The amount of cotton marketed since September 1 in 1889-90 is thus seen to be 486,888 bales more than in 1888-89 and 503,184 bales more than in 1887-88. To determine the portion which has gone into the hands of Northern spinners during the same period, we have prepared the following:

Total receipts to March 1, 1890......bales. 6,498,980 Stock on hand commencement of year (Sept. 1, 1889)—

 Total takings by spinners since September 1, 1889
 1,882,753

 Taken by Southern spinners
 331,000

 Taken by Northern spinners since September 1, 1899
 1,551,753

 Taken by Northern spinners same time in 1883-89
 1,515,792

 Increase in takings by Northern spinners this year
 35,961

The above indicates that Northern spinners had up to March 1 taken 1,551,753 bales, an increase over the corresponding period of 1888-89 of 35,961 bales and an increase over the same time in 1887-88 of 130,891 bales.

AMOUNT OF CROP NOW IN SIGHT.

In the foregoing we have the number of bales which has already been marketed this year and the two previous seasons. An additional fact of interest is the total of the crop which was in sight on March 1, compared with previous years, and this is shown in the following.

	1889-90.	1888-89.	1887-88
Fotal marketed, as abovebales. Interior stocks in excess of Sept. 1.			
Total in sight bales.	6,709,515	6,272,092	6,303,796

This indicates that the movement up to March 1 of the present year is 437,423 bales more than in 1888-89 and 405,719 bales greater than in 1887-88.

As it will interest the reader to see what has come into sight each month, we have prepared the following:

Months	1889-90.	1888 89.	1887-88.	1886-87.
Beptember	648.770	424,209	824, 69	434,838
November	$\frac{1.609.648}{1.613,028}$	1.493,189 1.515,207	1.588.766	1.552,539
January	1 573,921 780,523	1,547.937 771,*47	1,340,871 540,271	1,467,767 662,654
February	483,625	519,603	369,613	450,285
Total 6 months.	6,709,515	6,272,092	6,303,796	5,927.984

WEIGHT OF BALES.

To furnish a more exact measure of receipts up to March 1 we give below our usual table of the weight of bales. We give for comparison the figures for the same time in the two previous years.

3.1	Six month	s ending March	Sime peri'd in 1888-9	Same peri'd in 1887-8.	
	Number of Bales.	Weight in Pounds.	Average Weight.	Average Weight.	Average Weight.
Texas	823,096	431,631,542	524.40	524.79	515.71
Louisiana	1,796,263	888,988,521	491-91	493.10	492.10
Alabama	229,956	114,288,132	497.00	507.00	499.00
Georgia*	1,071,350	521,254,629	486.54	489-88	480.75
Bouth Carolina.	306,809	147,268,320	480.00	484 05	474.50
Virginia	731,957	355,258,025	485.42	490-15	475 00
North Carolina.	133,424	65,118,917	488.06	485.80	473 00
Tennessee, &c	1,406,225	705,221,837	501.50	501.70	488.00
Total	6,498,980	3,229,029,923	496 85	497.11	485.41

^{*} Including Florida.

It will be noticed that the movement up to March 1 shows a decrease in the average weight as compared with the same period of last year, the average this year being 496.85 pounds per bale, against 497.11 pounds for the same time in 1888-89 and 485.41 in 1887-88.

THE COTTON GOODS TRADE IN FEBRUARY.

Staple cotton goods were only in moderate demand at first hands during February, both jobbers and the manufacturing trade having apparently governed their purchases by immediate and near prospective requirements. Business in jobbing circles was more active, and a liberal distribution of plain and colored cottons was made by the principal houses. Agents' prices have not materially changed, but some well-known makes of bleached shirtings were slightly advanced. Print cloths were very active at times (over 700,000 piece having been sold one week), and the market closed fairly steady at four points below the opening quotations.

AR			1890.					1889.		
FEBRUARY	Cott'n low mid- dling.	Print- ing cloths, 64x64	Sheet- ings, stand- ard.	Lan- caster giny- hams	S'th'n 3-yd. sheet- ings.	low mid-	Print- ing cloths, 64x64	ings, stand-	Lan- caster Ging- hams	S'th'n 3-yd. sheet- ings.
1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8.9.10.112.13.14.15.16.17.18.19.20.21	10716 10716 10716 1 12 1012 1013 1013 1034 1034 1034 1013 1013 1013	3·54 3·54 3·54 3·54 3·50 3·50 3·50 3·50 3·50 3·50 3·50 3·50	714 	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	9718 919 919 929 958 958 958 958 978 978 978 978 978 978	4.06 4.06 4.06 4.06 4.06 4.06 4.06 4.00 4.00	7-14 7-15 7-16 7-16 7-14 7-14 7-14 7-14 7-14 7-14 7-14 7-14	77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77	5 8 3
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	1013 ₁₆ 1013 ₁₆ 101 ₃	3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50	Holi 	634 634 634 634	6 6 6 6 6	911 ₁ , 911 ₁ , 911 ₁ , 911 ₁ ,	3.88		634 634 634 634 634	5 % 5 % 5 % 5 % 6 % 6 % 6 % 6 % 6 % 6 %

The above praces are—For cotton, low middling uplands at New York; for prin ing cloths, in unifacturers' net prices; for sheetings, agents' prices, which are subject to an average discount of 5 per cent, except when otherwise stated; Lancaster Ginghams, 5 per cent discount; and Southern sheetings net.

UNITED STATES TREASURY STATEMENT.

The following statement for February from the office of the Treasurer was issued this week. It is based upon the actual returns from Assistant Treasurers, depositaries and superintendents of mints and assay offices, and shows the condition of the United States Treasury February 28; we give the figures for January 31 for comparison:

	FEBRUA	RY 28, 1890.	JANUARY 31, 1890.		
	Assets and Liabilities.	Balances,	Assets and Liabilities.	Balances.	
	*	*	*		
Gold-Coin	252,460,026 66,183,726		249,983,167 66,080,257	Anna Rolland	
Total gold(Asset) Certificates issued Certificates on hand	318,593,752 155,527,639 28,222,835		216,043,454 159,110,039 20,452,870	Late Wind PR	
Certific's, net.(Liability) Net gold in treasury. SILVER—Dollars,stand'rd Bullion	130,604,804 297,575,621 5,082,414	187,988,948	138,657,169 293,229,364 5,4-3,222	177,998,285	
Total silver(Asset) Certificates issued Certificates on hand	302,658,025 288,239,439 4,063,377		298,712,5~6 294,585,889 3,254,118	() 100 h	
Certific's, net.(Liability) Net silver in treas'y U. States notes(Asset) Certificates issued Certificates on hand	284,176,262 19,823,865 10,480,000 250,000	18,481,773	281,331,771 19,236,2:4 11,720,000 90,000	17,989,818	
Certific's, net.(Liability) Net U.S. notes in treas. Trade dollar builion National Bank notes Deposits in Nat. Banks.	10,230,000	9,593,865 6,074,538 142,161 £3,178,304	11,630,000	7,608,994 6,074,686 143,253 87,990,111	
Balances(Asset)		255,459,589		246,581,225	
Accrued interest Matured debt Inter't on matured debt Debt bearing no inter'st Int. on Pac RR bonds	1,248,195 5,504,051 1,833,885 150,485 121		1,713,632 2,664,267 1,841,345 151,119 1,336		
Acc'dint., Pac. RR. b'ds	15,690 646,235		36,180 323,118		
Debt and int.(Liability) Fract'l cur'cy redeemed U. s. bonds and inte'st. Int.ch'cks & coupons p'd		1	7,081,027 1,338 7×,469 154,5.7		
Debt and inter'st.(Asset) D'bt&int.net(Liabitity) Res've for red. U.S. notes. Fund held for redemp. of notes of Nat. Banks.	604,060 100,000,000 64,182,864	8.791.602	234,382 100,000,000 67,195,913	6,826,848	
Five p. c. f'nd for redemp. of Nat. Bank notes	5,450,926		5,476,756		
Redemp.res'r.(Liability)	169,633,790		172,672,669		
Nat. Bank notes in pro- cess of redemp(Asset) Net res'rves.(Liability) Post Office dep't account. Disburs'g Officers'bal'ces. Undistrib'd ass'ts of fall'd	4,197,153 4,804,518	165,436,637	6,196,204	166,643,16	
Undistrib'd ass'ts of fall'd National banks	1,137,970		28,773,778	111111	
Currency and minor coin redemption account	960	1	2,080		
Fractional silver coin re- demption account	5,980		10,900	1	
Redemption and exch'ge			686,984		
account	1	1	8,981,960	1	
and drafts outstanding. Treasurer U.S., agent for paying int. on D.Col.bds	198,835	1	532,017	1	
Total(Liability) [nt.on D.Col.bds pd (Asset)	48,510,551		41,335,282		
Net(Liability)		48,471,788		41,917,919	
Balances (Liability)		222,703,005		214,687,023	
Net balance(Asset)		32,756,584		31,894,200	
Assets not available— Minor coin Subsidiary silver coin		212,580 22,7.8,530		177,396 22,506,506	
Aggregate net Asset	ļ	55,727,674		54,578,10	

DEBT STATEMENT FEBRUARY 28, 1890.

The following is the official statement of the public debt at the close of business February 28, 1890.

INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.

Character of Inter't		Amon	int Outstand	Int. Due	Accrued	
Issue.	P'y'ble	Registered.	Coupon.	Total.	&Unpaid.	Interest.
			*		\$	
4168 1891.	QM.	92,342,300	24,134,950	116,477,250	165,088	1,310,369
48 1907.	QJ.	530,684,600	87,759,350	618,443,950	8.6,530	4,122,980
4s refdg.certfs.	QJ.			108,320	46,578	729
3s, pension				14,000,000	210,000	70,000
Pacific RRs				*64,623,512	15,689	646,235
Aggregate		687,650,412	111,894,300	813,453,032	1 263,845	6,150,28 6

* \$2,882,000 matures Jan. 16, 1895; \$340,000 Nov. 1, 1895; average date of maturity, March 19, 1895; \$3,880,000 Jan. 1, 1896, \$4,320,000 Feb. 1, 1896; average date of maturity, Jan. 19, 1896; \$9,712,000 Jan. 1, 1897; \$29,904,852 Jan. 1, 1888; \$14,004,690 Jan. 1, 1899.

DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY.
Aggregate of debt on which interest has ceased since maturity is \$1,833,885;
interest due and anpaid thereon, \$150,185. This debt consists of a number of
items of which the principal amounts are called bonds.

DEBT BEARIN-P NO INTEREST.

Lobre The accommode for the size of	Amount.		
Old demand notes		\$56,448	
Legal-tender notes		348,681,016	
Certificates of deposit	10,480,000		
Less amount held in Treasurer's cash	250,000-	10,230,000	
3old certificates	158,827,639		

ngakari leurimena) nebahirka jala	Amount.
Less amount held in Treasurer's cash. Bliver certificates	\$28,222,835 - \$130,604,504 288,239,639 4,063,377 - 284,176,262 15,289,678
Less amount estimated as lost or destroyed	8,875,984— 6,913.744
Aggregate of debt bearing no interest	\$778,662,269

RECAPITULATION.

THE COURSE OF TH	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
Interest-bearing debt Debt on which int. has ceased Debt bearing no interest	\$ 813,653,082 1,833,985 778.632,269	7,414,171 150,485	\$ 821,087,203 1,984,370 778,662,209
Total debt	1,591,149,186	7,584,858	1,601,713,842
Less cash items available for reduc Less reserve held for redemption of			\$534,409,728
Total debt, less available cash i Net cash in the Treasury			1,067,304,114 82,756,585
Debt, less cash in the Treasury, M Debt, less cash in the Treasury, F			1,034,547,529
Decrease of debt during the month Decrease of debt since June 20, 185			6,159,487

PACIFIC RAILROADS.

	Principai	Interest		Int. repaid b	y Companies.	Balance
Name of Railway.	Out- standing.	accrued and not yet paid.	Interest paid by the U.S.	portation	By cash pay- m'ts: 5 p.c. net earnings.	paid by
	8				1	8
Cen. Pacific.	25,885,120	258,85	33,547,752	6,005,491	658,998	26,881,987
Kan. Pacific.	6,303,000	63,080	8,587,5 13	3,774,628		4.913.576
Uni'n Pacific	27,234,512	272,365	35,580,090	12,261,988	438,409	22,879,692
Cen. Br. U.P.	1,600,000	16,000	2,173,808	419,049	6,927	1,750,832
West. Pacific	1,970,560	19,708	2,434,768	9,367		2,427,400
Stoux C. & P.	1,628,320	16,2-3	2,099,342	162,234		1,937,108
Totals	64,628,512	646,2 5	81,425,263	22,639,747	1,103,619	60,691,895

The sinking funds held (\$11,672,650 bonds and \$193,881 cash) \$11,866,531, of which \$3,513,021 was on account of Central Pacific and \$3,353,507 on account of Union Pacific.

Monetary Commercial English News

[From our own correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, February 22, 1890.

On Thursday the Directors of the Bank of England lowered their rate of discount to 5 per cent. It is understood that several of the Directors, including the Governor, were opposed to the change, but after a protracted discussion they were overruled by the majority on the ground that the reserve now exceeds 16 millions sterling, being 50 per cent of the Bank's liabilities, and that in such a state of things it is no longer necessary to harass trade by keeping up the rate.

On the other hand, the opponents of the change pointed out that the addition made to the resources of the Bank has come mainly from the internal circulation. Since Christmas nearly 5¼ millions sterling have been added to the stock of gold. But of that amount 3¼ millions sterling came from the internal circulation, while less than 2 millions came from abroad, and of the latter portion nearly three-quarters were brought here artificially by the great issuing houses. How long the metal so brought will be retained is open to doubt. Further, about a million and a-half sterling in notes returned from circulation, so that, while the total increase in the Bank's resources during the past eight weeks has been about 6¾ millions, less than 2 millions came from abroad.

Concurrently with the reduction by the Bank, the joint-stock and private banks lowered the rate which they allow on deposits to 31/2 per cent and the bill brokers and discount houses reduced their rates to 334 per cent for money at call and 4 per cent for money at notice. It seems clear, therefore, that the banks and discount houses will continue taking bills much below the Bank rate. In fact, the discount rate in the open market fell on Thursday to 41/8 per cent, and now is little better than 4 per cent. For three or four weeks to come it is possible that the Bank of England may be able to re ain control of the market because the collection of the revenue is now on so large a scale. But on the other hand the Chancellor of the Exchequer is paying off Treasury bills, a large proportion of which is held in the outside market. This redemption counteracts to a great extent the collection of the revenue. If the open market rates fall it is feared that the shipments of gold may begin again, and as coin and notes will flow out into circulation in large amounts in April and May, there may be a return of stringency then unless the Bank of England acts with great energy.

Early in the week the silver market was weak with a downward tendency, the demand being very small, and it being announced also that the India Council will, on Wednesday next, increase the bills and telegraphic transfers to be offered for tender to forty lakbs. But the receipt of a telegram from Philadelphia on Thursday to the effect that the Finance Committee of the Senate will report a bill increasing the purchases of the metal hardened the market somewhat.

Business on the Stock Exchange has not been sensibly increased by the reduction in the Bank rate. The public is aware that the reserve has been increased artificially, and they fear, therefore, that the comparative ease in the money market will not last long. Operators also are afraid to engage in fresh risks. The market for American railroad securities is, if possible, more lifeless than ever. In addition to the general causes deterring speculation, there is the increased distrust on the part of the British public of American railroad management inspired by recent events, more particularly by the Reading incident. Then again there is an apprehension felt here that the calling in of the deposits by the Secretary of the Treasury may cause stringency in the New York money market, and there is likewise a fear of a renewal of railroad wars. The general public, therefore, is holding aloof altogether from the market, and even specialists are uncertain how to act. There is little doing also in what is regarded here as the market for sound investment securities. As the banks generally have been allowing 41/2 per cent on deposits for the past eight weeks, and as even now they are paying 31/2 per cent, many investors prefer to leave their savings on deposit in the hope of being able to buy later on more favorable terms. The largely increased working expenses of British railways, too, and the fear of a great coal strike, are discouraging operations in the British railway market.

The market for international securities is as much neglected as other departments. The Berlin Bourse is depressed, owing to the recent heavy fall in mining and industrial securities generally, to the fear of strikes, to the growing strength of the Socialist Party, and to the elections for the Reichstag which took place on Thursday. In Buenos Ayres the crisis continues. The premium on gold fluctuates at about 120 per cent, and the best that is hoped for is that an utter collapse may somehow or other be averted. In Brazil order continues to be maintained, but very gloomy views are taken here of the country's future. The proclamation of martial law, the increase in the army, and the issue of decrees, one requiring foreign companies to keep in Brazil half their capital, and the other creating three banks of issue, with powers to do every conceivable kind of business, all inspire apprehension. In Italy the banking and building crisis continues and failures are reported weekly. In Portugal and Spain matters seem to be going from bad to worse. Lastly, in Paris the Bourse is waiting for the expected funding loan and

the proposal to convert the 41/2 per cents.

Miscellaneous securities generally have been depressed during the week. The nitrate producing companies are unable to make up their differences, and the shares, therefore, are again depressed. Copper shares have been weaker, there has been a decline in South African mining and land shares, the crushings at the mines being regarded as disappointing, and there have been large sales on South African account caused, it is said, by the calling in of loans by local bankers. There has also been a sharp fall in De Beer's Diamond shares. The De Beer's Company at its last annual meeting boasted that it had obtained practical control of the diamond market. But the South African Exploration Company is now threatening it with keen competition, and unless a combination is formed prices are likely to fall further.

Speculative business in trade has been greatly checked by the high rates that have been charged so long. Yet the turn over is large and fairly remunerative. The railway traffic returns issued this week at first sight appear to be highly encouraging, but they compare with a week last year when communication was interrupted by snow, and they are not, therefore, so good as they look. Still there seems no doubt that more business is being done than at this time last year. Prices generally are fairly well maintained, and pig iron, more particularly, with many fluctuations, has recovered somewhat. The chief exception is presented by the cotton industry. Weavers complain that the margin between yarns and cloths is so narrow that weaving is done at a loss. Some of them, therefore, have stopped their looms, and there is a movement

on foot for a general combination either to stop altogether or to work short-time for a while. Spinners also are beginning to complain that their profits have either disappeared or are disappearing, and among them likewise there is talk of working short-time. Both classes allege that the rise in the raw material is mainly due to corners, while they report that the demand for piece goods in India, China and the Far East generally is so short that it is impossible to raise prices.

We are threatened with a more formidable strike in the coal trade than has occurred for years. It will be recollected that in October of 1888 the miners of Lancashire, Yorkshire and the Midland Counties got an advance of wages of 10 per cent, and last summer they were given another advance of the same proportion. Advances at the same time were made in Wales, Scotland, Northumberland and Durham, and in many cases there have been further advances, making the total rise in wages since the revival in trade from about 25 to 30 per cent. The miners throughout England, however, are now asking for another advance of 10 per cent. For a while the miners of Durham and Northumberland did not join with the rest of England, but when the coal owners met and decided to oppose the demand at any cost, and in order to do so effectually to form a great coal owners' federation, the Durham miners decided to join with their brethren. It is said that the Northumberland miners will also support the demand. A representative meeting of the miners was held this week and it was decided to insist upon the demand. If some kind of arrangement cannot be brought about, we are thus threatened with a strike which will include, it is estimated, from 350,000 to 400,000 men and will cause a stoppage in coal production of about three million tons a week. At the same time the miners are agitating for an act of Parliament to limit the underground working hours to eight hours a day. A deputation has waited this week upon the Home Secretary, Lord Randolph Churchill and Mr. Gladstone. The Home Secretary frankly declined to assist the men; Lord Randolph Churchill, on the other hand, accepted their proposal in principle, while Mr. Gladstone, without declaring himself explicitly, pointed out several objections which must be removed before Parliament can be induced to legislate as desired.

The party employed by the Channel Tunnel promoters to make borings with a view to prove the practicability of the tunnel, reports that it has found coal. The report, however, does not meet with very general credence, for similar statements have been made from time to time for years past. It is understood, however, that the matter is to be really tested, and if a large coal bed at a moderate depth is found, it will prove of immense value to the country.

The wheat trade continues without appreciable change.

The following return shows the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, &c., compared with the last three years:

	1890.	1899.	1888.	1887.
	£	£	£	£
Circulation	23,185,405	22,972,040	22,978,875	23,245,785
Public deposits	9,506,905	9,992,974	10,585,914	7,937,006
Other deposits	22,615,834	23,014,092	22,566,661	22,965,824
Government securities	13,784,100	14,499,861	16,260,774	13,129,782
Other securities	20,453,143	21,706,943	19,449,766	20,347,222
Reserve	16,177,048	15,074,041	15,597,959	15,581,058
Coin and bullion	22,912,453	21,846,081	22,376,834	23,076,843
Prop. assets to liabilities per cent.	50	4516	4634	5014
Bank rateper cent.	5	3	216	4
Consols	97 5-16	9916		
Clearing-House return	174,205,000	190,353,000	128,127,000	105,759,000

Messrs. Pixley & Abell write as follows:

Gold—All demand for gold failing, the Bank of England has received arrivals to a total of £447,000, and £50 000 has been sent to the Cape. Arrivals—From West Indies, £41,000; Chile, £3,000; Brazil, £151,000. Total, £216,000. Natal, £11,000; Chile, £3,000; Brazil, £151,000. Total, £216,000. Silver.—Before the India Council allotment the price for silver hardened to 44d, but following the announcement of an increase to 40 lakhs per week a reaction ensued to 43% d., which ramains the quotation to day. Arrivals—From New York, £83,000; West Indies, £13,000 Mexican Dollars.—Mexican dollars have been scarce, and the rearest price to-day is 42% d. Arrivals—From New York, £26,000; West Indies, £3,000.

The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first twenty-four weeks of the season compared with previous seasons:

1	M	P	o	\mathbf{R}	1	В
0					7	0

	1889-90.	1888-9.	1887-8.	1886-7.
Wheatcwt.	26,136,031	29,520,423	23,226,489	23,656,026
Barley	9.045.330	10,725,427	9.686.316	10,322,374
Oats	6,574,112	8,351,111	8,399,124	7,236,886
Peas	888.023	1,020,059	1,751,014	1.167.506
Beans	1,654,219	1.389,974	1,262,491	1,200,327
Indian corn	13,867,633	11.696,508	10,770,300	12,183,302
Flour	7,998,231	7.148,539	8,967,965	8,671,033

Supplies available for consumption (exclusive of stocks on

September 1);			
1889-90.	1888-9.	1887-8.	1886-7.
Imports of wheat.cwt. 26,136,031	29,520,423	23,226,489	23,656,026
Imports of flour 7,998,231	7.148,539	8,967,065	8.671.033
sales of home-grown. 25,080,775	17,490,426	20,654,148	17,138,850
Total 59,215,037	54,159,388	52,847,702	19,465,909
1889-90.	1888-9.	1887-8.	1886-7.
Aver price wheat week. 29s. 8d.	298. 64.	308. 14.	32a. 11d.
Av. price wheat season.30s. Od.	318. 101.	303. 21	32%. Ed.
The following shows the	quantities	of wheat	flour and

maize afloat to the United Kingdom:

	This week.	Last week.	1839.	1338.
Wheat qrs.	1,892,500	1.885,500	2.069.000	1 474,500
Flour, equal to grs.	289,000	259,000	213,000	210,000
Maize	593,000	550,000	331,000	329,500

English Financial Markets-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London re reported by cable as follows for the week ending are reported

London.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Silver, per ozd.	1414	4438	4414	4418	4418	4418
Consols, new 23 percts.	97916	97116	97116	97316	97516	97516
do for account		x9771	97716	9712	97916	*97916
Fr'ch rentes (in Paris) fr.	88.4212	88.2249	88.40	88.25	88.35	88.37 19
U. S. 4198 of 1891	106	106	106	106	1064	1064
U. S. 48 of 1907	12549	12512	12519	12519	12512	12519
Canadian Pacific	7634	7678	7638	7419	7438	75
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul	6914	6914	68 38	6812	6812	6878
Illinois Central	11719	11719	11712	11749	71719	11712
Lake Shore	10758	1073	10734	10734	10734	108
Louisville & Nashville	8719	8758	88	8758	8612	8638
Mexican Central 48	7213	7238	7238	72	72	7178
N.Y. Central & Hudson.	10912	10958	10958	1094	10914	10914
N.Y. Lake Erie & West'n	2612	2649	2638	2618	1578	2612
do. 2d cons	1033	104	1033	10319	10312	1033
Norfolk & Western, pref.	6338	6218	63	625	62	6214
Northern Pacific, pref	7434	75	7534	754	7434	7478
Pennsylvania	5638	56%	5618	5578	5534	5534
Philadelphia & Reading.		2038	2018	20	1878	1834
Union Pacific		6518	6518	6538	6514	6538
Wabash, pref	3112	314	3114	31	3034	3019

Commercial and Miscellaneous News

NATIONAL BANKS.—The following national banks have recently been organized:

recently been organized:
4,238—The First National Bank of Beeville, Texas. Capital, \$50,000.
L. B. Randall, President; B. W. Klipstein, Cashier.
4,239—The Citizets' National Bank of L. banon, Ohio. Capital, \$50,000.
J. F. Benham, President; T. Jonas Hardy, Cashier.
4,240—The Stonehem National Bank, Massachusetts. C. pital, \$50,000.
Charles W. Tidd, President; Charles A. Bailey, Cashier.
4,241—The First National Bank of Bellville, Texas. Capital, \$50,000.
E. J. Marshall, President; E. M. Reynolds, Cashier.
4,242—The First National Bank of Creighton, Nebraska. Capital, \$50,000.
George E. Cheney, President; F. E. White, Cashier.
4,243—The Maryville National Bank, Missouri. Capital, \$50,000.
George S. Baker, President; George L. Wilfley, Cashier.
4,244—The Traders' National Bank of Washington, D. C. Capital, \$200,000. George C. Henning, President; Brenton L. Baldwin, Cashier.
4,245—The Nebraska National Bank of York, Nebraska. Capital, \$50,000.
Earnest Davis, President; Nelson M. Ferguson, Casaier.
600Ennment Revenue And Expenditures.—Through the

GOVERNMENT REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES.-Through the courtesy of the Secretary of the Treasury, we are enabled to place before our readers to-day the details of Govern-ment receipts and disbursements for the month of February. From previous returns we obtain the figures for previous months, and in that manner complete the statement since the beginning of the fiscal years 1889 90 and 1808-89.

RECEIPTS (000s omitted).

		188	9-90.			188	8-89.	
	Cus- toms.	Total.		Total.			Misc'ls Sourc's	Total.
	-	*	*	8		-		-
July	19,006	10,899	1,981	31,886	19,498	9,553	2,154	81,205
August	21,518	12,395	2,321	36,234	21,968	10,632	2,023	34,623
September	17,779	11,448	2,189	31,416	18,984	10,262	2,452	31,698
October	18,786	11,617	2,647	33,050	18,787	12,361	8,255	34,408
November	16,615	11,159	2,943	30,717	15,285	10,393	2,912	28,590
December	15,925	11,004	2,666	29,593	16,940	10,426	2,794	30,160
January	22,216	10,681	3,79+	36,691	20,712	10,470	3,216	34,398
February	18,966	10,115	1,785	30,886	18,768	9,178	2,187	30,133
Total 8 months	150 811	89 318	20 326	280.455	150 942	89 275	90 993	255 210

DISBURSEMENTS (000s omitted).

	1889-90,						1	888-89.		
	Ordi- nary.	Pen- sions.	In- terest.	Prem-		Ordi- nary.	Pen- sions.	In- terest.	Prem.	Total.
	\$	*	*	*	*	8	*	8		
July	18,277	15,248	8,175	298	41,998	12,651	14,554	8,779	157	36,141
Aug	11,999	20,039	612	3,738	36,388	10,980	9,474	439	1,803	22,196
Sept	19,43	201	1,508	2,273	17,411	10,964	891	2,596	5,079	19,530
Oct	15,480	4,694	6,133	2,292	28,599	17,174	4,210	6,707	4,519	32,610
Nov	11,620	10,776	774	2,165	25,335	13,261	21,487	617	1,032	36,397
Dec	11,344	10,322	1,462	2,693	25,821	12,486	73	2,149	512	15,220
Jan	15,680	2,178	7,916	2,088	27,858	15,433	2,185	8,285	651	28,554
Feb	9,92:	13,660	518	957	25,060	11,331	20,915	688	853	93,787
8 mos.	107,756	77,116	27,09.	16,502	228,470	104,280	73,789	30,260	14,108	222,485

BONDS HELD BY NATIONAL BANKS.—The following interesting statement, furnished by the Comptroller of the Currency, shows the amount of each class of bonds held against national bank circulation and to secure public moneys in national bank depositaries on March 1. We gave the statement for February 1 in CHRONICLE of February 8, page 196, and by referring to that the changes made during the month can be

Here we have a set	U. S. Bonds Held Mar. 1, 1890, to Secure-						
Description of Bonds.	Public Deposits in Banks.	Bank Circulation.	Total Held.				
Currency 6s	\$1,100,000	\$4,735,000	\$5,835,00				
419 per cents	7,259,500	39,870,850	47,130,350				
4 per cents		98,591,150	121,114,650				
Total	\$30,883,000	\$143,197,000	\$174,080,000				

COINAGE BY UNITED STATES MINTS.—The following statement, kindly furnished us by the Director of the Mint, shows the coinage at the Mints of the United States during the month of February and the two months of 1890.

Denomination.	Februa	ry.	Two Months, 1890.			
penomination.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.		
Double eagles	78,000	1,560,000	213,240 56,980	4,261,800 569,800		
Total gold	78,000	1,560,000	270,220	4,834,600		
Standard dollars Half dollars Quarter dollars Dimes	3,488,000	3,489,000	6,488,000	6,488,000		
Total silver	3,488,000	3,488,000	6,488,000	6,488,000		
Five cents Three cents One cent	614,000 5,625,000	30,700 56,250	2,123,400 10,746,000	103,170 107,460		
Total minor	6,239,000	86,950	12,869,400	213,630		
Total coinage	9,805,000	5,134,950	19,627,620	11.536,230		

CHANGES IN LEGAL TENDERS AND NATIONAL BANK NOTES TO MARCH I.—The Comptroller of the Currency has furnished us the following, showing the amounts of national bank notes February 1. together with the amounts outstanding March 1, and the increase or decrease during the month; also the changes in legal tenders held for the redemption of bank notes up to March 1. notes up to March 1:

National Bank Notes— Amount outstanding February 1, 1890 Amount issued during February Amount retired during February	\$951,840 3,325,006	\$194,493,572 2,373,166
Amount outstanding March 1, 1890 *		\$192,120,406
Legal Tender Notes— Amount on deposit to redeem national bank notes February 1, 1890. Amount deposited during February. Amount reissued & b'nk notes retir'd in Feb.	\$268,080 3,304,467	\$67,746,542 3,036,38 7
Amount on deposit to redeem national bank notes March 1, 1890		\$64,710,155

* Circulation of national gold banks, not included above, \$147,137,

According to the above, the amount of legal tenders on deposit March 1 with the Treasurer of the United States to redeem national bank notes was \$64,710,155. The portion of this deposit made (1) by banks becoming insolvent, (2) by banks going into voluntary liquidation, and (3) by banks reducing or retiring their circulation, was as follows on the first of each of the last five months:

Deposits by-	Nov. 1.	Dec. 1.	Jan. 1.	Feb. 1.	March 1.
Insolv't bks. Liquid'g bks. Red'e'g undr	6,062,110		\$ 869,462 5,852,391		
act of '74.*	64,749,385	63,273,917	62,614,625	61,104,025	58,166,624
Total	71,659,478	70,103,319	69,336,478	67,746,542	64,710,155

* Act of June 20, 1874, and July 12, 1882

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show a decrease in both dry goods and general merchandise. The total imports were \$7,895,689, against \$10,856,071 the preceding week and \$11,206,601 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended March 4 amounted to \$6,972,543, against \$6,810,204 last week and \$7,960,840 two weeks previous. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) Feb. 27 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Feb. 28; also totals since the beginning of the first week in January. of the first week in January.

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For Week.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.
Dry Goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$3,440,682 7,141,343	\$3,533,262 8,526,403	\$3,021,536 7,720,137	\$3,112,381 4,783,308
Total	\$10,582,025	\$12,059,665	\$10 741,673	\$7,895,689
Dry Goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$27,959,368 53,694,314	\$29,830,243 58,131,417	\$29,783,128 60,072,167	\$32,362,075 53,744,825
Total 9 weeks	\$81,653,682	\$87,961,660	\$89,855,295	\$86,106,900

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending March 4 and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1887.	1888.	1889.	1990.
For the week Prev. reported	\$8,083,993 44,543,119			
Total, 9 weeks	\$52,627,112	\$53,811,661	\$61,369,239	\$60,206,794

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending March 1 and since January 1, 1890, and for the corresponding periods in 1889 and 1880:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK,

n/ta	Expe	orts.	Imports.		
Gold.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1	
Great Britain	\$9,328	\$37,346	\$965,000	\$550 1,748,580	
Germany West Indies	357,744	1,142,163		67.454	
Mexico		1,600 107,911	1,516 916	4,601 32,718	
All other countries		5,000	8,131	181,088	
Total 1890 Total 1889 Total 1888	\$367,072 73,300 374,000	\$1,294,020 2,371.950 2,464,154	\$975,563 274,293 321,088	\$2,034,991 1,404,183 1,089,047	
877	Exp	orts.	Imports.		
Silver.	Week.	since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	
Great Britain	\$413,982	\$4,366,979		\$64,757	
France		19,000		1,351	
Germany	******	*******	********	9,773	
West Indies	******	25,182	*******	70,574	
Mexico	******	*******	\$1,730	2,377 41,653	
South America All other countries		5,090	φ1,730		
Total 1893	3413,982	\$1,416,251	\$1,730	\$249,857	
Tota 11889	501,381	3,108,328	61,040	303,188	
Tota 11333	185,799	2,270,708	117,568	393,239	

—Waynesburgh & Canton RR. first mortgage fives, guaranteed by Cleveland & Canton, are offered for sale at 94 and accrued interest by Messrs. J. W. Mackintosh & Co. of Boston; see advertisement.

-Parties desiring Investment Bonds are invited to call at the office of Messrs. John H. Davis & Co., where full particulars of their special offerings will be furnished.

Auction Sales.—The following were recently sold at auction by Messrs. Adrian H. Muller & Son:

DIVIDENDS.

The following dividends have recently been announced:

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Puyable.	Books Closed, (Days inclusive.)			
Railroads. Chicego & Northw. pref. (quar.). Clev. Cln. Chic. & St. L. pf. (quar.) N. Y. & Harlem com. and pref Toledo & Ohio Central pref West Jersey. West Jersey & Atlantic Miscellaneous.	134 114 219 119 319 219	April 1 April 1	Mch. 11 to Mch. 24 Mch. 21 to April 1 Mch. 16 to April 1 Mch. 15 to April 1			
Chicago Gas Trust (quar.) Colorado Fuel (quar.) United States Equitable Gas	1 11 ₉	Meh. 15	Mch. 16 to April 24 Mch. 5 to Mch. 15 Mch. 15 to Mch. 21			

Banking and Financial.

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BANKERS.

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All classes of Securities Bought and Sold on Commission. Special attention given to Investment Securities. Direct wire to each office and to Philadelphia, Boston and Chicago.

The Bankers' Gazette.

For dividends see previous page.

WALL STREET, FRIDAY, March. 7, 1890-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.-The week at the Stock Exchange has been almost a counterpart of its predecessors; irregularity, depression in certain special stocks and dulness in general business have been the chief features. As bearing on the monetary situation, the determination of Secretary Windom to purchase four per cents at 123 and the decline to 41/2 per cent in the Bank of England rate have been the points of general interest. It is not yet known whether the buying of fours will be sufficient to carry the market well past the April 1 period, but the drift of Washington dispatches is such as to indicate that the purchases are made with that intent.

One of the breaks of the week occurred in the Reading 4

per cent mortgage bonds, which were sold down to 80½ on Thursday. Whether or not this selling was for bear effect, the fact remains true that it is possible to make a great flourish the fact remains true that it is possible to make a great flourish with the sale of a very few bonds. For instance, when these mortgage bonds were sold on Thursday from 83% down to 80%, which was the lowest point reached, only \$240,000 bonds were disposed of, and then the price began to rise again. The manipulation seems palpable, as no holders desiring to sell their bonds at the best price obtainable would thus throw them overboard. The ordinarily moderate dealings in investment bonds furnish the opportunity for this working of the market, as it would be absurd with an active speculative stock to think of breaking the market, there points by the sale of to think of breaking the market three points by the sale of only 2,400 shares, equivalent at par to \$240,000. The Reading stock naturally figured prominently as the weakest of the list, and it was more easily attacked from the fact that the advance from the low price made earlier in the year was then known to be fictitious, and not warranted by any facts bearing on the company's finances or income.

There is nothing unfavorable as yet in the prospect for a large income to the railroads in the current half of the year 1890. The winter has been moderate in all sections east of Denver, and it may be presumed that working expenses have been near a minimum. The Southern roads are doing remarkably well, and the general exhibit of net earnings in January, so far as yet reported, is highly satisfactory.

The open market rates for call loans during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged from 2 to 6 per cent, with 4½ per cent as a fair average; to-day the rates were 2@6 p. c. Prime commercial paper is quoted at 5@5½ p. c.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a gain in specie of £148,000, and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 48.93, against 47.33 last week; the discount rate was reduced to 4½ per cent. The Bank of France lost 1,125,000 francs in gold and gained 1,875,000 francs in silver. The New York Clearing House banks in their statement of March 1 showed a decrease in the surplus reserve of \$1,366,600, the total surplus being \$2,364,200, against \$3,700,800 the previous week

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years in the averages of the New York Clearing House banks:

	1890. M r. 1.	Differen's from Fr. v. week.	1889. Mar. 2.	1888. Mar. 3.
	*	\$	*	8
Capital	60,862,700		60,762,700	
Burplus	57,620,900		52,402,600	
Loans and disc'ts				367,500,300
Circulation		Inc. 14,100		
Net deposits		Dec.9,118,000		
Specie	79,847,200	Dec.3,064,200		
Legal tenders	27,171,800	Dec. 551,900	35,527,800	31,822,300
Reserve held	107.019.000	Dec.3,616,100	121,794,300	107,132,000
Legal reserve	104,654,800	Dec.2,279,500	109,523,750	94,387,300
Surplus reserve .	2,364,200	Dec.1,335,600	12,270,550	12.744,700

Foreign Exchange.—Foreign exchange was firmer and more active, owing to the falling off in the supply of bankers' bills against stocks and bonds purchased for European account; the easier money market in London and reduction in tae Bank rate also had its effect. To-day, however, there was less inquiry, and some of the leading drawers reduced their posted rates, which are now 483 a 483½ and 483½ ad 487.

To-day the rates on actual business were as follows, viz.: Bankers' 60 days' sterling, 483½ 483½, demand 485¾ 486. Cables 486¼ a 486½.

The rates of leading bankers are as follows:

March 8.	Sixty Days.	Demand.
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London		
Prime commercial Documentary commercial	4 8034 74 81	
Paris (francs)	5 2178 5 214	5 1938 4 5 183
Amsterdam (guilders) Frankfort or Bremen (reichmarks)	$39^{1}_{18} \bar{a} 39^{7}_{8} \\ 94^{3}_{8} \bar{a} 94^{1}_{2}$	95 29518

The following were the rates of domestic exchange on New York at the under-mentioned cities to-day: Savannab, buying par, selling ½ a½ premium; New Orleans, commercial. par @25c. premium; bank, \$1 premium; Charleston, buying par,

selling ½ premium; St. Louis, 50c. premium: Chicago, 40c. discount; Boston, 15c.@17c. per \$1,000 discount; San Francisco, sight 15c., telegraph 20c.

United States Bonds.—Prices of governments continue firm, though business at the Stock Exchange has been small. The fours have advanced, and the Secretary of the Treasury has resumed their purchase, until further notice, at 123 flat. The sales to the Government this week aggregated \$3,275,150, of which \$2.718,000 were 4s. of which \$2,716,900 were 4s.

The statement for this week is as follows:

	41/4 Per Cents due 1891.			4 Per Cents due IM			
	Offerings.	Purch'es.	Prices paid.	Offerings.	Purch'es.	Prices 100	
Saturday	\$50,300	\$50,800	10316				
Monday	69,300	69,300	10316				
Tuesday	700	700	10316	\$10,000		123	
Wedn'sday.	38,400	38 4 10	1031/6				
Thursday	371,000	371.000	10316	1,361,500	\$1,361,500	123	
Friday	28,559	28,350	1031/2		\$1,945,400		
Total	\$ 58,250	\$558,250	10316	2,716,900	\$2,708,900	123	

The closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

	Interest Periods		Mar. 3.	Mar. 4.	Mar 5.	Mar. 6.	Mar 7.
4128, 1891reg.							
4 28, 1891 coup. 48, 1907 reg.							
4s, 1907coup.	QJan.	*12214	*12214	*1224	*12219	*12234	*1223
6s, cur'ey,'95reg.							*116
6s, cur'ey. 97 reg. 6s, cur'ey, 98 reg.					*120		*120
6s, cur'sy,'99reg.					*125		*125

* This is the price bid at the morning board; no sale was made.

State and Railroad Bonds.—State bonds have been only moderately dealt in at the Exchange, the sales being \$14,000 Alabama class "A" bonds at $107\frac{1}{2}-107\frac{2}{5}$, \$1,000 Louisiana consolidated 4s at $96\frac{2}{3}$, \$1.000 Tennessee compromise bonds at 78, and \$3,000 settlement 6s at 110, \$9,500 settlement 5s at 104 and \$40,000 settlement 3s at $73\frac{2}{3}-74$.

Bailroad bonds, which were weak on Saturday and Monday

and \$40,000 settlement 3s at 73%-74.

Railroad bonds, which were weak on Saturday and Monday, have developed more strength, with the exception of the Reading issues, which have fallen off considerably. On Thursday and to-day the general 4s were heavily sold and the price dropped to 80½ Thursday, recovering to 81½: the closing prices to-day were 82 for the fours, 65 for the 1st preferred incomes, 45 for the 2ds and 36½ for the 3ds, against 84%, 65½, 46 and 38 respectively last Friday. Chicago Gas Trust 1sts out declined to only 92%. Western Union Telegraph collateral 5s declined to 99½ from 101½ last Friday and close at 99½. Shen. Valley issues have advanced several points.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks—The irregularity

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The irregularity noted in our last report has continued through the present week. The bank statement on Saturday the 1st inst. being a week. The bank statement on Saturday the 1st first, being a trifle more favorable than expected caused some firmness, and this continued until Wednesday, when a weaker tone developed; St. Paul has been affected somewhat by the Western rate situation; Western Union Tel., owing to the bills before Congress for a postal-telegraph, declined on free sales Wednesday to 81½, the lowest point of the year. Part of the decline was subsequently recovered, however, and the close the decrease of \$25\cdots (Congress for a postal-telegraph) and the close for the part of the decrease of \$25\cdots (Congress for a postal-telegraph) and the close for the part of the decrease of \$25\cdots (Congress for a postal-telegraph) and the close for the part of the part decline was subsequently recovered, however, and the close to-day was at \$2\frac{2}{3}\$: Can. Pac., on reported negotiations of No. Pac. and Pac. Mail looking to a rival line of steamers for Asiatic business, dropped to 72 on Wednesday, but the threat of the Pacific railroads to withdraw the Pac. Mail subsidy in case the arrangement should be carried out caused a recovery later. The most prominent stock in point of weakness has been Reading. On large dealings the price declined to \$5\frac{2}{3}\$ on Thursday—only \$1\frac{2}{3}\$ per cent above the lowest of the year. One reason given for this liquidation is the reported unloading by some members of the pool which was recently purchasing; but the runor of sales from Philadelphia by parties interested in Poughkeepsie Bridge bonds were probably unfounded. On Thursday Chicago Gas Trust became very active on the application by a lawyer in Chicago on his own account for the appointment of lawyer in Chicago on his own account for the appointment of a receiver, and the price fell from 44% to 42%, recovering again to 43%; it closes to-day at 44. The Manhattan directors having given notice that the outstanding dividend scrip would be redeemed, the stock immediately advanced, and the advance was continued on the announcement of the Court of Appeals' decision in on the announcement of the Court of Appeals decision in favor of the company regarding damages to property, the gain for the week being four per cent. Tennessee Coal & Iron advanced on Monday to 6234, but has fallen again to 5844, though the Inman litigation has been settled. Pullman Palace Car also rose to 19234 on Wednesday, but lost some of the advance subsequently.

To-day (Friday) Reading was much stronger, closing at 37%, and the whole list was better, with a good tone prevailing at

Among the trust stocks Pipe Line certificates have been ac-Among the trust stocks Pipe Line certificates have been active and declining, touching the lowest point of the year on Tuesday—91½, and closing to-day at 94½ against 99½ last Friday. Lead was active on Tuesday, but quiet the balance of the week; closing price to-day 18½ against 17½ last week. Sugar has advanced from 60½ last Friday to 69½ to-day (closing at 68), on a good business all the week, the announcement of the wholesale grocers' sugar combination helping up the price. ing up the price.

STOCKS-PRICES AT N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE FOR WEEK ENDING MARCH 7, AND SINCE JAN. 1, 1890.

emoora.	Det.		HEST AND I			n :-	Sales of the	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1890
	Saturday, March 1.	Monday, March 3.	Tuesday, March 4	Wednesday, March 5.	Thursday, March 6.	Friday, March 7.	Week, Shares.	Lowest.	Highest.
Active RR. Stocks. chison Top. & Santa Fe	324 33	33 3314	33 3338	33 3314	3318 3314	3338 3378	7,261	303 ₈ Jan. 15	337 ₉ Mar.
nadian Pacific	$^*74^{1}4$ $74^{3}4$ $52^{1}2$ $52^{1}2$	*744 744 534 534	*74 74 ¹ 4 53 ¹ 2 53 ¹ 2	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7214 7234 53 5334	7258 73 54 5418	1,900 3,135	72 Mar. 5 524 Feb. 27	773 Jan. 1 564 Jan. 2
nada Southernntral of New Jersey	$120 1201_2$	1203 1203	119% 120%	1194 1194	1184 11912	119 120	3,643	11512 Feb. 4	127 ¹ 2 Jan.
ntral Pacific esapeake &O.—Vot.Tr.cert.	*321 ₂ 33 221 ₂ 221 ₂	*32½ 33 22% 23	*32½ 33 23 23	*32½ 33 23 23⅓	*32¼ 32¾ 23 23	321 ₂ 33 231 ₄ 233 ₄	2,800	32½ Mar. 7 22½ Feb. 24	35 Jan. 27 ¹ 8 Jan.
Do do 1st pref	58 59 381 ₂ 381 ₂	5812 5912 38 3912	591 ₂ 591 ₂ 381 ₂ 381 ₂	*5812 60 3918 3918	60 60	595 ₈ 595 ₈ 391 ₂ 391 ₂	1,538	58 Mar. 1	653 Jan.
Do do 2d pref picago Burlington & Quincy.	1024 1034	10318 104	103 10378	103 10312	*38 40 10312 10358	1033 1043	17,978	37½ Feb. 21 1015 Feb. 21	45% Jan. 108% Jan. 2
neago & Eastern Illinois	*2812 2912 *72 75	29 29 *72 75	$^{*28}_{74}$ $^{291_{2}}_{74}$	*28 29 ¹ / ₉ *72 ¹ / ₉ 75	*28 29½ *72½ 75	*28 29 ¹ ₂ *72 ¹ ₂ 74	100	26 ¹ ₂ Feb. 3 70 Feb. 3	375 Jan. 3
icago Milwaukee & St. Paul.	6634 6714	6612 6738	6618 67	6619 6678	6638 6634	6634 6734	54,835	6618 Mar. 4	7114 Jap.
Do pref.	113½ 115 107% 107¾	$\frac{113^{12}}{107^{7}\!8} \frac{113^{12}}{108^{3}\!8}$	$\frac{114^{1}4}{107^{5}8} \frac{114^{1}4}{108^{1}2}$	$^{113}_{108}$ $^{115}_{108}$	$^*113\frac{1}{2}115$ $108\frac{1}{4}108\frac{1}{2}$	*114 115 1084 1094	9,741	11318 Jan. 17	116 ¹ 2 Jan. 2 112 ¹ 8 Jan. 2
deago & Northwestern Do pref.	14278 14278	143 143	14119 142	*141 143	141 141	*141 143	365	140 Feb. 5	1434 Jan.
nicago Rock Island & Pacific. Licago St. Louis & Pittsburg.	8918 8978 *1712 1814	895 ₈ 905 ₈ *17 184	89 ¹ 2 90 ⁵ 8 *17 ¹ 2 18 ¹ 4	8978 9038 164 164	90 904	903 ₈ 917 ₈	56,817 161	88 ¹ 2 Feb. 19 15 ¹ 2 Jan. 16	9858 Jan. 184 Feb.
Do pref.	*50 53	*50 52	*50 521 ₂ *30 3134	514 .512	51 51 31 31	5178 5178 3112 3112	422 325	4312 Jan. 13	53 Feb.
nicago St. Paul Min. & Om Do pref.			92 92	*92	*92	92 92	200	92 Feb. 19	9712 Jan.
Do pref.	67% 68 *57 9712	68 ¹ 4 68 ³ 4 97 97 ¹ 2	6834 6958 98 9818	69 ¹ 4 69 ⁵ 8 *98 99	69 69 ¹ 4 *97 98 ¹ 2	6919 7038 9819 99	10,084 1,138	66 ¹ 2 Feb. 21 96 Feb. 17	7358 Jan. 99 Jan.
lumbus Hocking Val. & Tol.	20 20	20 20	20 2034	*20 21	20 2012	2018 2018	900	1812 Jan. 13	2378 Jan.
laware Lackawanna & West nv. Tex. & Ft. W assented	134 ¹ 2 135 ¹ 4 30 ⁷ 8 31	135 1353 313 313	$\frac{135}{31}$ $\frac{135}{8}$ $\frac{1}{32}$	134 ³ 4 135 ¹ 2 31 ¹ 2 31 ¹ 2	134% 135% 31% 31%	$\begin{array}{c} 135 \frac{5}{8} 136 \frac{3}{8} \\ 32 32 \frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	2,775	134 ¹ ₂ Jan. 7 30 ⁴ ₈ Mar. 1	13838 Jan. 3612 Jan.
st Tennessee Va. & Ga	$^{*87_{8}}_{721_{2}}$ $^{91_{4}}_{721_{2}}$	*878 914 *71 7219	*858 914 *71 7212	*878 914 7212 7212	*70 72 878	*878 914 7119 7119	300 125	8's Feb. 28	10 Jan. 74 Feb.
Do 1st pref. Do 2d pref.	22 224	2219 2234	224 2212	2212 2212	2258 23	23 23	1,867	2014 Jan. 20	24 Feb.
nois Centralke Erie & Western	11434 115 *17 17 ¹ 4	*114 116 *17 17 ¹ 4	*114 116 17 ¹ 4 17 ¹ 4	*114 116 17 17	*113 116 *14 16	*113 116 174 174	336 400	1143 Mar. 1 17 Feb. 28	120 Jan. 19 ¹ 4 Feb.
Do pref	62 6212	6212 6212	6234 6314	6234 6234	623 623	63 634	3,408	62 Mar. 1	68 Jan.
ke Shore & Mich. Southern ng Island	$^{104}_{86}$ $^{104}_{88}$	10458 10478 *86 88	*86 88	1047 ₈ 1051 ₆ 86 87	105 105 *86 88	105 105 18 *86 88	7,620 515	104 ¹ 8 Jan. 15 86 Mar. 1	1067 ₈ Feb. 911 ₂ Jan.
uisville & Nashvide	8334 8458	8478 8512	8518 8538	8334 8478	8234 84	833 843	71,869	824 Feb. 24	91 ¹ 4 Jan.
nhattan Elevated, consol.	48 ¹ 2 48 ¹ 2 101 ¹ 2 102	*48 50 *1011 ₂ 102	*46 50 1021 ₉ 104	*45 52 105 106 ¹ 4	*47 50 1053 1064	10512 106	6,566		
shigan Central	*92 95 *92 95	$93\frac{1}{2}$ $93\frac{1}{2}$ $91\frac{7}{8}$ $92\frac{1}{2}$	*:+21e 95	*9219 95 92 92	*92½ 95 *90 92	92 ¹ 2 95 92 92	110 600	92 Mar. 4	96 Jan. 104 Jan.
waukee Lake Sh. & West Do pref.	111 113	111 113	11212 11212	*110 112	*110 112	*110 113	10	11012 Feb. 5	117 Jan.
ssouri Kansas & Texas	7 ¹ 2 8 10 ⁴ 4 10 ³ 4	*10 11½	1019 11	*1058 1112	8 8 *104 111 ₂	*1019 1119	910 420		1134 Jau. 1258 Feb.
ssouri Pacific	7119 72	72 7238	72 723	7178 7238	72 724	72 9 734	30,711	703 Feb. 17	7614 Jan.
bile & Obio hv.Chattanooga&St.Louis	*1578 1614 *102 103	15^{7}_{8} 16 102 102	15% 15% *102 103	15% 15% *102 103	*15 ¹ 2 16 *101 103	1512 1614 102 102	800 150	13 Jan. 7 102 Jan. 6	18 ¹ 8 Jan. 104 Feb.
w fork Central & Hudson.	1064 1064	1064 1064	10638 10612	1064 1064	*1064 1064	1065 1065	687	106 Feb. 19	10712 Feb.
W York Chic. & St. Louis Do 1st pref.	16 16 ¹ 2 71	16 ¹ 2 16 ¹ 2 *69 71	*16 ¹ 4 17 *69 ¹ 9 70 ¹ 9	*16 ¹ 4 16 ³ 4 *69 ¹ 9 70	*16 ¹ 4 16 ³ 4 *69 ¹ 9 70	*16 ¹ 4 16 ³ 4 *69 ¹ 2 70	400	16 Feb. 24 70 Jan. 7	18 ¹ 4 Jan. 71 ¹ 2 Jan.
Do 2d pref.	*37 38	38 38	*374 39	*3718 3710	*37 38	38 38	200	36 Feb. 21	394 Jan.
w York Lake Erie & West'n Do pref.	25 ¹ 4 25 ⁵ 8 *60 66	2558 2534	2534 2534 *6134 6234	25 25 58 6134 62	25 25 ¹ 4 *61 61 ³ 4	2538 2534 6012 6012	7,285 320	25 Mar. 5 60 Jan. 21	27% Jan. 65% Jan.
w York & New England	4414 4450	4418 4434	4438 4478	4378 4458	4414 4458	4458 4478	11,905	434 Jan. 7	4914 Feb.
w York Ontario & West w York Susqueban. & West.	*17 ¹ 2 17 ⁷ 8	7 7	1738 18 *7 714	1758 1734 *7 74	1738 1758 *7 714	17 ¹ 2 17 ⁵ 8	4,420	1738 Feb. 26 678 Feb. 27	20 ¹ 4 Jan. 7 ³ 4 Jan.
Do pref.	27 27	*27 29 *20 214	*27 29	28 28	*271a 29	*2712 29	174 600	27 Feb. 27	3112 Jan.
rfolk & Western Do pref	20 20 *61 ¹ 4 61 ⁵ 8	614 614	*20 21½ 60½ 60½	20 20½ 5978 60⅓	*1912 20 *6018 6012	6012 6012	1,160	193 Mar. 7 597 Mar. 5	2238 Jan. 6334 Jan.
rthern Pacific	3012 3012	303 ₉ 303 ₈ 727 ₈ 733 ₈	30 3014	*3018 3012	30 3014	30½ 30¾ 73 73½	2,285 7,847	30 Jan. 13	335 ₈ Jan. 763 ₈ Jan.
io & Mississippi	2019 2019	204 204	73 7338 2014	7278 7318 *2018 2058	2014 2014	*20 2012	950	2014 Mar. 3	2212 Jan.
egon Sh. L. & Utah North	43 44 341 ₂ 343 ₄	*4319 4419 3419 35	4478 4478 3434 3518	4412 4514 35 3514	45 45 ¹ 4 34 ¹ 2 35 ³ 6	46 ¹ 2 46 ¹ 2 35 ¹ 2 36 ⁷ 8	2,249 10,940	43 Feb. 28	56 Jan. 3818 Jan.
oria Decatur & Evansville	18 1848	*18 20	*20 21	*18 20	*18 20	184 184	505	1612 Jan. 17	23 Jan.
ila.& Read. Vot. Trust. Cert. hmond&West P't Terminal	385 ₈ 391 ₄ 201 ₂ 205 ₈	39 39 ⁵ 8 20 ³ 4 21	387 ₈ 391 ₄ 203 ₄ 211 ₈	363 3914 2058 2078	3558 3714 2034 2034	36¼ 37¾ 20¾ 21	384,555 6,925	35½ Jan. 13 20 Feb. 21	434 Feb. 2312 Jan.
Do pref.	*7742 7842	7634 7634	*77 79	*7712 7912	79 79	79 79	95	76 Jan. 18	80 Feb.
me Watertown & Ogdensb'g Louis & San Francisco	*104 106 *18 19½	*104 106 *18 19 ¹ 2	*104 105	*104 105	*104 105 *1719 1912	10434 10434 *1778 1919	100	104 Feb. 17 16 Jan. 11	108½ Jan. 19 Feb.
Do pref.	38 38	*37 33	384 384	*38	*37 39	*3712 39	225	3612 Jan. 27	3912 Feb.
Paul & Duluth	*88 89 301 ₂	*88 89	*88		*88 90	*88 90	19	87½ Feb. 11 30½ Mar. 1	963 Jan. 3412 Jan.
Do pref			8312 8312		******	171 1711	100 720	83 Jan. 17	85 Jan.
Paul Minnea. & Manitoba. athern Pacific Co	111 ¹ 2 111 ¹ 2 29 ³ 4 30	$^{*111}_{295_8}$ $^{1111_2}_{30}$	111 111 2934 30	$\begin{array}{c} 1111_{2} \ 1111_{2} \\ 291_{2} \ 293_{4} \end{array}$	$111 111 \\ 29^{1}{}_{2} 29^{7}{}_{8}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 111 & 1111_2 \\ 30 & 311_2 \end{vmatrix}$	3,620	2919 Mar. 5	354 Jan.
kas & Pacific	$19\frac{1}{2}$ $19\frac{3}{4}$ $35\frac{7}{8}$ $35\frac{7}{8}$	1958 1934 3578 3578	1978 1978	1958 1978	1912 1934 3519 3578	197 ₈ 201 ₄ 353 ₄ 357 ₈	4,330 3,400	19½ Feb. 26 30½ Jan. 4	22½ Jan. 37% Feb.
ion Pacific	6212 6338	6278 6358	35% 36 63 64	357 ₈ 357 ₈ 631 ₄ 633 ₄	634 635	6312 6438	71,120		6878 Jan.
bash, newbash, preferred	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*12 ····· 26 26	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 12^{1}_{2} & 12^{1}_{2} \\ 26 & 26^{1}_{4} \end{array}$	12 12 ¹ ₄ 25 ³ ₄ 26 ¹ ₄	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,685 5,450	12 Feb. 25 253 Mar. 1	29% Jan.
eeling & Lake Erie	3278 3318	3234 3318	3212 3318	325 3334	2318 3414	34 3438	10,160	3014 Jan. 11	35 Jan.
Do do pref. sconsin Central Co	6858 6914 *2812 29	68 6858 284 284	6818 7058 29 29	6878 7038 *29 294	69 ³ 8 70 ¹ 8 29 29	691 ₂ 703 ₈ 291 ₄ 30	7,950 1,950	67 Feb. 24 28 Feb. 17	713 Jan. 363 Jan.
Iscellaneous Stocks.		111				*			4838 Jan.
icago Gas Trustlorado Coal & Iron	45 ¹ 8 45 ¹ 2 41 ¹ 4 43 ⁵ 8	45 ¹ 4 45 ³ 4 43 ¹ 2 44 ¹ 4	45 ¹ 2 46 ¹ 8 43 ¹ 2 44 ⁷ 8	45 45 ⁷ 8 44 ¹ 8 44 ¹ 2	42 ¹ 2 44 ³ 4 43 ⁷ 5 44 ¹ 2 103 103	4334 45 4434 4538	11,900	3914 Jan. 2	5112 Feb.
mmercial Cable Co nsoridated Gas Co	103 103 95 ¹ 4 95 ¹ 4	*10249 103	10234 10234	*102 103 95 ¹ 4 95 ⁷ 8	103 103 9538 9538	*102 ¹ 4 103 95 ¹ 2 96	415	102 Jan. 17	103 Jan. 9778 Jan.
aware & Hudson Canal	14812 150	9578 9578 14914 14914	954 954 *149 150	$149 149^{1}_{2}$	149% 149%	14912 150	2,773	147 Jan. 2	15314 Jan.
ison General Electric egon Improvement Co	105 105 *44 46	105 ¹ 4 105 ¹ 4 *44 46	105 105 *44 46	*105 *43 46	1053 1053 *43 46	*10558 *43 46	832	924 Feb. 1	106 Feb. 48 Jan.
Do mof	*93 95	90 90	*93 95	911 ₂ 911 ₂ *98 100	*93 94	*92 96	95	90 Mar. 3	95 Jan.
egon R'y & Navigation Co.	*97½ 98 36% 36½	974 97% 364 363 189 189%	98^{1}_{4} 98^{1}_{4} 36^{1}_{2} 36^{1}_{2} 189^{3}_{4} 192^{1}_{4}	*98 100 3678 3678	100 100 367 ₈ 37	*931 ₂ 991 ₂ 371 ₂ 371 ₂	2,230	97 ¹ 4 Mar. 3 36 ¹ 8 Feb. 27	101 Jan. 4118 Jan.
lman Palace Car Co	$187^{12}188^{12}$	189 189%	1893 1924	1913 1913	1913 1914	19012 191			
nessee Coal & Iron	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	60 6234 104 106	6018 62 102 106 8178 8234	58 61 102 102	55½ 59 102 102 81¾ 82%	*102 105	420	51 Feb. 24 100 Jan. 21 814 Mar. 5	119 Jan.
stern Union Telegraph	83 8318	82 83	8178 8234	814 82	8134 8236	8238 8234	43,467	814 Mar. 5	8578 Jan.
ust Stocks, (Unlisted.) er. Cof. Oil Trust receipts. tillers' & Cattle F. Trust	264 263	2619 2634	26% 27%	263 2712	2631 2710	27 2714	13,595	24 Feb. 21	3214 Jan.
tillers' & Cattle F. Trust tional Lead Trust	38 38 17 17 ¹ 2	3612 3712	3614 3614	3638 3712	*37 3712	*37 3719	700	3614 Mar. 4	4112 Jan.
e Line Certificates &	95 9918	$\begin{array}{cccc} 17\frac{1}{4} & 17\frac{1}{2} \\ 92 & 96 \end{array}$	1738 1838 9134 9514	1778 1818 9214 9319	93 94	10 104		91% Mar. 4 50 Jan. 10	108 Feb.
Express Stocks.	6034 6438	624 654	6412 67	6514 6814	6718 69	6734 6934	179,948	50 Jan. 10	697 ₈ Feb.
ame	151 156	152 153	*154 156	154 154	*151 156	*151 156	60	151 Fbb. 19	156 Jan.
erican ited States	1154 116 *85 88	*115 117 88 88	11518 116	116 116	115 ¹ 8 116 *85 87	119 116	236	113 ¹ 4 Jan. 4 84 Jan. 6	11612 Feb.
ns, Pargo & Co	144 144	142 143	*140 145	*140 145	*140 145	*140 145	22	135 Jan. 7	144 Feb.
Inactive Stocks. nerican Telegraph & Cable.	85 85	Of Later and Terry			107	DISCOUNT.	175	of Mon 7	87 Jan
antie & Pacific	85 85 41 ₂ 51 ₂	851 ₂ 851 ₂ *41 ₂ 51 ₂	*84 86 ¹ 9	85 85 *11 ₉ 51 ₉ *130 135	*4½ 5-2 129 130		173	43s Feb. 27 129 Mar. 6	5 Jan.
leago & Alton	130 135 *258 318	130 135	*130 135 *258 3	*130 135 *25 ₈ 3	129 130	*128 134 *25 ₈ 3	98	129 Mar. 6 23 Jan. 25	135 Jan. 314 Jan.
Do pref.—Trust rec.	510 510	*5 534	*5 512	2 975	*2 ⁵ 8 2 ⁷ 8 *5 5 ¹ 2	*0 012	100	44 Jan. 3	64 Jan.
lumbus & Hocking Coal in ver & Rio Grande, pref.	*1510 16	1512 1512	17 17 *47 47 ¹ 2	174 18	*174 184	18 19 46 ¹ 2 46 ¹ 2	1,810	15 Jan. 10 465 Feb. 28	20 Jan 51% Feb.
ausville & Terre Haute w York New Hav. & Hart.	*4634 4734	*46	106 106	105 105	*103 106	10512 107	707	96 Jan. 17 244 ¹ 2 Jan. 10	10812 Feb
w lork New Hav. & Hart.	248 252	*248 252	*248 251	250 250	*248 251	*249 251 *6 634	10	6 Feb. 25	74 Jan.
icksilver Mining Co									
Do do pref. Louis Ark. & Texas	*5¾ 6¾ 36 36 *3 5	*6 634 *3419 3612 312 312	*34 3612	*3412 3612	*34½ 36½ *2½ 31,	*34 36½ 3½ 3½	100	351a Feb. 1	

^{*} These are the prices bid and arked; no saic made at the Board. Prices from both Exchanges. † Lowest price is ex dividend.

INACTIVE	STOCKS-Quotations continu	ed (* Indicatos actual calca)

- 1	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.	11	Bid.	Ask.		Dia	1 4 - 1-			
A 11-1 0. 0					_		Ditt.	AOR.		Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alb'ny & Susq.	160	170	Des M. & Ft. D.		7	Kings. & Pemb	14	16	N. Y. & Harlem	250		Pitts. & W. pref	.07	000
Bell. & So. Ill. pf Buff. R. & Pitts.			Des M.&F.D.pf		25	Laclede Gas	15	17	N.Y. Lack. & W	*11310		Renns. & Sara.	170	383
	16		Eliz. Lex. &B. 8	19	20	Mahon'g C. R'y	55	60	N.Y. N. H. & H.	248	251	Rich.& All.tr.r.	21	185
do. pref. Burl.C.R.& No.	7612		G.BayW.&St.P		618		108		N. Y. & Nor. pf.	* 24	201	Rio Gr. West.	154	224
Cahaba Coal	25 54	40	Hack'ns'kWat.	100		Man. Beach	512	612	Ohio Ind.&W'n	6	8	do pref.	40	41
Cameron Coal.	94		do. pref.	100		Mar. H. & Ont'n	10	15	do pref.	18	25	St.L.Alt.&T.H.	38	41
Dedar F. & M.	3	4	Hous. & Tex. C. Ill. C.leased l's.			do. pref.	87	91	Ohio Southern.		164	do. pref.		125
L& Pitts.gu.	153	157	Iowa Cent	* 98		Mary'd. Coal			Ontario Silver			Tol. & O. Cent.	* 50	
Colorado Fuel.	79	81				Milw. & North.	45				300	do. pref.	* 75	
Consol.CoalCo.	23	25	do pref. Keok. & Des M.	* 25		Minn. & St. L.			Ph.Nat.GasCo.		64	Tol. Peor. & W.		15%
Den. & R. G.	* 16	20		3	9	do pref.	124		Pitts. Ft.W.&C	153	155	Utica & Bl. Riv.		150
to za. G	10		do. pref.	-		Morris & Essex	14958		Pitts. & W.tr.re	25	29	Va. Midland	454	

B)NDS - LATEST PRICES OF ACTIVE BONDS AT N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE AND PANCE SINCE LINE 1.300

BONDS - LATEST PRICE	ES OF	ACTI	VE BOND	S AT N.	Y. STOCK EXCHANGE, AN	B RANGE	SINCE JA	N. 1, 1890.
RAILROAD AND MISCEL. BONDS.	-	sing. 1 Feb. 28	-	nce Jan. 1. Highest.	RAILROAD AND MISCEL, BONDS.	Closing. Mar. 1 Feb. 2		ince Jan. 1.
At.Top.&S.Fe100-y'r 4s,1989	84	8312	831s Mar.	841 ₂ Jan	Nash.Ch.& St. L.—Con. 5s, 1928	1001 1 100	-	
100-year income 5s1989 Atl. & Pac.—W. D. inc., 6s, 1910 Guar., 4s, 1937	543 ₄ 711 ₂ b	545 ₈ 12 b 713 ₈ b		56 Jan 14 Jan	N. V. C & H —1st on 7s 1993	104 b. 104 131 131	b. 1034 Jan b. 1304 Jan	. 104 Jan.
				73½ Jan 110 Feb	Deb'nt're, 5s, coup., '84, 1904 N.Y.& Harlem—1st, 7s, reg., 1900	111 ¹ 4b. 112	b. 110 Mar 125½ Jan	. 112 Feb.
Central of N. J.—Cons. 7s, 1899. Convert. 7s, 1902. General mort. 5s. 1987	120 b.	. 120 b	97 Mar. 121 Jan	122 Jan.		96 114 114 ¹ 4	93½ Jan.	97 Jan. 115 Jan.
Leh & W P con 7c 1000 coint	1191.h	11034	110 ¹ 4 Jan.	128 Feb. 112 Jan.	N. Y. Lack. & W.—1st, 6s, 1921. Construction, 5s, 1923.	13334 1321 ₂ 110 b. 110	b. 13212 Jan.	134½ Feb. 111½ Feb.
do. Mortgage, 5s, 1912	10134a.	1043 ₄ a	103 Jan.	116 Jan. 103 Jan.	N.Y. L.E. & W.—1st, 6s, 1921 Construction, 5s, 1923 N.Y. L.E. & W.—1st, con.7s, 1920 Long Dock, 7s, 1893 Consol. 6s, 1935 2d consol. 6s, 1969	137	0. 137½ Jan. 108½ Jan.	139½ Jan. 110 Feb.
Central Pacific—Gold 6s, 1898	109½ 117¼b.	115 ¹ 4b.	107½ Jan. 112 Jan.	110 Feb. 11634 Mar	Consol. 6s, 1935	101 100%	120 Jan. 1061 ₂ Jan.	12249 Jan.
	1024b.		10134 Jan. 11512 Jan.	1021 ₂ Jan. 118 Feb.	N. Y. Ont. & W.—1st, 6s, 1914 Consol. 1st, g. 5s, 1939	110 ¹ ₂ 113 ¹ ₄ 1 96 ¹ ₂ b. 97 8	0. 1103a Mar	1133 Feb.
1st consol. 5s, 1939	100 4 109 b.	100 ¹ 8 109 b.	100 Mar. 110 Jan.	19134 Jan. 11312 Jan.	Consol. 6s, 1935 2d consol. 6s, 1969 N. Y. Ont. & W.—1st, 6s, 1914. Consol. 1st, g. 5s, 1939 N. Y. Sus. & W.—1stref., 5s, 1937 Midland of N. J.—1st, 6s, 1910 Norf. & W.—100-year 5s	97 b. 99 8 117 117 8	. 97 Mar	99 Jan.
Debenture 5s, 1913 Denver Division, 4s, 1922 Nebraska Extension 4s, 1927.	1031 ₂ b.	126-20,	126 Jan. 104 Feb.	127 Jan. 105 Jan.	Norf. & W.—100-year 5s1990 North. Pac.—1st. conp., 6s. 1921	95 995 ₈	95 Mar. 1133 Jan.	96 Feb.
Nebraska Extension 4s 1927	9270	927ab	92 % Feb.	95 Jan. 94 Feb.	Midland of N. J.—1st, 6s, 1910 Norf. & W.—100-year 5s 1990 North. Pac.—1st, coup., 6s, 1921 General, 2d, coup., 1933 General, 3d, coup. 6s, 1937 North Pac. & Mon.—1st, 6s, 1938 No. Pac. Ter. Co.—1st, 6s, 1933 Ohio Ind. & West.—1st, 5s, rec. Ohio & Miss.—Consol., 7s, 1898 Ohio Soutnern—1st, 6s, 1921 _2d, income, 6s, 1921	113 a. 11448	112 Mar.	
Chic. & E. Ill.—1st, s. f., 6s, 1907 Consol. 6s, 1934			118 Feb	118 Jan. 1211 ₂ Jan.	North Pac. & Mon.—1st, 6s, 1938 No. Pac. Ter. Co.—1st, 6s, 1932	104% 108%	109 ¹ 4 Jan. 104 ¹ 4 Mar.	
General consol. 1st, 5s, 1937 Chic. Gas. L. & C.—1st, g,5s,1937 Chic. Mil. & St. P.—Con. 7s, 1905	97 93	94 b. 931sb.	903 Jan.	100 Jan. 9434 Jan.	Ohio Ind. & West.—1st, 5s, rec	83 ¹ 4b. 83 ¹ ₂	106 Jan. 82 ¹ 4 Jan.	109 Feb. 8412 Feb.
		113 h	12450 Jan	127 Jan. 1143 Jan.	Ohio Soutnern—1st, 6s, 1921	108 a	11458 Feb. 108 Jan.	115 Jan. 1097 ₈ Jan.
1st, So. Min. Div.—6s, 1910	1143 ₈ b. 107	11434	113 Jan. 1054 Jan.	117 Jan. 108 Feb.	Omaha & St. L.—18t, 4s, 1937 Oregon Imp. Co.—1st. 6s, 1910.	7534b. 7512b	. 7312 Jan.	55 Jan. 7612 Jan.
wis, & Minn, Div.—58, 1921	103	103 h.	1024 Jan.	10278 Feb. 10334 Feb.	Omo Southern—1st, 6s, 1921 2d, income, 6s, 1921 Omaha & St. L.—1st, 4s, 1937 Oregon Imp. Co.—1st, 6s, 1910 Ore. R. & Nav. Co.—1st, 6s, 1909 Consol., 5s, 1925	109 ¹ 4b. 110 ¹ 9 103 103 ³ 4	101 ¹ 2 Jan. 109 Feb.	104 Jan. 113 Jan.
Chie. & N. W.—Consol. 78, 1915.	111	103¹8b.	103 Mar.	105 Jan. 144 Jan.	Oregon & Transcon'l—6s. 1922	106 ¹ 4b. 106	102 ¹ 4 Jan. 103 ³ 4 Jan.	104 Feb. 1064 Feb.
		126 b. 118 a.		12778 Jan. 117 Feb.	Peo. Dec. & Evans.—1st,6s, 1920	10 ¹ 4b. 109 ¹ 4b 104 b	101 Jan.	100 Mar. 104 Feb.
Sinking fund 6s, 1929	108 ab.	108½ 110½b.	108 ¹ 4 Jan. 109 Jan.	110½ Feb. 111¼ Feb.	Evans. Div.—1st, 6s, 1920 J 2d mort., 5s, 1927 Phila. & Read.—Gen. 4s, 1958 1st pref. income 5s, 1958 2d pref. income 5s, 1958	68 a. 68 a	101 g Jan. 69 Jan.	106 Feb. 72½ Jan 87 Jan
25-year debenture 5s, 19091 Extention 4s, 1926	96 ¹ 2b.	107½ 96½b.	96 Jan	10812 Feb. 9978 Feb.	1st pref. income 5s, 1958	82 84 ⁷ 8 65 ¹ 2	80½ Mar. 62 Mar.	8012 Jan.
Extention 4s, 1926	9318	93 b. 1307sb.	91½ Jan. 129¼ Jan.	95 Feb. 131 Feb.	3d pref. income 5s, 1958	3612 38	43 Mar. 36 Mar.	54% Jan. 49 Jan.
Extension & col. 5s, 1934 1 Ch.St.L.& Pitt.—1st,con.5s,1932 1	1047 ₈ 104 b.	104%	104 2 Jan.	10578 Feb.	2d pref. income 5s, 1958 3d pref. income 5s, 1958 3t pref. income 5s, 1958 Pittsb. & West.—1st, g., 4s, 1917 Rich. & All.—1st, 7s, Drexel cert. 2d mort 6s 1018 Dreselect	82 69 ¹ 2 68 ³ 4b	6812 Jan.	82 le Jan. 70 le Feb.
Chic. St. P. M. & O. –Con.6s, 1932 1 Cleve. & Canton—1st, 5s, 1917. C. C. C. & I. –Consol. 7s, 1914 1 General consol. 6s, 1934	21 ¹ 2a. 92 b.	1214	120½ Feb.	1221 ₂ Jan. 97 Jan.	Rich. & Dany.—Con., 68, 1915 1	37 ¹ 4b	37 Feb. 11512 Jan.	40 Jan. 117 Jan.
C. C. & I.—Consol. 7s, 19141 General consol. 6s, 1934	35 a.	135 a.	132½ Mar. 117¼ Feb.	135 Feb. 119 Feb.	Rich.& W.P. Ter.—Trust 6s, 1897	91 a. 90 b. 99 ¹ 8a. 99 ¹ 4a.	88 2 Jan. 99 Mar.	914 Feb. 103 Jan.
Col. Coal & Iron—1st 6s, 1900. 1 Col. H. Val. & Tol.—Con. 5s, 1931 General gold, 6s, 1904	04 b.	103½b.	1034 Jan.	108 Jan.	Con. 1st & col. trust, 5s, 1914 Rio G. Western—1st, 4s1939	77 b. 801 ₂ 701 ₂ 71	77 Mar. 70 Mar.	81 ¹ 4 Feb. 73 Jan.
General gold, 6s, 1904 Denver & Rio Gr.—1st. 7s, 1900 1	70 b.	73 b.	73 Mar.	.77 Jan.	St. Jos. & Gr. Isl.—1st, 6s, 1925.	12 b. 112 b. 04 b	110 Jan. 1043 Jan.	112 Feb. 106 Feb.
1st consol. 4s, 1936	7818 00 a	777 ₆ b.	76½ Jan.	79 Feb.	Coh. 18t & col. trust, 58, 1914 Rio G. Western—1st, 48 1939 B. W. & Ogd.—Con., ext,58, 1922 1 St. Jos. & Gr. 181.—1st, 68, 1925 1 St. L. Alt. & T. H.—1st, 78, 1894 2d, mort., pref., 78, 1894 1 St.L. Ark. & Tex.—1st,68, excoup. 2d, 68, 1936	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	110½ Jan. 107¾ Fep.	111 Feb. 111 Jan.
Det. B. C. & Alp.—Ist.g.,68, 1913 1 Det. Mac. & M.—Ld.gr.3 ¹ 28, 1911 Dul. So. Sh. & Att.—g., 58, 1937. E. Tenn V. & G.—Con. 5, 1956 1	36 b.	36 b.	100 Jan. 36 Jan.	38 Jan.	2d, 6s, 1936	8678 86 b. 24 25 a.	86½ Mar. 23½ Mar.	91 Jan. 29 Jan.
E. Tenn. V. & G.—Con., 5s, 1956 1 Knoxy, & O.—1st.6s.gold 1925	0614	10614	10310 Jan.	93½ Feb. 106¼ Feb.	2d mort 78 1997	04 ¹ 2b. 104 ¹ 4b.	104 Feb.	108 Jan. 10914 Feb.
Knoxv. & O.—1st, 6s, gold, 1925 1 Eliz. Lex. & Big San.—6s, 1902 1 Ft. W. & Denv. C.—1st, 6s, 1921 1 Gal H.& San Ant.—W.Div.1st, 5s Gulf Col. & San Es—1st 7s, 1900	96 03loh	100 a.	95 Mar.		Cairo & Fulton—1st, 7s, 1891 1 Cairo Ark. & Tex.—1st, 7s, 1897 1 Gen. R'y & land gr., 5s, 1931 St. L. & San Fr.—6s, Cl. A, 1906 1 6s, Class R. 1906	0158b. 1014b. 042b. 104 b.	100½ Jan. 1025 Jan	101% Feb. 105 Jan.
Gal H.& San Ant.—W.Div.1st, 5s Gulf Col. & San. Fe—1st, 7s, 1909	9438	93 b.	9314 Feb.	105½ Jan. 94% Mar.	St. L. & San Fr.—6s, Cl. A, 1906 1	90½b. 90 b. 13 11258b.	88 Jan. 1124 Feb.	91% Feb. 113 Jan.
Gold, 6s, 1923 Han. & St. Jos.—Cons. 6s, 1911. 1	16 h	76 b.	7418 Jan.	120 Feb. 77 ¹ 4 Feb.	6s, Class B, 1906. 1 6s, Class C, 1906. 1 General mort., 6s, 1931 1 S. P. M. & M.—Dak. Ext., 6s, 1910 1 1st consol., 6s, 1933	12 ¹ 2 112 ⁵ 8b. 12 ¹ 4b. 112 ³ 4	112½ Jan.	113 ¹ 4 Jan. 113 Jan.
mmois Central—48 1952	11	101½b.	1003 Jan.	121 Feb. 10214 Mar.	General mort., 6s, 1931	10 a. 110 a. 18 b. 118 b.	109 ¹ 4 Feb.	112 Jan.
Int. & Gt. No.—1st, 6s, gold, 1919 1 Coupon, 6s, 1909 Iowa Central—1st 5s, 1938	77 a.	75 b.	7314 Jan.	77 Feb.	Do reduced to Alea 1	01 h 1011ab	115% Jan.	118 ¹ 2 Jan. 120 Jan.
lowa Central—1st 5s, 1938. Kentucky Cent.—Gold 4, 1987. Kings Co. El.—1st., ser. A. 5s, 1925 1. Laclede Gas—1st, 5s	85 b. 84 ¹ 4 .	85 b.	85 Jan. 84 Jan.	100 Jan. 85 Jan.	Son A & Aron D lot a Colore	88 a.	8612 Jan.	10218 Feb. 8912 Jan.
aclede Gas—1st, 5s1919	83 10 b	86 a.	83 Jan.	105 Jan. 87 Jan.	1st, gold, 6s 1926 Shen. Val.—1st, 7s, 1909, Tr. rec. 1 General 6s, 1921, Trust rec So. Car.—1st, 6s, 1920, ex coup Income. 6s, 1921	87 88 a.	85 Jan. 854 Jan. 1134 Jan.	8734 Feb. 89 Feb. 1191 ₂ Mar.
ake ShoreCon.cp.,1st,7s,1900	25 b.		10 Feb. 24 Jan.	112 Feb. 126 Jan.	General 6s, 1921, Trust rec So. Car.—1st, 6s, 1920, ex coup	53 52 b. 99	48 Jon	55 Mar.
ong Island—1st, con., 5s, 1931 1	16	124 b. 1	234 Jan. 154 Mar.	125 Jan. 117 ¹ 4 Jan.	Income, 6s, 1931	9 a	7½ Jan.	99 Feb. 9 Jan.
N. O. & Mob.—1st, 6s, 1930	183sb. 1	98 181 ₂ b. 1	97½ Jan. 15 Jan.	99 Jan. 119 Jan.	So. Pac., Cal.—1st, 6s, 1905-12 1st, consol., gold, 5s, 1938	03 101 b	115 Jan.	107 Jan. 115 Jan.
N. O. & Mob.—1st, 6s, 1930. 1 do. 2d, 6s, 1930. 1 E. H. & N.—1st, 6s, 1919. 11 General, 6s, 1930. 11 Trust Bonds, 6s, 1922. 11 50-year 5s, 1937. 10 Collat. trust 5s, 1931. 14	184b. 1 0958b. 1	109 b. 1	15 ¹ 4 Jan. 06 Jan.	118 Feb. 110 ¹ 2 Feb.	So. Car.—1st, 6s, 1920, ex coup. Income, 6s, 1931. So. Pac., Ariz.—1st, 6s, 1909-10. 1s. Pac., Cal.—1st, 6s, 1905-12. 1st, consol., gold, 5s, 1938. 1st, consol., gold, 5s, 1938. So. Pac., N. M.—1st, 6s, 1911. 1tenn. C. I. & Ry.—Ten. D., 1st, 6s 18 Birm. Div., 1st, 6s, 1917. Tex. & Pac.—1st, gold, 5s, 2000. 2d, gold, income, 5s, 2000. Tol. A. A. & N. M.—1st, 6s, 1924.	07 b. 107 b.	107 Jan.	103 Mar. 107 ¹ 2 Jan.
General, 6s, 1930.	14 2b. 1 15 b. 1	14 b. 1	13 Jan. 13 Jan.	114 ¹ 2 Mar. 115 ¹ 2 Feb.	Birm. Div., 1st, 6s, 1917 Tex. & Pac.—1st, gold 5s, 2000	99½b. 99½	98½ Jan.	103 ½ Jan. 103 ½ Jan. 92 % Feb.
50-year 5s, 1937.	10 b. 1 09 b. 1	1138b. 1 09 b. 1	09½ Jan. 05½ Jan.	111 ³ 8 Feb. 106 Jan.	2d, gold, income, 5s, 2000 Tol. A. A. & N. M.—1st, 6s, 1924	38½ 385 ₈ 106¼a.	37% Feb.	40's Feb.
Collat. trust 5s, 1931 10 Ouis. N. A. & Ch.—1st, 6s, 1910 Consol., gold, 6s, 1916	08 a. 1	17 b. 1	0434 Jan. 11412 Jan. 1	110 Feb. 119 Feb.	Tol. A. A. & Gr. Tr.—1st, 6s, 1924 Tol. A. A. & Gr. Tr.—1st, 6s, 1921 Tol. & Ohio Cent.—1st, 5s, 1935 Tol. Peo. & West.—1st, 4s, 1917 Tol. St. L. & Kan.C.—1st, 6s, 1916 Union Pacific—1st, 6s, 1899	108 b.	105 Jan. 107 Jan.	107½ Jan. 110½ Jan.
Ouis. N. A. & Ch.—1st, 6s, 1910 11 Consol., gold, 6s, 1916 11 Louis. South., 1st g, 6s, 1917 2 Jouis. St. L. & Tex., 1st g, 6s, 1917 11 fetro. Elevated—1st, 6s, 1908 11	97 b. 1	03 b. 1 01 a.	03 Jan. 97 Feb.	105 Jan	Tol. Peo. & West.—1st, 4s, 1917 Tol. St. L. & Kan C.—1st, 6s, 1917	76½b. 77 a.	102 Jan. 76 Jan.	103½ Feb. 77 Feb.
Metro. Elevated—1st, 6s, 190811	1312 1	97%b.		104½ Jan. 101 Jan. 113½ Feb.	Union Pacific—1st, 6s, 1899 1	17½b. 116¾	115 Jan.	101 Jan. 11678 Mar.
Consol 5e 1000	27 ¹ 8 1	28 1	0578 Feb. 1 26 Jan. 1	1081 ₂ Jan.	Tol. 8t. L. & Kan. C.—1st, 6s, 1916 Union Pacific—1st, 6s, 1899 1 Sinking fund, 8s, 1893 1 Kansas Pacific—1st, 6s, 1895 1 1st, 6s, 1896 1 Denver Div.—6s, 1899	1034	1103 Mar.	116 ¹ 9 Feb. 112 Jan.
Ill. Lake Sh & W -let & 1001 10	00 1 2	211 ₂ b. 1	21 Feb. []	128 Jan. 111 Jan. 123 ¹ 4 Jan.	Denver Div.—6s, 1899	63.5 1161	113 Jan.	113 ¹ 2 Mar. 117 ³ 1 Mar. 117 Feb.
Conv. debenture, 5s, 1907 10 Exten. & Imp. s.f., 5s, 1929 10 filw. & North.—M. L., 6s, 1910 . 11 lst. Con. 6s, 1910 . 11	01 l ₂ b	02 ¹ 4a. 1	01% Jan. 1	04% Jan. 1054 Jan.	1st, 0s, 1896 Denver Div.—6s, 1899 1st consol., 6s, 1919 Oreg. Short Line—1st, 6s, 1922 Or. S. L. & Utah N.—Con.5s, 1919 Union Eleva.—1st, gu. 6s, 1937	13 113 a.	114 ⁵ 8 Jan. 112 ⁵ 4 Mar. 93 ¹ 2 Feb.	1164 Jan.
11th. & North.—M. L., 68, 1910. 11 1st, Con., 68, 1913	19 Joh. 1	11 ¹ 2a. 1	10 ¹ 4 Feb.	093 Mar	Vincinio Mid Con m F. 1000		93½ Feb. 107 Mar.	95 ¹ 4 Jan. 108 ¹ 8 Jan. 87 ¹ 2 Feb.
Co- 5, 100, 11 dot 100 0	43 ₄ 34 b.	74 a. 63 b.	72 Jan.	75% Feb.	do stamped guar.	8714 89 a.	87 Mar.	8819 Jan.
Con., 7s, 1904-5-6	4 ¹ 8 1	13 ¹ 4 1	10% Jan. 1 09% Jan. 1	66 Feb. 14 ¹ 4 Mar. 11 Jan.	2d mort., gold, 5s, 1939	03 ¹ 2 103 ¹ 4 80 ¹ 2 80 ¹ 4	804 Feb.	
Pac. of Mo.—1st, ext., 4s, 1938	6 b. 1	15 ¹ 4b. 1	14½ Jan. 1	15 Jan.	West Shore—Guar., 4s	8 b. 48 1518 105	1044 Jan.	86 ¹ 8 Jan. 53 Jan. 105 ¹ 2 Feb.
obile & Ohio—New, 6s. 1927.	212b. 1	02½b. 1	0114 Jan 1	01 ¹ 2 Jan. 03 Mar. 16 ¹ 2 Feb.	2d mort., 3g., 5sc., 1927.	4 ¹ 2b. 94 ¹ 2b. 1 b. 31 ¹ 8	924 Jan.	95½ Feb. 33% Feb.
10. Pacinc—1st, con., 6s, 1920. 11 3d, 7s, 1906	00 a.	63 b.	5714 Jan.	65½ Jan. 02¼ Feb.	Wabash—1st, gold, 5s, 1936 and 2d mort., gold, 5s, 1939 and 2d mort., gold, 5s, 1937 and 2d mort., 3g., 5sc., 1927 and 2d mort., 2d mort., 2d mort., 3g., 5sc., 1926 and 2d mort.,	919 101	99 Mar. 1	05 le Jan.
asn. Uh. & St. L1st. 78, 1913 13	23h. 1	32 h 1	324 Jan 1	33 Jan.			9678 Jan. 5512 Mar.	99 Jan.

More—The letter "b" indicates price bid, and "a" price asked; all other prices and the range are from actual sales

BONDS-STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS ON FRIDAY OF THE LESS ACTIVE RAILROAD BONDS

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES. ·	Bid	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	As
Railroad Bonds.	-		E. Tenn. Va. & Ga.—(Continued)— Eq. & Imp. g., 5s. 1938 Mobile & Biru.—1st, g., 5s. 1937 Alabama Central—1st 6s. 1918 Erie—1st, extended, 7s. 1897 2d, extended, 5s. 1919 3d, extended, 5s. 1920 5th, extended, 5s. 1920 5th, extended, 4s. 1928 1st, cons., fd. coup., 7s. 1920 Reorg., 1st lien, 6s. 1908 B. N. Y. & E.—1st, 7s. 1916 N. Y. L. E. & W.—Col. tr.,6s. 1922 Funded coup., 5s. 1969 Income, 6s. 1967	* 80	90	SECURITIES. Northern Pacific—(Continued)— Cœur d'Alene.—1st, 6s, gold. 1916 Cœur d'Alene.gen.1st, g., 6s. 1938 Cent. Washington—1st, g., 6s. 1938 Norfolk & West.—General, 6s. 1931 New River, 1st, 6s	-	1
(Stock Exchange Prices.) antie & Danv.—1st g., 68191	7 9834	101	Mobile & Birm.—1st, g., 5s. 1937	*	92	Cœur d'Alene,gen.1st, g.,6s.1938	107.12	
antic & Danv.—1st g., 6s191 l. & Pac.—2d W. D., gu. 6s, 190 lt. & Ohio—1st, 6s, Park B.191	1214		Alabama Central—1st 6s1918 Erie—1st, extended, 7s1897	11912		Norfolk & West.—General, 68.1931	120	10
18. & Olivers, 68, 1 at 2 3.5. 20ns. mort., gold, 5s 198 ech. Creek—1st, gold, 4s 193 st. H. Tun. & W.—Deb. 5s. 191 ooklyn Elev.—1st, g., 6s 192	107 8*110		2d, extended, 5s	115	110	New River, 1st, 6s	116 ¹ 2 108 ¹ 2	118
ech Creek—1st, gold, 4s193	99	91 101	4th, extended, 5s	*115		Adjustment M., 7s1924	109	
st. H. Tun. & W.—Deb. 58.191 ooklyn Elev.—1st, g., 68192	11212	113	1st, cons., fd. coup., 7s1920	*105	137	Clinch Val. 1st 5s1957	1034	
dd, 3-5s	9512		B. N. Y. & E.—1st, 7s1916	*13912		OhioInd.&West.—1st con. 681920	8314	1 8
Roch. & Pitts.—1st, 6s192	1 116	118	N. Y. L. E. & W.—Col. tr.,6s.1922 Funded coup., 5s., 1969	105 86		Reorgan. rec., 2d, 5s1938 Ohio & Miss.—Cons., S.F., 7s., 1898	521 ₂	
do Consolidat'd 1st, 6s. 192 rl Ced. Rap. & No.—1st, 5s. 190 consol. & collat. trust, 5s 193 finn. & St. I.—1st, 7s, gu 192 owa C. & West.—1st, 7s 190 cd. Rap. I. F. & N., 1st, 6s. 192 1st. 5s	97 ¹ 2 4 90	9212	Income, 6s	100		2d consol. 7s	1221 ₂ 1121 ₂	
dinn. & St. L.—1st, 7s, gu192	*100		Jefferson—1st, gu. g. 5s1909	105		General 5s	100	
owa C. & West.—1st, 7s190 led. Rap. I. F. & N., 1st, 6s,192	90 90		Eureka Springs R'y—1st,6s.g.1933 Evan. & T. H.—1st, cons., 6s.1921	116	120	General mort., gold, 581937	90	
			Mt. Vernon—1st 6s 1923 Evans, & Indian.—1st, cons 1926	*112	116	Ohio So.—Gea. m., g., 481921 Oregon & California—1st, 5s.1927		
nt. RR. & Bank.—Col.g.,5s.193	95	100 961 ₂	Flint & P. Marq.—Mert., 6s1920	12112	105	Pennsylvania RR.—	*115	
av.& west.—1st con. g.,5s,.192 at. of N. J.—Conv. deb., 6s.190	8 119		Fla. Cen. & Pen.—1st g. 5s1918	100 4		Pitts. Ft. W. & C1st, 7s1912		
ntral Pacific—Gold bds.,6s.189	5 112 ¹ 2 6 113 ⁵ 6		Gal. Har. & San Ant.—1st, 6s.1910 2d mort., 7s1905	* 95		3d, 7s	138	14
old bonds, 6s189	7 115%		West. Div., 2d 6s	95	9912	Clev. & P.—Cons., s. fd., 7s. 1900	128 104	1:
al. & Oregon—Ser. B. 68189	100		Grand Rap. & Ind.—Gen. 5s. 1924		93	St.L. V. &T. H.—1st, gu., 7s. 1897	و1131ء	3 1
lort. gold 5s	9 10312	10412	2d income, 1st subs. paid	2312		2d, 7s	*109	1::
o. Railway (Cal.)—1st, 6s. 190	113		Housatonic—Cons. gold 5s1937	107	10734	Peoria & Pek. Uion—1st, 6s1921	110 ¹ 2	2
s, gold, series A190	118	11912	Hous.& Tex.C.—1st, m. l. 7s.Tr.rec.	*	112	Phila. & Read 3d pref. convert	37	
es. O. & So. West.—2d, 6s191 leage & Alton—1st. 7s189	1 80 1 10878	8212	1st Waco & Nor.—7s1901	105		Pitts. Cleve. & Tol.—1st, 6s1922	4	. 10
tral Ohio Reor.—1st, 4*9s. 193 t. RR. & Bank.—Col.g., 5s. 193 av. & West.—1st con. g., 5s., 192 t. to f N. J.—Conv. deb., 6s. 198 old bonds, 6s.—1st con. g., 5s., 192 t. to f N. J.—Conv. deb., 6s. 198 old bonds, 6s.—1s8 ol	1214 118	$\frac{123}{119}$	2d m.8s.M. l. Trust receipts. 1913 Gen. mort.6s. Trust receipts. 1925	120 75	122 78	Pitts, Junction—1st 6s1922 Pitts, Mc, K, & Y.—1st 6s1932	115	
2d, 7s190	118		N. Y. L. E. & W.—Col. tr., 68. 1922 Funded coup., 5s	1064	92	St.L. V. &T. H.—1st, gu., 7s. 1897 2d, 7s. 1898 2d, guar., 7s. 1898 2d, guar., 7s. 1898 2d, guar., 7s. 1898 Peoria & Pek. Uion—1st, 6s. 1921 Phila. & Read.—3d pref. convert Pine Creek Railway.—6s. 1932 Pitts. Lieve. & Tol.—1st, 6s. 1922 Pitts. Junction—1st 6s 1922 Pitts. Mc. K. & Y.—1st 6s 1932 Pitts. Painsv. & F.—1st, 5s. 1916 Pitts. Y. & Ash.—Consol. 5s. 1927 Prese't & Ariz. Cent. 1st, 6sg. 1916 2d income, 6s 1962 Rich. & Danv.—Debenture 6s. 1927 Equip. M. s. f., g., 5s 1906 Atl. & Char.—1st, pref., 7s. 1897 do. Income, 6s. 1900 Rome Wat. & Og.—1st M., 7s. 1891 St. Jos. & Gr. Is.—2d inc. 1925 Kan. C. & Omaha—1st, 5s. 1925 St. Louis Atlon & Terre Haute— 2d mort., income, 7s. 1894		
t. L. Jacks. & Chic.—1st,7s.189 1st. guar. (564), 7s189	4 112 4 112		Springf. Div.—Coup., 681898	*111		Prese't & Ariz. Cent. 1st, 6s,g. 1916		:
2d mort. (360), 7s189	8 *115		Middle Div.—Reg., 5s1921 C. St. L. & N. O.—Tep. 1, 7s 1897	*115		2d income, 6s	103	1:
iss.R. Bridge—1st, s. f., 6s.191	2 107		1st, consol., 7s1897	11838		Equip. M. s. f., g., 5s1909	*105	
c. Burl. & Nor.—Deb. 68189 c. Burling. & Q.—5s, s. f190	1 1074		Gold, 5s, coupon1951	115		do. Income, 6s1900	10412	
owa Div.—Sink. fund, 5s191	9 97	9812	Memp Div., 1st g. 4s1951 Dub. & S. C.—2d Div., 7s1894	963 108	9712	St. Jos. & Gr. Is.—2d inc1925	* 30	1 9
lain, 4s	8958	9018	Ced. Falls & Minn.—1st, 7s1907	11719	78	Kan. C. & Omaha—1st, 5s 1927		- 1
c. & Indiana Coal—1st 5s.193 cago Milwaukee & St. Paul—	6	90	Ind. D. & Spr.—1st 7s, ex. cp. 1906	10012		2d mort., income, 7s1894	10412	2
st, 8s, P. D	8 1243 ₈ 8 116	118	Ind. Dec. & West.—M. 5s1947 2d M., inc. 5s1948		30	Bellev. & So. Ill.—1st, 8s1896	11718	8
st, 7s, \$ g., R. D 190	2 122	11116	Kan. C. Wyan. & N. W.—1st, 5s. 1938	109		Bellev. & Car.—1st, 6s 1923 Chi St L & Pad —1st gd g 5s 1917	105	i
st, La Crosse Division, 78.189	7 116	111 ¹ ₉ 116 ¹ ₄	Buff. & Er.—New bonds, 7s. 1898	12112		St. Louis So.—1st, gd. g. 4s.1931	79	1
st, I. & D., 7s	9 118	121	Det. M. & T.—1st, 7s1906 Lake Shore—Div. bonds, 7s. 1899	123	124	Car. & Shawt.—1st g. 4s1931	*	. 7
st, I. & D. Extension, 78190	8 125		Mahon'g Coal RR1st, 5s.1934		98	St. Louis & Chic.—1st, con. 6s. 1927 St. L. & I. M.—Ark, Br., 1st, 7s. 1895	10712	
st, H. & D., 78	0 122	104	Long Island—1st, 7s1898	12012		St. Louis & San Francisco—	10110	
owa Div.—Sink. fund, 5s. 191 Sinking fund, 4s. 199 lain, 4	0 *102 ¹ 2 0 116	104	2d mortg., inc		31	General 5s		
fineral Point Div. 5s191	0 10212		N. Y. & M. Beach—1st, 7s1897 N. Y. B. & M. B.—1st. g., 5s. 1935			1st, trust, gold, 5s	+:	1
argo & South., 6s, Assu192	4		Brooklyn & Mont.—1st, 6s1911			Ft. S. & V. B. Bg.—1st, 6s1910 St. I. K. & So. Wn.—1st. 6s1916		
Oakota & Gt. South., 58191	6 *	100	Smithtown&Pt.Jeff.—1st,7s 1901	*111	107	Kansas Mid'd.—1st, g. 4s1937	100	
len. mort. g. 4s, ser. A198 leago & Northwestern—	9542		Pensacola Division, 6s1907	106 1063	107 10838	2d mortgage 5s1931	105	i
Ssc. & L. S.—1st, 68190	1 11319		Brooklyn & Mont.—1st, 6s. 1911 Smithtown&Pt.Jeff.—1st, 7s 1901 Louis, & Nash.—Cecll. Br, 7s. 1907 Pensacola Division, 6s. 1920 St. Louis Division, 1st, 6s. 1920 St. Louis Division, 1st, 6s. 1920 Okashv. & Decatur—1st, 7s. 1900 St. 1,6s.—S. & N. Ala. 1910 10-40, gold, 6s. 1924 Pens. & At.—1st, 6s, gold. 1921 So. & N. Ala.—con. 5s. 1936 Nash. Flor. & S. 1st gu. 5s., 1937 Lou. N. O. & Tex.—1st, 4s. 1934 2d mort., 5s. 1934	$\begin{array}{c} 112\frac{1}{2} \\ 64 \end{array}$		Kan. C. & Omaha—1st, 5s 1927 St. Louis Alton & Terre Haute—2d mort., income, 7s 1894 Dividend bonds 1894 Bellev. & So. III.—1st, 8s 1896 Bellev. & So. III.—1st, 8s 1896 Bellev. & Can—1st, 6s 1923 Chi.St. L.&Pad.—1st, gd. g. 4s. 1931 do 2d income, 5s. 1931 St. Louis So.—1st, gd. g. 4s. 1931 St. Louis & Chic.—1st, con. 6s. 1927 St. L. & I. M.—Ark. Br., 1st, 7s. 1895 St. Louis & San Francisco— Equipment, 7s 1993 St. Paul & Walley—1st, 6s 1912 Kan. City & S.—1st, 6s 1916 Kan. San Mid'd.—1st, g. 4s 1937 St. Paul & Duluth—1st, 5s 1992 Minneap. Union—1st, 6s 1922 Mont. Cen.—1st, guar., 6s 1932 Souls Bay. & So.—1st, 5s., g. 1934 Shenandoah Valley—Inc., 6s. 1923 Souls Bay. & So.—1st, 5s, g. 1934 South Carolina—2d, 6s 1931 So. Pac. Coast—1st, Suar., 4s. 1937 Texas Central—1st, s. f., 7s 1901	111	1:
owa Midland—1st, 78190	0		Nashv. & Decatur—1st, 7s1900	1183	121	Minneap. Union—1st, 6s1922	411416	
hic. & Milwaukee—1st, 7s189	8 120 8 119		10-40, gold, 6s1910	*10612		East. Minn., 1st div. 1st 5s. 1908	101	i
Vin. & St. P.—2d, 78190	5 115		Pens. & At.—1st, 6s, gold1921 So. & N. Ala.—Con. 5s1936	*10812	10918	Shenandoah Valley—Inc., 6s. 1923	20	1
tt. C. F. & St. P.—1st, 5s190	9 108	110 109	Nash. Flor. & S. 1st gu. 5s.,1937	89	10234	Sodus Bay & So.—1st, 5s, g1924	*	. 1
cago Rock Island & Pacific—		100	2d mort., 5s	40		So. Pac. Coast-1st, guar., 4s. 1937		-
181, 2498	5	56	Zu nort., 08, 201 1392 Memphis & Charl68, gold. 1924 Mexican National -1st, g., 68. 1927 2d, income, 68, "A" 1917 2d, income, 68, "B" 1917 Michigan Central -68 1909 Coupon, 58 1931 Moximum 4a 1944	97	99	Texas Central—1st, s. f., 7s1909 1st mortgage, 7s1911		
Extension, 4s	5 103		2d, income, 6s, "A"1917	50 10	55 15	Texas & New Orleans—1st,7s. 1905 Sabine Division, 1st, 6s 1912 Tex. & Pac., E. Div.—1st, 6s. 1905	*102	1:
ic. & St. Louis—1st, 6s 191 ic. & St. P. & Kan. City—5s 193 linn. & N. W.—1st, g., 5s 193 ic. St. P. & Minn.—1st, 6s 191	5		Michigan Central—6s1909	*115	121	Tex. & Pac., E. Div.—1st, 6s.1905 Third Avenue (N.Y).—1st 5s, 1937	*107	i
linn. & N. W.—1st, g., 5s193	4					Tol. A. A. & Cad68	103	1.
t. Paul & S. C.—1st. 68191	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12512	Jack, Lan. & Sag.—681891 Mil.L.S.&WMich.Div.1st.68.1924	117	119	Tol. A. A. & Mt. Pl.—681918 Union Pacific—1st, 681896	1134	1
c. & W. Ind.—1st, s. f., 6s.191	9 113				105	1 1 st. 6 s 1 8 9 7	111449	2
Ham. & DCon. s. f., 7s.190	2 118 5 125		Incomes. Minneapolis & St. Louis.— Iowa Exten., 1st, 7s	-00		Collateral Trust, 6s 1908	*10712	
c. St. F. & Minn.—18t, 68.—191 c. & W. Ind.—1st, s. f., 68.—191 eneral mortgage, 68.——196 d. Ham. & D.—Con. s. f., 78.194 d. gold, 4½s.——196 d. L. & Chic.—1st,g.,4s.196 onsol. 68.	7		10Wa Exten., 1st, 7s	106	90	1st, 6s. 1898 Collateral Trust, 6s. 1908 Collateral Trust, 5s. 1907 Collateral Trust, 4 lgs. 1918	* 98	
onsol., 6s. 192 L. Jack. & Mac.—1st, g., 5s. 193 L. C. L. St. I. Coinciding 182	6 70		1st, g. 7s. 1927 2d mortg., 7s. 1891 Southwest Ext.—1st, 7s. 1910 Pacific Ext.—1st, 6s. 1921	* 85		C. Br. U. P.—F. c., 78 1895 Atch. Col. & Pac.—1st, 68 1905 Atch. J. Co. & W.—1st, 68 1905 U. P. Lin. & Col.—1st, g., 5s. 1918	95	-
.C. & St. L., Cairo div.—4s, 193	9	100	Pacific Ext.—1st, 6s1910			Atch. J. Co. & W.—1st, 6s1905	102	- 1
.C. & St. L., Cairo div.—48, 193 Col. Cin. & Ind.—1st, 7s,s.f.185 onsol. sink. fund, 7s191 ve. & Mah. V.—Gold, 5s193	4	122	Impr. & equipment, 6s1922 Minn. & Pac.—1st mortg., 5s.1936 Minn.S. Ste. M. & Atl.—1st, 5s.1926			Utan Southern—Gen., 181908	TITE	1
ve. & Mah. V.—Gold, 58193 orado Midland—1st, g., 68.193	8 *107		Minn.S. Ste. M. & Atl.—1st. 5s. 1926		96	Exten., 1st, 7s1909	11219	9 1
umbia & Green.—1st. 6s 191	65 - 14343		Mobile & Ohio-1st ext., 6s1927	72	116	Gold, 5s	100	i
d, 6s	6 * 80 4 914		Missouri Pacific — Trust 5s. 1917 Mobile & Ohlo—1st ext., 6s. 1927 1st pref, debentures. 2d pref, debentures. 8t. L. & Cairo—4s, guar. 1931 Morgan's La. & T.—1st, 6s1920	• 45		Utah & North.—18t, 78 190c Gold, 5s 192c Valley R'y Co of O.—Con. 6s. 1921 Wabash—Deb. M., series "A". 1938 St.L. K.C. & N.—R. E. & RR. 7s. 1895 St.C. harles Br'ge—1st, 6s 1895 No. Missouri—1st, 7s 1895 Wast Va. C. & Pitts.—1st, 6s. 1911	100	
l. Lack. & W.—Convert. 78,189 fortgage 78190	2 107 7 *13019		St. L. & Cairo—4s, guar1931 Morgan's La. & T.—1st. 6s. 1920	80 116	82	St.L.K.C.&N.—R.E.&RR.78.1895 St.Charles Br'ge—1st.6s1908	10912	. 1
lortgage 7s	6 *	136	1st, 7s	127	11319	No. Missouri—1st, 7s1895 West. Va. C. & Pitts.—1st, 6s.1911	115	13
2d, 7s191	1 1041	146 ¹ 2 104 ³ 4	1st, 7s		11349	Miscellaneous Bonds.		1
2d, 7s	0 120	131	N. O. & No. E.—Pr. 1., g., 6s. 1915 N. J. Junction—Guar. 1st, 4s. 1986 N. Y. N. H. & H.—1st, reg. 4s. 1903 N. Y. & Northern—1st, g 5s. 1927			Miscellaneous Bonds. Am. Water W. Co.—1st 6s1907 1st con., gold, 5s1907		1
1st, con., guar., 7s191	5 *141	143	N. Y. N. H. & H.—1st, reg. 4s. 1903	111	11218			
			2d, 4s1927	111 54	56	Cahaba Coal Min.—1st g. 7s1907 Col. & Hock. Coal & I.—6s, g1917 Consol'n Coal—Convert. 6s1897	96	
Soupon, 7s	4 1147 ₈ 7 142	1154	2d, 4s			Consol'n Coal—Convert. 6s1897 Equitable G. & F.—1st 6s1905	*102	::
lbany & Susq.—1st, gu.,7s.190	6 130	134	2d, 4 ¹ 2s			Hackensack Water—1st, 5s1926	104 1084	
180, cons., guar., 68190	1 *149	149	James River Val.—1st, 6s1936	10612		Henderson Bridge—1st g. 6s. 1931 Iron Steamboat Co.—6s1901 Northwestern Telegraph—7s, 1904	80	
dens. & Sar.—1st, coup., 78.192	1 1.40						10212	
18t, cons., guar., 6s	8 *	8212	North'n Pacific—Divid'd scrip ext. James River Val.—1st, 6s 1936 Spokane & Pal.—1st, 6s 1936 St. Paul & N. P.—Gen., 6s. 1937 Helenack Red M'n—1st, g., 6s. 1937 Duluth&Manitoba—1st, g., 6s1938 Dul. &Man. Dak. Div.—1st6s. 1937	106 ¹ ₂	110	Northwestern Telegraph	102-8	1

^{*}No price Friday; these are the latest quotations made this week.

New York City Bank Statement for the week ending March 1, 1890, is as follows. We omit two ciphers (00) in all cases.

BANKS. (00s omitted.)	Capital.	Surplus.	Loans	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits.
	\$	\$		\$	\$	
Bank of New York	2,000,0	1,668.7	11,800,0 10,205,0 7,392,0 9,284,0 11,041,4	2,110,0	420,0	10.970, 9,721, 7.815, 7.939, 10,755,
Manhattan Co	2,050,0	1,309,1	10,205,0	1,101.0	790,0	9,721,0
Merchants'	2,000,0	8-3,-	7,392,0	1,587,5	790,0 639,8	7,815,
dechanics'	2,000,0	1,773,0 1,782,9	9,284,0	1,516,0	445,0 517,1 237,0	7,939,
America	3,000,0	1,782,9	11,041,4	2,081,0 908.0	517,1	10,755
Phenix	1,000,0	551,9 2,342,8	4,731,0 10,721,1	908.0	237,0	9,000.
Tradesmen's	1,000,0	2,342,8	10,721,1	3,917,3	524,0	12,245,
Tradesmen's	1,000,0	219,0	2,047,3	270,8	126,8	1,768.
Ohemical	300,0	6,052,9	22,362,8	6,687,0	1,159,4	25,414, 4,339,
Merchants' Exch'nge	600,0	130,3	3,689,9	658,71	485,5	4,339,
allatin National Sutchers' & Drovers'.	1,000,0	1,372,5 287,7	5,182,3	746,7	334,6	4,248,
autchers' & Drovers'.	300.0	287,7	1,931,6	507.2 167.0 165.7	84,8	1,944,
Lechanics' & Tradere	200,0	21441	1,931,6 2,736,6 1,243,9 2,979,6 1,280,2 3,523,2 18,125,6	167.0	405,0	3,116, 1,229, 2,489,
reen wich	200,0	116,7 561,6 80,7 477,5	1,245,9	165,7	127,6 160,3	1,229,
eather Manufact'rs	600,6	561,6	2,979,0	489,8 283,7	160,3	2,489,
tate of New York	300,0	80,7	1,280,2	283,7	29,6 312,3	1,252, 2,744,
tate of New York	1,200.0	477.5	3,523,2	230.61	312,3	2,744.
merican Exchange.	5,000,0	1,631,5	18.125.0	2,895,0	775,0	15.479.
ommerce	5,000,0	3,281,6		1.871.0	1.622.4	12.287.
3rnadway	1,000,0	1,645,9	5 418.2	714,4	274,0	4.117.
Groadway	1,000,0	801,8	7.968.61	1 420 0	847.4	8,592.
acific	422,7	375,2	2,810,5	430.3	254.5	3 026
Republic	1,500,0	889,2	11,405,8	480,3 2,765,6	427,6	12,412, 6,216,
hatham	450,0	624,0	5,865,1	797,7	669,1	6.216
hatham	200,0	260,3	2,320,8	341.	150,0	2,9 9, 4,719, 16,121,
Peoples' North America	700,0	400 4	4,569,0	254 6	5974	4 719
Emover	1,000,0	1,293,9 280,3	14,528.9	4,241,4 672,7 545,7	592.4 581.6	16 121
wine	500,0	280 3	8,060,0	872	170.5	3 149
rving. htizens'	600,0	402,3	3,060.0 2,760,9 2,634,4	545 7	170,5 163,3 254,9 181,7	2 784
Tagger	500,0	105 5	2 834 4	268.8	9510	3,189, 2,784, 3,118,
Vassau Market & Fulton		195,8 697.5	4,155.7	857,0	1017	4,468,
EARROL & PHILOH	750,0	206.0	1,893,4	149.9	101,7	1.710.
t. Nicholas	500,0		3,054,0		150,9	3,538
hoe & Leather	500,0	246,3	6,608,3	499,0	325,0	5,624,
orn Exchange	1,000,0	1,120,9	4 304 3	886,0	212,0	4 020
Continental	1,000,0	277.0	4,394,0	598,0	655,5	4,938, 2,027, 22,063,
oriental Importers' & Traders	300,0	364,9 4,528,7	2,193,9 21,770,2	147,5	251,5 1,747.5	2,027.
importers & Traders	1,500.0	4,020,7	21,770,2	3,900,8	1,707.5	22,000.
Park	2,000,0	2,197.0	20,802.0	4,917,5	750,0	24,301,
North River	240,0	99,8	1,901,1	105,4	122,9 123,0	22,063. 24,301. 2,176, 1,130. 17,267, 7,594, 5,011,
Ea-t River	250,0	132.5	1,100,6	203,0	123,0	1,130.
Fourth National	3,200,0	132,8 1,543,1 563,7 255,5	21,770,2 20,802.0 1,957,7 1,155,6 17,263,6 7,460,0	203,0 3,487,0 784,0	1,043,0	17,267,
Central National	2,000,0	503,7	7,400,0	784,0	788,0	7,091,
second National	300,6	255,5		1,184,0	81,0	5,011,
Ninth 'ational	750,0	319,4	5,578,2	1,225,1	325,0	
ire. National	5 ,0,0	6,107,8	22,486,4	4,285,5	917.8	21,759.
Third National	1,000,0	307,4	7,387,4	1,863,3	504 0	8,470,
N. Y. Nat'l Exchange	300,0	138,4 437.2	7,397,4 1,461,3	342,9	92,5	1,472,
New York County	250,0	4 37.2	2,546,0 2,513,5	549,0	190,0	2,875,
New York County	200,6	289.6	2,513,5		190,5	2,394
erman-American	750,0	231,8	3.009.5	412.3	159,0	2,734,
hase National	500,0	752,9	9.884.9	2,138,6	1,039,1	11,757.
fifth Avenue	1 100.e	752,9 737,8 458,7	4,333,2	2,138,6 1,009,2 181,1 201,0	1,039,1 174,0	2,875, 2,894, 2,734, 11,757, 4,683,
erman Exchange	200,0	458,7	2,968,0	181,1	618,8	3,413, 3,021,
Jermania	200,0	391.0	2,573,9	201.0	346.5	3,021
United States	500,6	498.9	4.983.4	1.443.11	74.9	3,967
Ancoln	300.0	258.9	3.075,5	711.8	253,5	3,488
Partield.	200,0	296,7	3.032,6	518,7	356,5	3,812
With National	150,0	275.1	1 809.7	406,0	248,1	1,950
Bank of the Metrop.	300,0	512.3	4.319,1	913.4	238.1	4.941
West Side	200,0	231,5	2,107,0	318,0	236.0	2.189
Seaboard	500.0	145,8	4,004,0	546,0	722.0	4.749
Western National	3,500.0	258.0	9,4×4,1	2,652,5	304.5	9,072
First National, B'klyr	300,0	718,9	3,987,0	919,8	107,5	4,029
Total			400.710,9			
BANKS. Survivus.		1	1	Deposits.	1	1
N. York. \$ 118,483.1 18,483.1 15 118,483.1 121 118,483.1	404 050	0 00 070	91 500 4	190 120	2 2 207 7	700 000
4 0 118.483.	401,2.2	U HU, USB,	2 31,009,4	128,188,	3,337,7	762,925
1118,483	412,4-7	1 88.274,	3 27,484,5	431,599,	0 3,373,1	754,146
13 1118,483.	414,211.	F 85,912,	0 20,171,9	4.0,348,	4 3,392,3	679.961
21 1116,983,	9 414,074	U 82.911.	4 21,123,7	421.757.	2 3.356.6	1016.640

BANKS.	Surilus.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits.	Chatha!	Clearings
N. York.		. \$	*	. \$	\$	- 8	*
Feb. 1	118,483.6 118,483.6	401,272,0	90,056,2	31,509,4	429,188,3	3.337,7	762,925,7
15	118,483.6	414.211.9	85.912.3	29,171.9	4:0.348.4	3,392.3	679 961 4
* 21	1118,483,6	414,574.0	×2,911,4	27,723,7	427,737,2	3.346.6	596.640.5
Mch. 1 Boston.	118,483,6	409,710,9	79,847,2	27,171,8	418,619,2	3,350,7	768,981,1
Feb. 15		153,193,3		5,183,8	130,703,6	2,604,3	93.053.5
Mch. 21	65,492.3	162,052,8		5,219,9	128,749,5	2.624.8	76.726.
Phila.		151,281,5	9,239,1	5,130,2	126,205,7	2,632,2	93,031,4
Feb. 15	35,132,8			238,0	92,653.0	2,138.0	
Mah 21	34,591.8	56,296,0		254.0	91,676.0	2,131,0	78,848,8

dembia, the item "due to other banks."

Bank Stock List-Latest prices this week.

BANKS.	Bid.	Ask	BANKS.	Bid.	Ask.	BANKS.	Bid	Ask.
America		218	Fallatin	290	315	New York		250
Am. Exch	161	1t3		400	1	N.Y. County.	480	
Asbury Park		98	German Am.	120	127	N.Y.Nat.Ex.	135	
Bowery	275	310	German Ex.	260		Ninth	155	159
Broauway		300	Germania	270		N. America.		187
Butche'& La	190		Greenwich.	145		North River.	145	
Central	145	1150	Hanover		1	Oriental	215	
Chase	250		Hud River			Pacific	175	
Chatham	327		1m. & Trad's'		630	Park	285	315
Chemical	440C	5000	Irving			People's	230	310
City			Leather Mis'		255	Phenix	140	145
Citizens'	08.	184	Linceln	200		Produce Ex.	110	118
	230		Madison Sq	100	110	Republic	100	192
Commerce	203	210	Manhattan	190	1195	Seaboard	140	100
Commercial		112	Market& Ful	1915		Second	205	
Continental .		140	Mechanics'		225	Seventh	020	
Curu Exch			M'chs'& Trs'.	245	220	Shoe& Leath.	*****	
East River			Mercantile	995	230	St. Nichbias.	300	136
Jith Ward	1150				165	State of N.Y.		
Fifth Ave	1:00		Merch'ts Ex.		130		130	116
Fifth			Metropolitan		9			134
	2000		Metropolis			Tradesmen's.		87
Fust N , S. I		120	Mt Mornie	210		Unit'd States		
	165	1	Mt. Morris	050		Western	497	. 97
Fourth	160	165	Murray Hill.	250	100	West Side	200	
Fourth	Him	1103	Nassan	1170	175	11		1

City Railroad Securities-Brokers'. Quotations.

BI CACI DI	.00	EighthAvScrip, 68, 1914 106	110
let mort., 7s., 1900 114	116	42d & Gr'nd St. F'ry-Str. 200	
Br'dway & 7thAv. St'k. 220	225	1st mort., 7s, 1893 108	
1st mort., 5s, 1904 196	108	42d St. Manh. & St. N. Ave. 40	42
2a mert . 5s. 1914 104	105	1st mo: t., 6s, 1910 114	115 4
B'way Surface b'ds1924 105	106	2d mort., income,68 59	60
Bot de guar., 5s. 1905 92	96	Houst. W.St.& P. F'y-Stk. 200	100
Brooklyn City-Stock 160	165	1st mort., 78, 1854 1(9	110
1st mort., 5s, 1902 10c	106	Nintn Ave	110
1st mert., 7s, 19(8 108	110	Second AveStock 104	1064
Central Crosstown-St'k. 140	145	1st mort., 5s, 1910 105	1107
1st mort., 6s, 1922 119	1122	Sixth AveStock	1
Cent. Pk. N.& E. Riv Stk. 119	122	1st mort., 7s, 1890 105	106
Consols, 7s. 1902 118	121	Third AveStock 235	245
Christ'ph'r& 10th St Stk. 140		Bonds, 5s, 1937	230
Bonds, 78, 1898 110	113	Twenty-third StStock. 260	275
Dry Dk.E.B.& Bat'v-Stk 135		1st mort., 7s, 1893 107	109
1at mert. 7a. 1893 105	103	200 200 10, 10, 2000	1200
D.D. E.B. & B Scrip 6s., 100	103		1
Eighth AvStock 183	186	Alternative Colonia and Colonia	1

Quotations in Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Following are quotations of active stocks and bonds. A full list is given in the CHRONICLE the third Saturday of each month.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask
RAILROAD STOCKS.			Huntington & Broad Top Preferred	* 174	
Atchison & Topeka	333 9		Lehigh Valley	* 44	
	*21642		Little Schnylkill	***	69
Boston & Lowell	*17312 *212		Minehill & S. Haven	* 69 5312	
Roston & Maine	261		Nesquehoning Valley Northern Central		70
Boston & Providence California Southern Central of Massachusetts	101 ₄ * 141 ₂		North rennsylvania	88	
Central of Massachusetts	* 1412		Pennsylvania	* 54 18	
	* 31		Phil. & Erre	283	•••••
Chic. Burl. & North'n Chic. & West. Mich	28	30	United Co's of N. J	*23134	
Cleveland & Canton	20	30		201 4	60
Preferred		24	West Jersey & Atlantic RAILROAD BONDS. Allegh. Val.—7 3-10s, '96. Inc. 7s, end. coup., '94 Belved. Dela.—Cons. 4s		432
Concord	114		RAILROAD BONDS.	1101	
Connecticut & Passump	114	225	Inc. 7s and conn. 194	354	
Eastern	*14634		Belved, Dela,-Cons. 4s.	00%	105
Preferred		145	Bells Gap—1st M., 7s Catawissa—M. 7s, 1900 Clearfield & Jeff.—1st, 6s.		
Flint & Pere Marquette	* 85		Catawissa-M. 7s, 1900		1231
Flint & Pere Marquette	* 25		Clearfield & Jeff.—1st, 6s.	116	122
Preferred. Kan. C. Ft. Scott & Mem. K. C. Memph. & Birm.	* 70		Del & Rd R _ 1st 7a 1905	1804	220
K. C. Memph. & Birm		50	Easton & AmboyM. 58.	116	
	20	23	Elmira & Wilm1st, 6s	121	
Preferred	* 50		Harris. P. M't J.&L4s.	105	
Maine Central	130		Hunt'n & B. T.—1st, 7s	104	•••••
Mauchester & Lawrence. Mexican Central	* 1778		Consol M 8a	1034	•••••
N. Y. & N. Eng. com	* 44 4		Leh. V1st, 6s, C.& R '98	*117	
N. Y. & N. Eng. com N. Y. & New Eng., pref	*116		Clearfield & Jeff1st, 6s.; Connecting.—6s. Del. & Bd. B.—1st, 7s. 1905. Easton & Amboy.—M. 5s. Elmira & Wilm.—1st, 6s. Harris P. Mr J. & L. A. & Harris P. Mr J. & L. A. & Harris P. Mr J. & L. A. & Harris P. Mr J. & L. & Consol. Mr., 5s. Leh. V.—1st, 6s, C. & R., '98. 2d, 7s. reg., 1910. Cons. 6s, C. & R., 1923. North Penn.—1st M., 7s. General mort. 7s, 1903. N.Y. Phil. & Nort.—1st, 6s. Income, 6s.		137
Northern Norwich & Worcester	179		Cons. 6s, C. & R., 1923	1170	139
Norwich & Worcester	178	10	North Penn.—1st M., 7s.	1179	130
Ogdensb. & Lake Cham	*17618		N.V. Phil. & Norf —1st. 68	·1074	100
Old Colony Portland Saco & Ports		126	Income, 6a		50
Summit Branch			PennGen.6s, coup.1910	134	
Vermont & Mass	133 -	294	Cons. 6s, coup., 1905	122	
Wisconsin Central	. 29	29 42	Cons., 5s, coup., 1919	11119	107
Preferred	00		Perkiomen-1st se 5s. '18	102	101
BUNDS.			Penn.—Gen. 6s, coup. 1910 Cons. 6s, coup., 1905 Cons., 5s, coup., 1919 4 2s, '1' ust Loan Perklomen—1st se. 5s, '18 2d series 5s, 1918		
Atch. & Topeka-Gen., 4s	* 831		Pa. & N.Y.Can.—6s cp.'10 Phila. & Erie—Gen. 5s	62	
Income, 58	* 5434			1134	100
Exempt, 68		120	General mortg. 48	120	102
Non exempt, 6s.		108	2d. 7s. C. & R., 1893	11112	
Non exempt, 68	92		Cons., 7s, coup., 1911		131
Chic. Burl. & North. 1st 5s. 2d 6s, 18. Chic& West Mich. gen.5s	98	99	Cons., 6s, g., I.R.C.1911	1201	
2d 6s, 18	93	90	Cons., 6s, g., 1.897. Con., 6s, g., 1.80. Con., 6s, g., 1.80. Con., 6s, g., 1.80. Con., 6s, g., 1.80.	1013	
Consol of Ver non-52	* 884		Deferred incomes coun	1010	13
Cinical West Mich. gen.5s. Consol. of Ver nont—5s Current Riv.—1st,5s,1927 Det. Lans. & No.—M 7s. Eastern. Mass.—6s, 1906. Freem. Elk. & M. V.—1st,6s	100		Deferred incomes, coup Phil.W. & Balt.—Tr. c., 48 Pitts. Cin. & St. L.—78,cp.	1034	
Det. Lans. & No M 7s.	-1 54	104	Pitts. Cin. & St. L7s,cp.	115%	118
Eastern, Mass.—6s, 1906.	1914	100	Patts. Cin. & St. L.—7s, cn. Poughkeepsie Bridge—6s Schuyl. R. E. S.—1st, 5s Steuben. & Ind.1st m. 5s. United N. J.—G. 6s, 1901 Warren & Frank.—1st, 7s West Chest'r—Con. 7s, '91 West Ingress—1st 7s	* 801	
Treem. Elk.&M V.—1st,68	12112	123	Stauban & Ind lat.	106	
Chetamped 1st, 0s	*115		United N. JG. 6s 1901	109	
K.C. Memph. & Birm-08		9978	Warren & Frank1st, 7s	109	
Kan. Cit. St. Jo. & C. B78	121		West Cest'r-Con.7s, '91 West Jersey-1st M., 7s W. Jersey & Atl1sl, 6s West PennPitts. Br., 6s BALTIMORE. RAILROAD STOCKS	105 4	
K. City Clin. & Spr'd.—58 Little R. & Ft. Sm.—78 Louisv. Ev. & St. L.—1st, 68	100	*****	West Jersey-1st M., 78	*125	
Louisy Ev. & St. L. 1 at Ha	109		West Penn.—Pitta Pr 6a	111	
2d mort., 2-6s	8C	82	BALTIMORE.		
2d mort., 2-6s Mar. H. & Ont.—1925, 6s.		*****	RAILROAD STOCKS		1
		103	Dartinore & Onio	+101	
Mexican Cen —4s., 1911 1st con. inc.,3s, 1939 2d con. inc., 3s, 1939 N. Y. & N. Eng.—1st, 7s.	354	353	1st pref 2d pref	125	118
2d con, inc. 3s. 1939	35 %	22	Central Ohio	48	50
N. Y. & N. Eng1st. 7s.	*12ê		Preferred		
			Charl. Col. & Augusta		
2d most Re		108	Western Maryland RAILROAD BONDS		13
Od mont social C	1		Atlanta & Char lat 7a	1201	120
2d mort., scaled, 3s	#101 L		Income, 6s	120-3	107
2d mort., sealed, 3s Ogdens. & L. C.—Cons., 6s Rutland—1st. 6s 1902	*10112	112			
2d mort., sealed, 3s Ogdens. & L. C.—Cons., 6s Rutland—1st, 6s, 1902 2d, 5s, 1898.	101	112	Balt. & Ohio-48, 1935	101	
Ogdens. & L. C.—Cons., 6s Rutland—1*t, 6s, 1902 2d, 5s, 1898 Wiscon. Cent.—1st M., 5s	101 96 b	97	Balt. & Ohio-4s, 1935 Cape Fear & Yaq1st, 6s	101	109
2d mort., scaled, 3s Ogdens. & L. C.—Cons., 6s Rutland—1st, 6s, 1902 2d, 5s, 1898 Wiscon. Cent.—1st M., 5s Income, 5s.	101 101 96 10 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	97	Income, 6s. Balt. & Ohio-4s, 1935 Cape Fear & Yaq1st, 6s Cent. Ohio-6s, 1890		103
2d flort, scaled, 38 Ogdeus, & L. CCons., 6s Rutland-1-t, 6s, 1902 2d, 5s, 1898 Wiscon. Cent1st M., 5s Income, 5s.	1	97		1095	109
2d inort., scaled, 38 Ogdens. & L. C Cons., 6s Rutland-1-t. 6s, 1902 2d, 5s, 1898 Wiscon. Cent1st M., 5s Income, 5s.	1	97	Char. Col. & Ang.—1st, 7s	1095	108
2d mort., scance, 5s. Ogdens, & L. C.—Cons., 6s. Rutland—1st., 6s., 1902 2d., 5s., 1898 Wiscon. Cent.—1st M., bs. Income, 5s. PHILADELPHIA. RAILBOAD STOCKS;	35%	57	Char. Col. & Aug.—1st, 7s Cin. Wash. & Balt.—1sts. 2d. 5s.	1095	
2d mort., scanco, os ogdens. & L. C.—Cons., 6s Rutland—1st. 6s, 1902 2d, 5s, 1898 Wiscon. Cent.—1st M., bs Income, 5s PHILADELPHIA. RAILROAD STOCKS Canden & Atlantic, pref. Catawissa 1st nef.	35%	57	Char. Col. & Aug.—1st, 7s Cin. Wash. & Balt.—1sts. 2d. 5s.	1095	
Zu mort., scanco, 58, CC.—Cons., 68 Rutland—1st, 68, 1992 2d, 58, 1898 Wiscon. Cent.—1st M., 58 Income, 58 PHILADELPHIA. RAILROAD STOCKS 1 Camdeu & Atlantic, pref.		57	Char. Col. & Ang.—1st, 7s	1095	36

† Per share. * Last price this week. N. V. and Brooklyn Gas Securities... Brokers' Operations

N. Y. and Brookly	n Ga	s Sec	urities—Brokers' Quo	tatio	ns.
GAS COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask.	GAS COMPANIES.	Bid.	[As]
Brooklyn Gas-Light Citizens' Gas-Light Bonds, 5s	100	111 70 103	People's (Brooklyn) Williamsburg Bonds, 6s Metropolitan (Brooklyn)	121	82 123 112
Jersey City & Hoboken Metropolitan—Bonds Mutual (N. Y.)	116	120	Municipal—Bonds, 7s Fulton Municipal Bonds, 6s.	124	97 125 105
Bonds, 6s Nassau (Brooklyn) Scrip	118	102 120 102	Equitable	119	120 112

New York Stock Exchange-Unlisted Securities.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.
Alabama & Vicks	2719		1st pref		5
do. do. corsols-	83		Kanawha& Ohio-1st 6s	73	78
do. do. 2d5s	61	85	K miy muoni.	240	4 %
Am, Bank Note Co	42	64	Lehigh & Wilkes Coal.	23	
Am. Pig I on Stor'ge war.		19	Little R. & Mem. 1st 5s	71	74
Am. Caule Trust	10	25	Louisv. St. Louis & Tex.	32	38
Atl. & Char, Air Line	90		Meriphis& Cha'st consols	114	120
1st, 7s, 1907	120	121	Mex. Nat. Construct'n Co.	18	23
Brooklyn Elev'd-stock		38	Michigan & Ohio	10	20
Brunswick Co	* 31		Mt. Des.& East Sh. Ld.Co.	.50	1.25
California Pacific	9		Newb. Dutch & Conu		1.20
1st mort., 4 \28			N. J. Southern		
Ch. & Atl. Benefic, tr. rec.	64	712		39	0.2
Cincipati & Springf	1			22	25
Comstock Tunnel	17c.	100	Newp. N. & Miss. Val	17	19
			N. Y. V. S. & Buff		
1st income 4s	30	17.	N. Y. & Green'd Lake, 1st		33
Continental C n. & Imp	45	47	2d mort	64	
do. Trusteed stock	16	17	N.Y. Loan & Impr	50	54
Di tillers' & Catele F. Tr.		3712			
Dal. S. shore & At Stk.	4	6	Missouri Divis on		
Pref	16	18	North Riv. Cons. Co.scrip.	30	
East Te: n. Old		14	Ohio Central	14	10
Do., pref		14	U.I.&W1st acc.int.cert.	62	65
Gorgia PuoStock	*144			26	29
1st 6s	11212		Ocean SS. Co 1st, guar	101	1021
Consol. 5s	8178		Pensacula & Atlantic.	4	8
Income 5s	28	30	Postal Telegraph-Cable.	30	33
Gt N. ribern Pref	7410			104	11.
Ill. Coal & Cose	*303			154	15%
* newton to Ohio	. 20.8		West, N. Car -Con fig	94	97

Investment Railroad Intelligence.

The Investors' Supplement, a pamphlet of 150 pages, contains extended tables of the Funded Debt of States and Cities and of the Stocks and Bonds of Railroads and other *Companies. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month-viz., January, March. May, July, September and November, and is furnished without extra charge to all regular subscribers of the CHRONICLE. Extra copies are sold to subscribers of the CHRONICLE at 50 cents each, and to others at \$1 per copy.

The General Quotations of Stocks and Bonds, occupying six pages of the CHEONICLE, are now published on the

third Saturday of each month.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

Poste	Latest E	Carnings R	Reported.	Jan. 1 to 1	Latest Date.
ROADS.	Week or Me	1889-90.	1888-9.	1889-90.	1888-9.
Allert Wei	Tanu	100	8	8	\$ 000
Allegheny Val. Anniston & Atl.	January January	183,517	169,069 8.243	183,517 8,205	169,069
Anniston & Cin.	January	8,205 12,232	8,106	8,205 12,232	8,243 8,106
Atch. T. & S. Fe.	3d wk Feb. 3d wk Feb.	493,589 29,228	411,805 27,110	3,650,937	2,954,869
Half owned Total system	3d wk Feb.	522,817	438,915	200,963 3,851,899	229,951 3,184,819
Atlanta & Char.	Decemb'r.	149.998	129.103	1,516,416	1.325.122
Atlanta & W.Pt.	January	50,655	48,266 21,500	50,655	48,266 21,500 477,459
Atl. & Danville. Atlantic & Pac.	January 4th wk Feb	37,000 54.279	44.933	37,000 421,726	477,459
B.&O. East Lines	January	1,480,680	1,234,234	1.480.680	
	January	410,057	372,081	410,057	372,034 1,606,318
Bal. &O. Southw.	January 4th wk Feb	1,890,737 41,489	1,606,318 40,329	410,057 1,890,737 367,711 134,099	341.050
Bait, & Potomae	January	134.099	115,701	134,099	115,701
Beech Creek Bir.Selma&N.O.	Decemb'r.	78,307 2,200 36,658	85,115 1,835	800.141	913.334
Buff. Roch. & Pitt	January 4th wk Feb	36,658	36.872	2,200 $255,740$	1,835 330,876
Burl. & Northw.	January		4.862	4.215	4,862
Burl. & Western Camden & Atl.	January January	4,471	3,449	4,471 35,483	3,449
Canadian Pacific	4th wk Feb	35,483 231,000	36,04 1 227,000	1,845,141	36,041 1,741,984
Cp. F'r& Yad. Val	January.	39,762 101,764	34,786	39,762	34,786
Cen RR & Ba Co	Decemb'r.	101.764 873,967	77,972 690,695	854,960	908,324 690,695
Cen. RR. & Bg. Co Central of N. J. Central Pacific.	January January Decemb'r .	893.974	1,044,919	873,967 893,974	1.044.919
Central Pacific	Decemb'r.	1,013,271	1,272,917	893,974 15,530,215	15,838,832
Central of S. C Centr'l Vermont	Decemb'r. Wk Feb. 1	10,812 78,689	70.685	105,566 379,693	103.312
Charlest'n & Say	January	73,899	8,974 70,685 61,992	73.899	61.992
Chat.R'me&Col.	January	32.500	10.012	73,899 32,500	337,440 61,992 16,012
Cheraw. & Darl.	Decemb'r.	8,506 145,981 174,206	7,675 $105,756$ $170,326$		82,149 868,000 170,326
Ches. & Ohio Ches. O. & S. W.	4th wk Feb January	174,206	170,326	174,206	170,326
Cheshire	January Decemb'r.	******		1,157,000 174,206 643,924	093,478
Ches. & Lenoir . Chic. & Atlantic.	Decemb'r. 4th wa Feb	7,052 47,577	7,266 40,516	74,290 410,211	79,181 331,713
Chic. Burl. & No	January	119,000	158,628	119,000	158,628
Chic. Burl. & Q.	January	2,181,408	1,916,205	2,181,408	158,628 1,916,235
Chie.& East. III.	January 4th wk Feb	55 264	548,421 55,018	536.0.1 439.242	548,421 $431,156$
Chic. Mil. & St.P.	4th wk Feb	55,264 482,000	462.002	3,586,911	3,332,518
Chic. Mil. & St.P. Chic. & N'thw'n.	January	1,857,673 5,803	1,613,245	1.857.673	1,613,245 7.872
Chic. & Oh. Riv Chic. Peo. & St. L.	January Decemb'r.	32,047	26,156	5,808 376,166	7.872
Chic.St.P.& K.C.	4th wk Feb	81,496	48,997	661.782	312,168 394,595
Chic.St.P. & K.C. Chic.St.P. M. & O. Chic. & W. Mich	Decemb'r.	81,496 583,539 26,045	457,576 24,920	6,422,644 198,397	6,416,320 193,344
Cin. Ga. & Ports.	4th wk Feb January	26,045	3,976	3,702	3,976
Cin. Jack, & Mac	3d wk Feb.	3,702 10,560	10,689	72,5881	75.134
Cin. N. O. & T. P. Ala. Gt. South.	3d wk Feb. 3d wk Feb.	80,293 37,144	51.206	592,131 288,779	516,872 $261,344$
N. Orl & N. E.	3d wk Feb.	20,879	19 735	288,779 173,677	164,430
N. Orl. & N. E. Ala. & Vicksb.	3d wk Feb.	11,267	10,743	104.014	91,810
Vicks. Sh. & P.	3d wk Feb.	11,267 10,385	33,436 19,735 10,743 10,179	100,438 1,259,039	87.094
Erlanger Syst. Cinn. Northw'n.	3d wk Feb. January	159,968 2,256	124,299 1,410	2 256	1,121,550 1,410
Cin. Sel. & Mob.	January	7.548	11.867	7,548	11,867
Cin. Wab. & Mich.	January	37,564 15,095	36,475	37,004	36,475
Clev. & Canton	3d wk Feb. Decemb'r.	41.933	36,475 12,132 32,201	105,481 448,612	85,923 379,184
Cl.Cin.Ch.& S.L.	3d wk Feb.	222,179	205,059	1,613,629	1.493.543
Clev. & Marietta Color. Midland.	January 3d wk Feb.	19.033	19.740	19.033	199 691
Col. & Cin. Mid.	4th wk Feb	34,100 6,231	30.950 6.707	235,392 53,749	19,740 199,681 53,776
Col. & Cin. Mid Col. Hock. V.& T.	Decemb'r.	184.996	220.503	2.509.518	2,893,970
	January	1,241 $13,369$ $39,540$	1,507 8,236	1,241 13,369 39,540	1,507
Day. Ft. W. & Ch.	January 4th wk Feb	39,540	8,236 36,932	39,540	8,236 36,932
Coving.&Mac'n. Day.Ft.W.&Ch Denv. & Rio Gr.	4th wk Feb	131,630	131.600	1,109,930	1,069,669
Den. Leadv. & G. Den. Tex. & F.W. Det. Bay C. & Alp Det. Lans'g & No Duluth 8.8. & Atl	Ath wk Ion	96,991 62,878	70,727 50,444	1,008,235 247,304	1,065.387 190,537
Det. Bay C. & Alpl	4th wk Feb	12,985	10,867	90,352	80,262
Det.Lans'g & No	4th wk Feb	20,958	20,095	15:.537	80,262 146,341
Duluth S.S.& Atl E.Tenn. Va.&Ga.		25,769 $129,014$	18,127 116,413	230,479 979,516	179,582 849.653
Eliz. Lex. &B.S.		T-0,014		815,830 35,794	1.008,690
Evans. & ind'plis	Decemb'r	62,933		35.794	41,842
	Decemb'r	62,933 3,249	5,841	149 400	
Fitchburg	Decemb'r . 4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb	17,935	$\frac{5,841}{15,958}$	143,426	134,356
Flint & P. Mara	Decemb'r. 4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb January 4th wk Feb	17,935 448,215 71,412	5,841 15,958 425,169 44,078	143,426 $448,215$ $478,011$	134,356 425,169 373.5: 9
Flint & P. Mara	Decemb'r. 4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb January 4th wk Feb	17,935 448,215 71,412	5,841 15,958 425,169 44,078	143,426 448,215 478,011 203,461	134,356 425,169 373.5: 9 189,138
Flint, & P. Marq. Flor. Cent. & P. Ft. Mad. & N'w'n	Decemb'r. 4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb January 4th wk Feb 3d wk Feb. January	17,935 $448,215$ $71,412$ $26,125$ $1,745$	5,841 15,958 425,169 44,078 25,200 2,115	143,426 448,215 478,011 203,461 1,745	134,356 425,169 373,5:9 189,138 2,115
Fitenburg Flint, & P. Marq Flor. Cent. & P. Ft. Wad. & N'w'n Ft. W. Cin. & L. Ga. RR. & B. Co.	Decemb'r. 4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb January 4th wk Feb 3d wk Feb. January November. Decemb'r.	17,935 $448,215$ $71,412$ $26,125$ $1,745$ $26,198$	5,841 $15,958$ $425,169$ $44,078$ $25,200$ $2,115$ $21,68$	143,426 448,215 478,011 203,461 1,745 283,701 1,616,914	134,356 425,169 373.5:9 189,138 2,115 246,920
Fitenburg Flint, & P. Marq Flor. Cent. & P. Ft. Mad. & N'w'n Ft. W. Cin. & L. Ga. RR. & B. Co. Geo. So. & Fja	Decemb'r. 4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb January 4th wk Feb 3d wk Feb. January November. Decemb'r.	17,935 448,215 71,412 26,125 1,745 26,198 158,080	5,841 15,958 425,169 44,078 25,200 2,115 21,685 156,849	143,426 448,215 478,011 203,461 1,745 283,701 1,616,912 51,902	$134,356$ $425,169$ $373,5 \cdot 9$ $189,138$ $2,115$ $246,920$ $1,53 \cdot 06$ $14,520$
Fitchburg. Flint, & P. Marq Flor. Cent, & P. Ft.Mad. & N'w'n Ft. W. Cin. & L. Ga. RR. & B. Co. Geo. So. & Fia. Gr. Rap. & Ind.	Decemb'r. 4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb January 4th wk Feb. January November. Decemb'r. January 3d wk Feb.	17,935 448,215 71,412 26,125 1,745 26,198 158,080	5,841 15,958 425,169 44,078 25,200 2,115 21,685 156,849	143,426 448,215 478,011 203,461 1,745 283,701 1,616,914 51,902 290,400	134,386 $425,169$ $373,5:9$ $189,138$ $2,115$ $246,920$ $1,538,006$ $14,520$ $281,839$
Fitonburg Fint. & P. Marq Fior. Cent. & P. Ft. Mad. & N'w'n Ft. W. Cin. & L. Ga. RR. & B. Co. Geo. So. & Fia Gr. Rap. & Ind Cin. R. & Ft. W. Other lines	Decemb'r. 4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb January 4th wk Feb 3d wk Feb, January November, Decemb'r January 3d wk Feb, 3d wk Feb, 3d wk Feb	17,935 448,215 71,412 26,125 1,745 26,198 158,080	5,841 15,958 425,169 44,078 25,200 2,115 21,685 156,849	143,426 448,215 478,011 203,461 1,745 283,701 1,616,914 51,902 290,400	134,356 425,169 373,5; 9 189,138 2,115 246,920 1,53×,006 14,520 281,339 59,801
Fitonburg Fint. & P. Marq Flor. Cent. & P. Ft. Mad. & N'w'n Ft. W. Cin. & L. Ga. RR. & B. Co. Geo. So. & Fla. Gr. Rap. & Ind. Cin. R. & Ft. W. Other lines Grand Trunk	Decemb'r. 4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb January. 4th wk Feb, January. November. Decemb'r. January. 3d wk Feb, 3d wk Feb, 3d wk Feb,	17,935 448,215 71,412 26,125 1,745 26,198 158,080	5,841 15,958 425,169 44,078 25,200 2,115 21,685 156,849	143,426 448,215 478,011 203,461 1,745 283,701 1,616,912 51,932 290,400 53,541 22,758 2,664,180	134,356 425,169 373,5:9 189,138 2,115 246,920 1,53×,906 14,520 281,339 59,801 24,364 2,531,862
Fitonburg Fint. & P. Marq Fior. Cent. & P. Ft. Mad. & N'w'n Ft. W. Cin. & L. Ga. RR. & B. Co. Geo. So. & Fia Gr. Rap. & Ind Cin. R. & Ft. W. Other lines	Decemb'r. 4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb January. 4th wk Feb, January. November. Decemb'r. January. 3d wk Feb, 3d wk Feb, 3d wk Feb,	17,935 $448,215$ $71,412$ $26,125$ $1,745$ $26,198$	5,841 15,958 425,169 44,078 25,200 2,115 21,685 156,849	143,426 448,215 478,011 203,461 1,745 283,701 1,616,914 51,902 290,400	134,356 425,169 373,5,9 189,138 2,115 246,920 1,53×,006 14,520 281,339 59,801

	ROADS.	Latest	Earnings H	deported.	Jan. 1 to	Latest Date.
1.	IWADS.	Week or M	1889-90.	1888-9.	1889-90.	1888-9.
6	fulf & Chicago.	January	8 3,273	\$ 4.243	3,273	4,243
I	Iousatonic Iumest'n&Shen	Decemb'r	3,273 111,198 13,000	4,243 86,107 10,829	1,261,261	1,126,494 10,829
1	ll.Cen.(Ill.&So. Cedar F.&Min.	January	1 180 683	1,127,146 6.852	1,180,683	1,127,146
	Dub. & Sio'x C. lowa lines	January January January	5,242 143,281 148,523	120,856	5,242 143,281 148,523	120,856 127,708
ı	Total all	January	1,329,206	34,579	30.2.6	1.2.14.854
I	nteroc'nie (Mx) owa Central	Decemb'r. 4th wk Feb	120,200	74,625 26,747 4,436	250,309	945 917
J	ron Railway	January Decemb'r.	71.117	4,436 62,979	340.812	4,436
K	anawha& Ohie an. C. Cl. & Sp	3d wk Feb. 3d wk Feb.	9,503	5,053	37,091 50,272	34,885 36,416
K	.C.F.S. & Mem. .C.Mem. & Bir.	3d wk Feb. 3d wx Feb.	90,103	95,560 15,500	661,820 200,494	669,075 160,514
K	. C. Wy. & N.W entucky Cent eokuk & West.	January January 2d wk Feb.	51,300 71,442	26,430 68,848	51,300 71,442	26,430 68,848 39,341
1 K	ingst'n & Pem.	3d wk Feb.	6,478 2,633	68,848 6,391 2,877	71,442 43,524 16.740	39,341 17,627 500,286
L	noxy. & Ohio. Erie All. & So	Decemb'r . January	50,421 4,500 48,953	40,599 5,345 53,582	581,504 4,500 413,251	500,286 5,345 388,775
L	Erie & West ehigh & Hud	4th wk Feb February	20,848	53,582 18,253 13,587	44,190	30,125
L	ong Island a. & Mo. River.	3d wk Feb. February .	12,916 182,832	13,587 165,432 33.508	99,051 336,427	103,479 353,180
L	ouis. Ev. & St.L.	1st wk Feb			463,028 95 947	451,901 108,923 2,745,375
Į,	ouisv. & Nashv. ouis. N. A & Ch. ouisv.N.O. & T.	4th wk Feb		357,633 40,394 55,761	3,042,337 312,076 631,301	307,581
L	ou. St.L.& Tex.	February .	27,037		58,597	472,463
M	ouisy. South'n. Iemphis & Chas	3d wk Feb.	32,960 39,006	32,527 40,211	32,960 294,997	32,527 294,643
117	Mexican Cent Mex. Nationa! . Mexican R'way	4th wk Feb 4th wk Feb Wk Jan.25	138,321 77,598	127,907 70,165 76,608	1,121,096 625.755 275,146	928,449 576,987
M	lil. L.Sh. & West lilwaukee & No	4th wk Feb	88,473 61,579 25,500	46,226	439,213 200,708 8,120	303,334 357,407
M	Ineral Range	January	113 192	23,620 8,515 83,390	8,120 113,192	163,217 8,515 83,390
1 M	.St. P. & S.S. M.	January.	201,351 639,764 247,544	93,075	201,351 639,764 539,590	93.075
M	lo. Kan. & Tex. lobile & Ohio lontana Union.	February . Decemb'r .	247,544	470,842 277,059 57,204	539,590 766,161	470,842 561,261 775,155
M	lonterey&M.G	February .	68,366 29,700 308,586	293,080	53,400	293,080
N	ew Brunswick. . Jersey & N. Y.	January Decemb'r	308,586 62,981 19,502	58,620 18,001	308,586 62,981 244,319	58,620 242,003
1 4	ew Orl. & Guil	January.	14.486	15.459	14,685	5.1 1.880
N	. Y. C. & H. R. . Y. L. E. & W. . Y. Pa. & Ohio	January Decemb'r.	2,703,853 2,155,785 591,544	2.461,730 $1,924,231$ $533,271$	5,627,259 2,155,785 6,653,816	1,924,291 $6,227,531$
N	V & Northin	January	434,407 42,602		431,407	412 578
N	. Y. Ont. & W	4th wk Feb January	104,466	42,910 31,730 103,248	42,602 249,919 104,466	42,910 221,933 103,248
15	theast'n (S. C.)	4th wk Feb	80,483	89.695	931.034	770.111
N	orth'n Central. orthern Pacific	January 4th wk Feb	63,707 559,118 353,622	53,616 $464,749$ $351,305$	617,265 559,118 2,417,732 62,311	610,596 464,749 2,376,557
8	nio Ind. & W.	2d wk Feb. 1	12,066 31,280	30,645	199,373	
0	hio & Miss hio & Northw	4th wk Feb January	57,437 15,687	5:,722 13,799 720	15,687	173,253 603,187 13,799 720
0	Col. & Maysv.	4th wk Feb	9,058	8,480	613 84,298	72,011
0	io Val. of Ky.	January 2d wk Feb.	44,966 3,738 50,261	43,126 2,336 38,980	44,966 22,191 50,251	46,126 13,192
lo 0	maha & St. L regon Imp. Co. reg. R. & N. Co.	January Decemb'r.	310,541	335,582	4,336,618	38,880 4,856,051
0	re.S. L.& Ut. N.	Decemb'r.	470,038 553,406	525,534 574,672 4,314	6,104,602 6,512,345	6,379,797 5,770,541
P	regonian ennsylvania eoria Dec.&Ev.	Decemb'r . January	7,402 5,142,311	1,528,746	72,946 5,142,311 111,436	70,313 4,528,746 121,002
P	etersburg hila. & Erie hila. & Read'g.	January	13,596 43,061 327,811	$\begin{array}{c} 14,015 \\ 42,671 \\ 258,570 \end{array}$	43,031 327,811	42,671 258,570
P	hila. & Read'g.	January	1,566,730 117,457	1,463,302 115,701	1,566,730 1,403,645	1,463,302
1.	ittsb. & West'n Pitts.Clev.&T. Pitts.Pain.&F.	Decemb'r	38,001 21,613	40,308 21,682	430.796	1,280,653 $479,148$ $270,652$
P	Total system t. Royal & Aug. t. Roy. & W. Car.	4th wk Feb Decemb'r	37,658 26,845	33,226 25,205	314,552 315,757 364,788	306,614 317,608
P	t.Roy.& W.Car.	Decemb'r . January	39,520 10,477	41,169	10,2,71	335,576
Q	res. & Ariz. Ceu. uincy O. & K.C. ich. & Danville.	January February .	18,025 479,300	11,925 $20,133$ $431,700$	18,026 971,429	20,133 839,638
1	Vir. Mid.and	February .	150,300	125,400 80,999 74,383	318,556 169,510	269,762 164,565 143,550
1	Char.Col.&Au. Col. & Greenv. West. No. Car.	February .	84,450 83,750 77,450	71.723	172,618	144.190
	Georgia Pac Wash.O.& W	February . February .	161,825 7,950	5,939	356,700 16,698	235,289 12,810 19,011
	Wash.O.& W Ashv. & Spart. Total Sys'm.	February . 4th wk Feb	10,800 168,600	165,3 0	21,532 2,181,138	1.828.614
K	ich. & Peterso.	3 wka Fob	27,236 65,275 8,300 281,141	24,087 63,850	27,236 172,650	24,087 176,875
R	ome & Decatur ome W. & Ogd. Jos. & G. Isl.	January January	281.141	4,000 252,312	8,900 $281,141$ $228,437$	4,000 252,312 159,972
1 30	.L.A. XI.H.DS	THE WELCO	25,435 18,730	25,381 17,882	180,665	158,863 515,587
St	.L. Ark. & Tex. .L.Des M. & N. L.& San Fran.	January	93,389 5,273 137,656	68,109 4,531 109,090	606,349 5,2.3 929,614	4,531 834,568
St	Paul & Dul'th	February .	76,745 445,114	72,234	165,574 954,491	132,353 776,444
30	East, of Mina. Montana Cent.	February .	24,025 57,495	20,058 45 957	65,684 132,017	36,005 90,010
8.	Ant.&Ar. Pass.	3d wk Feb.	26,316 7,942	22,409 10,133	219,907 59,501	147,663 73,101
Se Se	attle L. S. & E.	January 2d wk Feb.	22,447 5,750	15,072 • 3,344	22,447 32,959	15,072 25,938
80	cioto Valley nenandoah Val	January Februa. v	50,088 87,000	50,8011	50,088 178,615	50,801 - 109,722
30	outh Carolina D. Pacific Co.—	January	137,000	57,000 134,588	137,600	131,598
	Gal. Har. &S.A. Louis'a West.	Decemb'r.	331,061 107,977	344,922 83,167	3,937,291 1,101,569	3,804,676 966,495
	Morgan's L&I.	Decemb r.	22,333	83,167 581,420 15,839	5,452,017	966,495 5,228,103 146,527
	N. Y. T. & Mex. Tex. & N. Grl. Atlantic sys'm	Decemb'r.				
1 _	Atlantic sys'm Pacific system Total of all.	Decemb'r.	3,702,854	3,977,694	46,359,875	46,699,615

5	Latest E	arnings R	eported.	Jan. 1 to Latest Date.	
ROADS.	Week or Mo	1889-90.	1888-9.	1889-90.	1888 9.
		\$	* \$	*	. \$
o. Pac. RR.—	1				
No. Div. (Cal.)		126,318	154,388	2,234,711	2,085,938
So. Div. (Cal.)		457.105	546,492	6,068,498	6,668,601
Arizona Div	Decemb'r.	144,682	175,552	1,851,117	2,099,141
New Mex. Div.	Decemb'r.	75,359	85,913	940,882	1,003,638
spar. Un. & Col.	Decemb'r.	12,808	11,301	121,989	105,127
Staten I. Rap. T.	January	51,616	48,942	51,616	49,942
Summit Branch.	January	62,632	119,560	62,632	119,56
Lykens Valley	January	55,699	88,200	55,699	88,20
Tenn. Midland		17,097	11,964		11,96
Texas & Pacific.	4th wk Feb	146,964	121,285	1,188,215	980,48
Tol. A. A.& N. M.	4th wk Feb	28.147	19,412	181,109	138,07
Tol. Col. & Cin	4th wk Feb	5,461	3,932	43,157	33,86
Tol.& Ohio Cent.	4th wk Feb	20,135	19,811	184,703	158,62
Toi.& O.Cen.Ex.	January	8,270	6,926	8,270	6.92
Tol. P. & West		19,562	19,478		125,34
Tol. St. L. & K.C.	4th wk Feb	30,150	16,830		132,31
Union Pacific			2,331,897		2,331,89
Total system					
Valley of Ohio			53,700		569,73
Vermont Valley		11,670	12,416		12,41
Wabash		237,870	235,223		1,817,62
Western of Ala.	January	61,530	60,021		60,02
West. N. Y. & Pa			60,600		470.23
West Jersey		93,367	82,959		82,95
W.V.Cen.&Pitts		69,377	61,020		61,02
Wheeling & L. E			18,203		140,87
Wil. Col. & Aug		84,713	77,878	891,380	800,32
Wisconsin Cent					487.66
Wrightsv.& Ten					

For the fourth week of February the gain is 8.87 per cent

4th week of February.	1890.	1889.	Increase.	Decrease.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Atlantic & Pacific		44,933	9,345	*******
Balt. & Ohio Southw	41,489	40,329	1,160	
Buffalo Roch. & Pitts	36.658	36,872		214
Canadian Pacific	231,000	227,000	4,000	
Chesapeake & Ohio	145.981	105,756	40,225	*******
Chicago & Atlantic	47,577	40,516	7.061	
Chicago & East. Illinois	55,264	55,018	246	
Chicago Mil. & St. Paul.	482,000	2 462,002	19.998	
Chicago St. P. & K. City.	81,496	48,997	32,499	
Chicage & West Michigan.	26.045	24,920	1.125	
Col. & Cin. Midland	6,231	6,707	-,	476
Denver & Rio Grande	131,630	131,660	30	
Detroit Bay C. & Alpena.	12,985	10,867	2.118	
Detroit Lans. & North	20,958	20,095	863	
Duluth S. S. & Atlantic	25,769	18,127	7.642	
Evansville & Indianap	3,249	5.841	7,042	2,59
Evansville & Terre H	17,935	15,958	1.977	2,0
Flint & Pere Marquette	71,412	44.078	27,334	
Iowa Central	32.376	26,747	5,629	
Lake Erie & Western	48.953	53,582		4.004
Louisville & Nashville			*******	4,62
Louisv. N. Alb. & Chic	354,180	357,633		3,45
Louisv. N. Alb. & Chic	39,223	40,394	000	1,17
Louisville N. O. & Texas. Mexican Central	56,154	55,761	393	
Mexican National	138.321	127,907	10,414	
Milmonkee I Ch & West	77.508	70.165	7,343	
Milwaukee L. Sh. & West. Milwaukee & Northern	61,579	46,226	15,353	******
Name Warkee & Northern	25,500	23,620	1,880	
New York Ont. & West	33,490	31,730	1,760	
Norfolk & Western	80,483	89,695	*******	9,21
Northern Pacific	353,622	351,305	2,317	
Ohio & Mississippi	57,437	51,722	5,715	
Ohio River	9,058	8.480	578	******
Peoria Decatur & Evansy.	13,596	14,015	********	41
Pittsburg & Western	37,658	33,226	4,432	
Rich. & Dany. (8 roads).	168,600	165,300	3,300	
St. L. Alt. & T.H. Brehes.	18,730	17,882	848	
St. Louis Ark. & Texas	93,389	68,109	25,280	
St. Louis & San Francisco.	137,656	109,090	28,566	
Texas & Pacific	146,964	121,285	25,679	
Toledo Ann A.& No. Mich.	28,147	19,412	8,735	
Toledo Col. & Cincinnati.	5,461	3,932	1,529	
Toledo & Ohio Central	20,135	19,811	324	
Toledo St. L. & Kan. City.	30,150	16,830	13,320	
Wabash (consol, system).	237,870	235,223	2,647	
Western N. Y. & Penn	63,600	60,600	3,000	
Wheeling & Lake Erie	21.883	18,203	3.680	
Wisconsin Central	82,289	65,373	16,916	
Total (54 roads)		3,642,874	345,261	22,166
Net increase 18.87 p. c.)			323,095	

Owing to heavy storms causing wathouts on New River Division coal traffic was entirely suspended five days.
For the month of February we have received returns altogether from 90 roads, the aggregate earnings of which show an increase of 11.86 per cent over the same period in 1889, as follows:

Month of February. y. 1890. 1889. Increase. P.C. 20,799,764 18,594,725 2,205,039 11.86 For the third week of February our completed statement covers 84 roads, with a gain of 15.90 per cent.

3d week of February.	1890.	1889.	Increase.	Decrease.
	*	\$	*	8
Prev'ly report'd (51 roads)	4.037.738	3,493,657	554,331	10,250
At. Top. & S.F. & I'd roads	493.589	411,805	81.784	
Cin. N.O. & T. P. (5 roads).	159.968	124,299	35,669	
Cleveland Akron & Co!	15.095	12.132	2,963	
East Tennessee Va. & Ga.	129,014	116,413	12,601	
Flint & Pere Marquette.	61.037	43,359	17,678	
Florida Cent. & Peninsula.	26.125	25,200	925	
fGrand Trunk of Canada.	339.595	327,288	12,307	
tChicago & Gr. Trunk.	72.847	65,846	7,001	
Detroit Gr. H. & Mil.	18,733	15,489	3,244	
Kansas C. Cl. & Spr	9,503	5,053		
Kansas C. Ft. S. & Mem.	90,403	95,560		5,157
Kansas C. Mem. & Birm .	23,053	18,500	4,553	
Kingston & Pembroke	2,633	2,877		244
Little Rock & Memphis	12,916	13,587		671
Memphis & Charleston	39,006	40,241		1.235
Bich. & Danv. (8 roads)	320,200	223,650		

For week endug Feb. 22.

3d week of February.	1890.	1889.	Increase.	Decrease.
13	8	- 8	8	\$
Rio Grande Western	23,375	23,075	300	
St. Joseph & Gr. Island	25,435	25.381	54	
St. L. Alt. & T. H. Brches.	23,150	22,006	1,144	
San Antonio & Ar. Pass	26.316	22,409	3.907	
San Francisco & No. Pac.	7.942	10.132		2.190
Toledo Peoria & Western.	19,562	19,478	84	
Total (84 roads)	5,977,235	5,157,437	839,545	19,747
Net increase (15.90 p. c.)			819,798	

Net Earnings Monthly to Latest Dates. - The tables following show the net earnings reported this week, the returns for each road being published here as soon as received, but not kept standing from week to week. The figures cover the latest months and the totals from January 1, and also the totals for the fiscal year on those companies whose fiscal year does not correspond with the calendar year.

_	-Gross Ea	rnings	-Net Ear	nings
Roads.	1890.	1889.	1890.	1889.
Allegheny ValleyJan.	183,517	169,069	65,835	71.381
Centr'l of N. Jersey Jan.	893,974	1,044,919	341.397	471,494
Chesapeake & Ohio Jan.	585,000	443,000	101,000	95,000 708,206
July 1 to Jan. 31 Chie. Burl. & North'n. Jan.	4,120,235	3,137,090 158,628	1,194,696 29,735	50,408
Chie. Milw. & St. P. Jan.	119,000		453,244	394,169
July 1 to Jan. 31	1,794,411 16.585.711	1,655,910 15,969,551	6,373,897	6,008,620
Chic. & West MichJan.	98,260	97,843	21,749	18,146
Cin. N.O. & Tex. Pac. Jan.	358,691	319,378	128,000	121,000
July 1 to Jan. 31	2,547,721	2,226,610	1,027,000	778,333
N. O. & Northeast. Jan.	104,719	100,808	35,000	30,305
July 1 to Jan. 31	677,255	595,010	198,000	145,305
Ala. & VicksburgJan. July 1 to Jan. 31	68,318 414,946	56,853 $343,078$	$23,000 \\ 134,000$	$\frac{25,000}{122,000}$
Vicks. Shrev. & Pac. Jan.	66,512	53,624	19,000	12,000
July 1 to Jan. 31	435,380	388,221	139,000	116,000
Colorado Fuel CoJan.			28,539	23,876
July 1 to Jan. 31			192,062	159,406
Det. Lans. & North'n. Jan.	77,810		14,554	8,258
Kan. C. Ft. Scott & M. Jan.	410,026		119,225	101,686
July 1 to Jan. 31	2,996,669	2,695,720	1,018,780	932,163 559,703
Louisv. & Nashville.Jan. July 1 to Jan. 31	1,571,327	1,398,847 9,706,103	613,723 $4,668,111$	3,774,383
Louis, N. O. & Texas. Jan.	375,005	256,699	143,815	81,034
N.Y. Ontario & West. Jan.	122,618		10,772	5.100
Oct. 1 to Jan. 31	592,223	514,863	80,396	40,700
Northern Pacific Jan.	1,177,400		283.232	339,197
July 1 to Jan. 31			6,158,082	4,696,223
Ohio & MississippiJan. July 1 to Jan. 31	319,768 $2,574,055$	$318,922 \\ 2,447,388$	72,554 $873,575$	86,232 $698,173$
Philadelphia & Erie. Jan.	327,811	258,570	85,956	38,463
Pres:& Arizona Cent. Jan.	10,477		7.036	8.085
Rome Wat. & Ogdens. Jan.	281,141		107,868	90,174
Oct. 1 to Jan. 31	1,259,794		573,173	489,521
West'n N. Y. & Penn. Jan.	256,272	247,290	67,752	47,395
Oct. 1 to Jan. 31	1,160,210	1,094,474	316,224	265,567
Whitebr'st Fuel CoJan.			19,977	4,649
July 1 to Jan. 31	005 550	050.004	87,260	103,175 $41,322$
Wisconsin CentralJan. July 1 to Jan. 31	325,579 $2,811,020$	256,634 $2,411,897$	79,665 1,108,486	754,409
July 2 to built of	1889.	1888.	1889.	1888.
St. L. Alt. & Terre H. Dec.	104,287	106,422	53,861	56,684
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	1,110,426		496,433	439,055
Wheel'g & Lake Erie. Dec.	83,734		34,199 197,044	$32,183 \\ 168,672$
July 1 to Dec. 31	490,128	447,554	107,044	100,012

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

(For the year ending December 31, 1889.)

The full text of the annual report of Mr. G. B. Roberts, President of this company, will be found on a subsequent page, containg statistics of the traffic and earnings of the past year. Remarks upon the report will also be found in the editorial columns. The earnings, general income account and balance sheet for three years, compiled for the Chronicle, are given herewith, presenting an interesting comparison.

CARNINGS ON ALL LINES BOTH EAST AND WEST OF PITTSBURG & ERIE.

| 1887 | 1888 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 | 1889 |

The following statement shows the detailed income account of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for the years 1887, 1888 and 1889, the "net income" given in the first line being the amount of income after deducting interest payments. INCOME ACCOUNT.

Net income Penn. RR. Division. Net loss or gain on New J. Div. Loss on Pitts. & Erie Div	\$10.441,287 -227,991	\$9,979,: 99 -160,501 9,637	1889. \$10,870,351 +138,712 16,316
Balance From this balance deduct-	\$10,213,290		\$10,992,747
Advances to Penn. Co. charged to Penn. RR. income Payments to trust fund	78,624	\$1,020,000 71.121	8
Consol. mortgage redeemed Allegheny Val. RR.—Deficiency Penn. Canal on acc't of int	324,800 352,835	324,800 100,730	324,800 16 ⁰ ,179 18 ² ,510
Am. SS. Co.—To meet int. guar. Settlement of balances under	90,000	90,000	45,000
trunk line pool	167,183 175,000		
properly chargeable to capital	1,241,115	1,161,547	1,530,913

n	1887.	1888.	1889.
Balance to Feredit of income after deducting all payments Dividends	\$7,783,739 5,418,702 (5 ¹ 2)	\$7,040,963 5,327,270 (5)	\$9,655,912 5,327,270 (5)
Balance to credit of profit and loss account for year Balance in settlement of claims	\$2,365,037	\$1,713,693	\$3,328,612
and old accounts, &c	-381,437	-93,272	+119,370
Balance	\$1,983,600	\$1,620,421	\$3,448,012 2,609.325
Add profit and loss Jan. 1	\$1,983,600	\$1,620,421 17,608,943	\$858,687 19,229,368
Balance profit and loss Dec. 31			\$20.08°.055
40			420,000,000
GENERAL BAI	LANCE DECEMB	BER 31.	
	Assets.		
	1887.	1883.	1889. \$
Construct'n, equip't, &c., railroad	as		
between Phila. & Pittsburg	81,638,003	84,134,800	90,201,206
Cost of bonds of railroads		36,156,454	35,919,813
Cost of stocks of railroads Cost of bonds and stocks and in	63,654,469	65,428,789	66,106,632
Vestm'ts not otherwise enum't	'd 9,610,239	7,710,796	7,808,471
Penn RR. Co. Oct 9. 1878 Penn. RR. consol. mort., less r	3,828,517	3,907,141	3,978,261
deemed and canceled			1,622,030
Insurance fund	10,000	10,000 87,350	10,000
Mortgages and ground rentals.	60.130	87,350	68,150
Freight balances due	467,715	102, 89	205,100
Cost of anthracite coal lands Securities of United N. J. Comp	446.024	446,024	
transferred with lease	3,817,015	3,774,895	3,774,895
Equipment of United N. J. Co	8.	3,112,000	0,114,000
transferred with lease	1,376,931	1.242,436	1,006,346
Fuel and materials on hand		3,784,217	
Bills and accounts received le, as amounts due from other road including advances, viz.:	ls,		
United N. J. RR. & Canal Co.			
Construction	2,072,120	2,466,864	2,923,999
Slukg. Jund & redemptio	n. 2.984.870	3,247,:90	2,122,460
Real estate	1,640,739	1,767,440	1,873,062
Phil. & Trenton—Construc'n	1 1,025,405	1,048,596	
Real estate	244,495	266,944	
Other companies	8.867.433	10,533,231	13,897,554
Cash balance in London	1.093,146	1,120,986	1,220,716
Cash in hands of agents	2,682,294	2,589,162	1,220,716 2,976,741
Cash in hands of Treasurer	3,521,799		4,788,350
Total	228,715,058	233,064,538	246,013,759
1			
	1887.	1888.	1889.

	1887.	1888.	1889.
Capital stock	100 544 500	100 545 400	110 400 000
Funded debt	64 007 000		113,488,600
Funded debt		64,6 1,498	
Mortgages and ground rents	1,948,956	1,958,786	2,923,381
Penns'Ivania Co. for Insurance on			
Lives, &c., "Trust certificates"	8,174,000	8.089.000	8.089.0 0
Har. Pt. Mt. J. & Lan. stock guar.	1,182,550	1,182,550	
" 4 p. c. bonds guar.	700,003		
Balances due other roads	786,190	911,191	974,339
Pay-rolls and vouchers for Dec'ber		5,801,403	
Cash divide d uppaid	96,533		
Dividend ser poutstanding	1,303	1,283	
Sundry accounts due other roads.			
	8,560,685	11,804,388	12,431,843
Securities of the United N. J. Co's,			
transferred with the lease	3,817,915	3,774,893	3,774,895
Equipment of United N. J. Co's,			
transferred with lease	1,376,951	1 242,436	1,006,346
Fund for the purchase of securi-			, ,
ties guaranteed (trust of Oct. 9,			
1878)	3.907.140	3,978,262	4.(65,695
Consol. n ortgage bonds redeemed			
Balance to profit and loss	17,608,948		
balance to pront and loss	17,000,940	19,229,368	20,068,056
Total	228,715,051	233,064, 38	246,043,759

Texas & Pacific Railway. (For the year ending December 31, 1889.)

The report of Mr. Jay Gould, President, remarks: "In order to make a comparison with the previous year it will be necessary to bear in mind that in the year 1888 betterments were charged in separate accounts, whereas in 1889 \$310,853 of betterments were charged direct to operating expenses. Notwithstanding this fact, the per cent-of expenses, as compared with the previous year, shows a decrease of 3-98. If betterments had been charged to separate account, the per cent of expenses would have been only 68-7, or a decrease of 8-6 per cent. There was no appreciable increase in the receipts during the first six months of the year, but during the last six months the business of the road was larger than ever before, and shows the handsome increase of \$543,416, as compared with the previous year. Rates, as a rule, were well maintained. Net earnings for transportation compared with the previous year show an increase of \$398,930, or over 27 per cent."

The company at the close of the fiscal year was practically free from debt, its available assets being sufficient to meet all its obligations. The current floating indebtedness at the close of the fiscal year was as follows:

Vouchers and pay-rolls unpaid, including bal- ances due other roads. Equipment obligations. Interest due and accrued Unadjusted accounts, in suspense	\$807,194 387,447 224,439	
		\$1,634,710
Which was offset by:		4-1
Due from agents and foreign roads	\$996,146	
Cash on haud	221,118	
Land notes receivable	167,093	
Material on hand	169,448	
Unadjusted accounts	82,565	
		\$1,636,371

Under the head of general liabilities will be noted Texas school fund loan, \$150,096. This loan is protected by a deposit with the Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia of \$167,000 new first mortgage bonds, more than sufficient to retire it at any time. Also will be noted the item, interest scrip income and land grant bonds, \$332,932. This scrip is retirable under the provisions of the reorganization agreement with the income and land grant bond holders. In the last annual report the amount of this scrip outstanling was \$614,342; of this \$230,000 has been retired and canceled during the past year. Of the old bonds unredeemed \$55,000 are temporarily held by the Texas & Pacific land trust, and can be considered as redeemed.

as redeemed.

The statement of amounts expended during the year for new equipment and other betterments shows a total of \$498,-627, of which there was charged to operating expenses \$310,853 and to income account \$187,773.

The following statement shows the classified tonnage carried during the years 1888 and 1889:

	188		18	99.——
		Per Cent.	-	Per Cent.
	Tons.	to Total.	Tons.	to Total.
Cotton bales*	83,156	05.71	121,235	08.39
Flour and grain	61,099	05.18	79,518	05.20
Mis. agricultural products	75,184	06.07	85,026	05.89
Live stock	120,034	09.69	116,736	08.08
Mis. animal prod .cts	12,110	00.97	14,811	61.03
Forest products		22 88	345,472	23.91
Prod. of mines (quarries, &c.)	235,660	19.02	214,459	14.84
Manuf'tures and merch'se	365,069	29.48	467,494	32.36
m .tol	1 999 994	100:00	1 444 741	100:00

*There were 484,938 bales during 1899 and 332,624 bales in 1998.

The earnings from through and local freights, respectively, were as follows in 1889: [Through, \$2,420,384; local,

ively, were as follows in 1009; 1111043, 1243,246.

"The New Orleans division is now in excellent condition, and with a very small expenditure for additional ballast can be maintained at as low cost as any line of railway running out of the city of New Orleans. The entire division is laid in steel, and is safe for any speed which it may be desirable to make. During the year there were purchased some two thousand tons of 63-pound steel rails, which were laid on the eastern division, where the traffic is very heavy. The lighter steel which was taken up from this division was hauled west and placed on the Rio Grande division, to replace old iron rails, of which there still remain on that division about 256 miles. There are also 16 miles of old rail on the transcontinental division west of Sherman. With these exceptions the entire road is laid in steel. It will require about five thousand tons of new steel during the present year to take the place of the worn rails on the Rio Grande division. The policy of getting heavy steel and laying it where the traffic is large, and taking the lighter steel out west, will be continued." * *

"The motive power and equipment of the road, with the

"The motive power and equipment of the road, with the exception of the passenger coaches, have probably never been in such good condition as at the present time. Five hundred new box cars and twenty-five 19x24-inch Baldwin freight locomotives were purchased on the car-trust plan and delivered in the early fall.

The comparative statistics for 1888 and 1889 have been compiled for the CHRONICLE as follows:

complication the chinesische as rolls		
OPERATIONS AND FISCA	L RESULTS.	
	1888.	1889.
Miles operated	1,487	1,497
Operations-		
Passengers carried	956,171	1,054,083
Pas enger mileage	58.4 2,794	61,508,509
Rate per passenger per mile	2.66 ets.	2 72 ets.
Freight (:ons) moved	1,233,338	1,444,751
Freight (tone) mileage	323,154,906	361,935,642
Average rate per ton per mile	1.36 ets.	1.34 ets.
Earnings-	8	Bibni
Passenger	1,556,735	1,675,474
Freight	4,350,107	4,853,630
Mail, express, &c	437,544	388,598
Tetal gress earnings	6,374,386	6,917,802

	1838.	1889.
Operating expenses -		1.241.693
Maintenarce of way	1,019,440	
Maintenar or of cars	299,633	283,513
Motive power	1.735,559	1,513,42
Transport tion	1,691 087	1,924,772
Taxes	143,2 3	173,116
General	192,737	209,717
Total	5,671,669	5,246,058
Net earnings	1,300,717	1,671,744
Per cent of oper, expenses to earnings	79.36	75.83
INCOME ACCOUNT	NT.	
	1588.	1889.
Receipts-	8	8
Net earnings	1,302,-17	1.671.744
Other receipts	130,936	178,909
Other receipts	100,000	110,000
Tetal income	1,433,653	1,850,653
Disbursements-		
Rentals and sundries	73.461	109,665
Interest on debt	916,792	1,279,490
Expenses prior to December 1, 1857	260,676	1,210,100
Equipment, &c	200,070	174,164
Total disbursements	1,250,029	1,563,319
Balance, surp'us	182,724	287,334
GENERAL BALANCE AT CLOSE OF		
GENERAL BILLINGS AT GEOGR OF		
	1888.	1889.
A88+18 -	\$	00 100 000
Railroad, buildings, equipment, &c	80,242,103	80,488,638
Car rust account	280.065	262,000
New Orlesus Pacific RR stock owned	6,708,400	6,712,500
Bonds owned, cost	5,755,051	*5,757 747
Gord on coal mine	139,615	135.975
Betiermen t+	777,062	
Materials, fuel, &c		169,448
Cash on hand	177,150	221,119
Dust on Band		
Due from agents, &c	7. 9.443	996,146
Land notes receivable	121,134	167.093
Miscellaneous accounts	82,924	82,566
Total	95,207,734	94,993,232
Liabilities-		
Capital stock	38,706,800	38.710,900
Bonds and interest scrip	54,546,942	54,278,349
Equipment and other notes	218,901	387,448
Vouchers and pay rolls	749,70	706,251
Internet due and accound		224.439
Interest due and accrued	216,529	
Other accoun s	586 078	398,519
Income a count	182,725	287,335
Total liabilities	95,207,735	94,993,232

*Consists of Texas & Pacific 2d mortgage bonds, \$1,763,000; \$^,951,000 1st mortgage b nds held to retire 1st mortgage Eastera Division bonds and Texas School Fund loan; and \$43,147 other securities.

New York Susquehanna & Western Railroad.

(For the year ending December 31, 1889.)

The report of the President, Mr. Simon Borg, states that the net earnings from traffic as compared with those of the previous year, show a decrease of \$40,337. This loss is due wholly to the depression existing during the past year in the anthracite coal trade. The passenger and miscellaneous freight business has shown a most satisfactory increase during the year; the increase in passenger revenue being \$17,945 and in miscellaneous freight \$20,606.

The management appreciate the benefits to be derived by the company, on the completion of the second track between Hackensack and Paterson, and will, as soon as practicable,

Hackensack and Paterson, and will, as soon as practicable, push the work of construction between these points.

The coal tonnage of the company for the year was 650,621 tons—a decrease as compared with that of the previous year of 56,451 tons, or 7:98 per cent. The decrease in the coal tonnage during the past year was caused principally by the extremely mild winter, which necessitated a large reduction in the year's production, and the company suffered, with the other coal carriers, in this respect. other coal carriers. in this respect.

The company now has, in connection with the Pennsylvania Poughkeepsie & Boston Railroad, a direct connection with the Poughkeepsie Bridge, and is in a position to reach the eastern markets on as favorable terms as that of any other

the eastern markets on as favorable terms as that of any other coal-carrying company; and with arrangements which have been perfected the management feel confident that the coal sales of the company, in a fair condition of trade, will be largely increased in the near future.

The report says: "The policy of your management looking to the future success of your company is to secure control of as much additional coal property as is justified by the resources of the company. Acting under this policy your company secured control of 550 acres of additional coal lands during the past year. The control of these properties necessitated an expenditure in the form of advances up to December 31st, 1889, of \$100,000. The company is amply secured for these advances are repaid, both principal and interest, at a specific rate for each ton of coal mined therefrom, and delivered to the company for transportation. There was due the company December 31st last, account of advances made producers, with whom your company have transportation contracts, the sum of \$103.388 of the which is executed to execute the contracts, the sum whom your company have transportation contracts, the sum of \$403,368, all of which is amply secured by mortgages, and will be fully repaid with interest in the manner above mentioned."

The company contracted in July last for the delivery of 400 twenty-five ton hopper bottom coal cars at an aggregate cost of \$160,000. These cars were not delivered and placed in service until December last, and the cost of the same is not included in the accounts of the company for the past year.

The comparative statistics for four years have been compiled for the CHRONICLE as follows:

Earnings from— Pa-seng :18. Freight Car service. Mail, express, &c. Miscellaucous.	1886. \$ 247,155 830,954 24,386 18,977 7,569	1887. \$ 259,522 1,478.635 26,933 29,253 9,843	1888. \$261,580 1,109,753 25,116 27,292 22,160	1889. \$ 279,523 1,055,729 24,677 33,083 9,453
Total earnings Oper. expenses & taxes	1,129,441 672,155	1,395.1×6 797,594	1,445,900 849,990	1.402,467 851,029
Net earnings	457,286	597,592	595,910	551,438
Net earningsOther income	1886. 8 457,286 44,023	1887. \$ 597,592 27,159	1888. 595.910 25,828	1889. 8 551,438 33,527
Total	501,309	C21,751	621,738	584,935
Interest on bonds Rentals.	*327,765 29,500	441,120 26,4.4	441,120 26,497	441,120 26,491
Car trust obligations Miscellaneous	155,919	2.541	2,699	12,955
Total disbursements. Balance, surplus	513,184 def.11,875	470,155 154,596	47.0,318 151,420	480,567 104,398

* Half interest only paid on N. Y. Sas. & W. firsts and debentures. GENERAL BALANCE AT CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR.

GENERAL DIEDEN	OD AL CHOL			
	1886.	1387.	1888.	1899.
Assets -	8	8	*	8
RR. build'gs, equip., &c 2	27.031.031	27.940,023	28,059,145	23.287,322
Stocks & b ds owned, cost	1.924.031	1.354,955	1,380,315	1,221,912
Corrent accounts	162,873			
Bills receiv. & advances.				
Materials, fael, &c				35,582
Cash on hand	21,156			80.190
Miscellaneons	,	11 717	51 942	

Total assets29,532,535 29,903,257 30,375,139 30,631,621

 Liabilitie

 Stack
 21,000,000
 21,000,000
 21,000,000
 21,000,000
 21,000,000
 21,000,000
 8,136,000
 8,136,000
 8,136,000
 8,136,000
 8,136,000
 8,136,000
 8,136,000
 195,000
 349,000

 Sundry accounts*
 202,797
 408,881
 657,745
 662,516

 Car trust obligations
 789,983
 39,388
 51,583
 55,088

 Profit and ross
 27,645
 183,385
 334,803
 429,017
 Total liabilities 29,532,535 29,903,257 30,375,139 30,631,621

*Consists of current accounts, audited pay-rolls and vouchers, John B. Bartlett, trustee, and interest and ientals accound but not due.

West Jersey Railroad.

(For the year ending December 31, 1889.)

The annual report of the West Jersey Railroad, with its leased and operated roads, for the year 1889 shows the following in comparison with the year 1889 shows the following in comparison with the year 1888, viz.: A decrease in gross earnings of \$29,864, an increase in expenses of \$44,939, resulting in a decrease of net earnings of \$74,803. The above figures include the earnings and expenses of the West Jersey & Atlantic Railroad. There were paid two dividends of 3 per cent each on the special guaranteed stock of the West Jersey Railroad, amounting to \$7,335, and two dividends of 3½ per cent each on the common stock, amounting to \$140,-882, leaving the amount to be transferred to the credit of profit and less for the year \$87,012. 3½ per cent each on the common stock, amounting to \$140,-882, leaving the amount to be transferred to the credit of profit and loss for the year \$57,917. Add amount to credit of that account December 31, 1888, \$361,124, and \$3,247 received from sale of Delaware lands; total, \$122,289. From which deduct amount expended for extraordinary repairs and improvements, &c., \$43,164, leaving a balance to the credit of profit and loss on December 31, 1889, of \$379,124.

During the year 1889 the seashore was visited by unusually severe storms in January, April and September. The storm of the latter month was particularly severe and caused serious damage to the seashore branches. The damage thus caused interrupted the movement of trains on portions of the road from one day to two weeks.

road from one day to two weeks.

Comparative statistics for four years, compiled for the CHRONICLE, are as follows:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	FISCAL RI	SULTS.		4
Miles operated	1886. 198 \$ \$850,491 398,874 103,093	1887. 209 \$ 920,595 429,273 119,357	1888. 219 \$ 955,914 472,085 128,034	1889. 222 \$ 953,578 439,951 133,540
Total gross earnings1 Op. expenses and taxes	,352,458 849,1 ₆ 4	1,469.2 5 976,257	1,556,033 1,051,131	1,526,169 1,099,070
Net earnings	503,274	492,958	501,902	427,099
1	NCOME AC	COUNT.		
	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.
Receipts-	8	\$	\$	\$
Net earnings Other receipts	503,274 21,350	492,958 20,857	501,902 27,348	427,099 27,973
Total income	524,624	513,815	529,250	455,072
Disbursements— Rentals paid. Interest on West Jer. debt., Net earn of W.J.&A.RR.,&c Dividends Rate of dividend Miscellaneous	\$ 41,745 180,174 90,081 89,140 6 p. c.	\$ 39,154 182,343 90,652 89,142 6 p. c.	\$ 31,597 175,174 82,788 135,032 612 p. c.	30,560 175,000 43,573 145,217 7 p. c.
Total disbursements	401,140		427,489	397,150
Balance, surplus	123,484	112,524	101,761	57,922

Terminal Railroad Association (St. Louis).

(For the year ending December 31, 1889.)

(For the year ending December 31, 1889.)

President Wm. Taussig, of the Terminal Railroad Association in St. Louis, makes his annual report of the operations of the St. Louis Bridge and Tunnel. In his statement to the directors Dr. Taussig says: "On the 10th of October, 1889, your company assumed, by virtue of the assignment of the Bridge and Tunnel lease to it, all the fixed charges of the properties, and also the interest on the outstanding \$5,000,000 of bonds of your company, which interest charge takes the place and is in lieu of all former fixed charges on account of the terminal properties and of the Union Depot, all of which are now embraced within your ownership.

"The annual fixed charges which the company assumed, and which the proprietary lines, owners of the properties, agree to pay, are as follows:

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agree	w	pacty,	aic	കാ	TOT	IUWS.

nterest on \$7,000.000 bonds of the new issue	\$315,000
Rentals St. Louis Bridge & Tunnel RR.—	1 = 1000
Interest on bonds	350,000
Dividend on first preferred stock	149,400
Dividend on second preferred stock	90,000
Dividend on Tunnel stock	75,000
To maintain corporate organization	2,500
Total fixed charges	\$981,900
mb	

The earnings of the properties in 1889 were:

Gross earnings of bridge and tunnel and terminals during year. Less expenses same period.	1.741,914
Less expenses same period	828,976
Net earnings. To which add net annual rental from railways using the	\$912,938
Union Passenger Station	113,560
Total net earnings.	1,026,498

From which it appears that in 1889 the properties earned \$134,598 in excess of the fixed charges on the basis of a \$5,000,000 issue, and \$44,598 in excess of all fixed charges and rentals on the basis of the entire issue of \$7,000,000; or, in other words, that if your company had been in operation in 1889 there would have been a net gain of \$134,593, after paying all fixed charges.

ing all fixed charges. The earnings for 1889 from all sources show an increase of \$88,614 over the earnings of 1888. There was an increase in freight earnings of \$47,871, but a decrease in passenger earnings of \$18,886.

FREIGHT TRAFFIC.	
The number of loaded cars east was	93,090 131,114
Being a total of loaded freight cars of	224,204 215,958
Increase.	
The east-bound tonnage amounted to	1,232,427 2,109,388
Total tonnage in 1889	3,341,815 3,143,183
Increase	198,632

The average load per car was 14,905 tons, or 29,810 pounds. The total number of empty cars carried was 153,353, being 68.4 per cent of all loads.

PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

Total number of passengers carried in 1889 was	1,433,399
Number of passenger coaches carried. Number of baggage, mail and express cars	103,164
Total. In 1888	147.250 140,114
Increase. Average number of passengers in coach.	7,146

The Chicago & Alton carried 226,085 passengers across the bridge during the past year; the Ohio & Mississippi, 197,611; the Vandalia, 174,203; the Big Four, 123,723; the Cairo Short Short Line, 79,548; the Wabash, 144,518; the Mobile & Ohio, 46,450; the Toledo St. Louis & Kansas City, 9,378; the Louisville & Nashville, 116,570; the Chicago Burlington & Quincy, 29,601; the Illinois & St. Louis (Belleville line), 103,267, and the Bridge Company, for the stock yards, 56,016.

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

American Cotton Oil.-Judge Wallace, in the United States Circuit Court in this city, has given a decision in the case of Wall against four of the nine trustees of the American Cotton Oil Trust, in which the plaintiff sought to prevent the consummation of the reorganization of the Trust. In denying the application, Judge Wallace says: "The suit is an attempt, by indirection, to control the management of a trust fund without giving some of those who are charged with the duty of managing it a right to be heard."

American Rapid Telegraph.—At Chicago, March 4. a decree of foreclosure was entered by Judge Blodgett in the Boston Safe Deposit & Trust Company suit against the American Rapid Telegraph Company. The Rapid Company has defaulted on bonds to the amount of \$3,000,000, with interest since March 15, 1884, and the Federal Court in Connecticut decided that the property of the telegraph company should be sold, and the expenses of the litigation and the claims of the mortgage paid, after which any balance is to be ratably distributed among the bondholders. A similar decree

was made in New York, and Judge Blolgett's decree covers the property extending frem Cleveland, Ohio, to Chicago, via Freeport and Hammond, Ind.

Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe.—In regard to the acquisition by the Atchison Company of Atlantic & Pacific 2d mortgage bonds, Vice-President Reinhart is reported as saying: "In the by the Atchison Company of Atlantic & Pacific 2d mortgage bonds, Vice-President Reinhart is reported as saying: "In the plan of reorganization there were reserved \$22,476,000 of the new general mortgage 4 per cent bonds, against an equal amount of old issues of seven different classes, which issues were to be made the subject of special treatment in the future, as stated in circular 63 of October 15. Among these seven issues were \$2,800,000 of A. & P. RR. Co. Western Division 2d mortgage 6 per cent bonds. The Atchison Co. has acquired these bonds on terms entirely satisfactory and with profit to the Atchison Company. The total issue of Atlantic & Pacific 2d mortgage bonds is \$5,300,0 0, the principal and interest of which are guaranteed severally but not jointly, each one-half by the Atchison and St. L. & S. F. companies. There is no distinct separate guarantee of any number of bonds on the part of either company, but both guaranteed all bonds and coupons. The Atchison Company in acquiring half of the total issue in effect acquires that for which it is responsible."

In further speaking of the subject, March 7th, in Boston, Mr. Reinhart is reported by telegraph, through Dow, Jones & Co., as saying that "there is no foundation whatever for the attack that has been made upon Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Co. in this exchange. As a matter of fact the exchange should be considered a most excellent piece of financiering in connection with the plan of reorganization. The A. & P. RR. is the only connecting link that the Atchison Co. has between the Pacific Coast and its property in the East. A loss of the A. & P. Road to the Atchison Co. would be irreparable, as it would involve as well its California properties and would cut

the Pacific Coast and its property in the East. A loss of the A. & P. Road to the Atchison Co. would be irreparable, as it would involve as well its California properties and would cut off entirely all Pacific Coast business, which, as is well understood, is carried over the entire main line of the Atchison Road. The issue of the second mortgage bonds of the A. & P. Railroad is \$5,600,000, one-half of which, the amount recognized under the reorganization, as stated in Circular 43, is \$2,800,000. The entire issue of the bonds was sold at 90, the price the Atchison Co. received. A default of the interest on the A. & P. 2ds insures control of the A. & P. property to to the owners of these bonds. At a full Board meeting in December last, when announcement was to be made of the success of the general reorganization plan of the Atchison Co. success of the general reorganization plan of the Atchison Co., it was voted to negotiate for a majority of the issue of A. & P. sonds in pursuance of the reorganization plan, on a basis of \$1,000 new general mortgage four per cent bonds and \$100 5 per cent income bonds for each \$1,000 6 per cent Western division A. & P. bonds. These bonds were to be exchanged as of January 1. The bonds of the Atchison Co. paying 4 per cent interest of that date lifted a bond of the A. & P. paying 6 per cent interest March 1. 6 per cent interest March 1.

o.per cent interest March 1.

"In the transaction the Atchison Company saved \$56,000 annually in its half of the interest on the entire issue, as it acquired with its 4 per cent bonds the Western Division A. & P. 6s. The prices which prevailed Jan. 1 for the new securities of the Atchison were 82½ for the new 4 per cent bonds and 52½ for the income bonds. At this rate the Atchison Company gave a market value of 87½ for a bond for which it had obtained 90.

obtained 90.

'The firm of Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Co. derived no advantage whatever on the exchange of the bonds held by them over any other participants in the exchange, but all entered on precisely the same terms. The bonds were acquired from holders in Boston, New York, London, Amsterdam and Paris, some of the largest holdings coming from the latter two places. Large amounts of the bonds were held by other persons in Boston than Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Co.

sons in Boston than Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Co.

"It should be understood that for all interest paid by the
Atchison Company lands at 75 cents per acre are turned
over by the A & P. Co. The Atchison Co. has just received
\$1,624,000 of A. & P. lands on account of past interest paid,
The acquisition of the bonds by the Atchison Co. does not
invalidate its claims for lands to be received for advances to
A. & P. Co. for interest. These advances are made in full,
but callected at the helder of the bonds seemes the lands and but collected as the holder of the bonds secures the lands, and returns the cash as well.

"It should be well understood by every one who has the interest of New England at heart that attacks are likely to be made upon the successful business moves of the Atchison Company while the Voting Trust measures are being accomplished. It is perhaps not improper to state here that there is every reason to believe that this protective voting trust will be entirely encoaseful."

be entirely successful.

Baltimore & Ohio. - Pittsburg & West Virginia. - There has been recorded in Harrison County, West Va., a mortgage from the West Virginia & Pittsburg RR. Co. to the Mercantile Trust Deposit Co. of Baltimore to secure the payment of bonds Trust Deposit Co. of Baltimore to secure the payment of bonds aggregating \$4,000,000 and payable 100 years from date. A lease from the Pittsburg & West Virginia RR. to the Baltimore & Ohio RR. for the term of 990 years was also recorded. The lease is for the railroads now being built in the interior of the State from Clarksburg to Weston, from Weston to Braxton Court House, from Weston to Buckhannon, and from Buckhannon through Upshur, Randolph and Webster Counties to Nicholas County, a distance of 175 miles, with all the branches extensions, depots, real estate and rolling stock.

Called Bonds.-Louisville & Nashville.-General mortgage 6s of 1880, due June 1, 1930. In our advertising columns will be found the numbers of 164 of these bonds (\$1,000 each), which will be redeemed at 110 at the company's office, 50 Exchange Place, on June 1, 1890.

Canadian Pacific -A bill authorizing the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to issue further bonds to the extent of \$6,000,000 to aid in the purchase of ocean steamships, passed its final reading in the Dominion Parliament on the third inst. Power is also given the company to lease or acquire running power over other roads in Canada and the United States.

chicago Gas.—On Thursday Chicago Gas stock was weak on the news that F. M. Charlton, a lawyer of Chicago, had brought proceedings in his own name to wind up the Chicago Gas Trust in pursuance of the recent decision of the Supreme Court. The Chicago Court is asked to appoint a receiver to take charge of and sell the property, and to grant an injunction restraining the Trust from disposing of any of its assets. An injunction against the payment of dividends is also desired. The attorney of the Chicago Gas Trust in Chicago said: "I do not think the present suit to wind up the affairs of the Trust will amount to much, as the Supreme Court did not hold that the Trust was illegal, but ruled that it was performing illegal acts. The charter of the Trust is valid, and the only way to attack the Trust successfully was through quo warranto proceedings, and these proceedings are still pending. The motion for a rehearing is not yet decided."

Chicago St. Paul & Kansas City.—The following is a statement of gross and net earnings for the six and twelve months ended December 31, 1889 and 1888:

July 1 to Dec. 31.— 1888. 1889. ,442,393 \$2,150,661 .005,731 1,546,079 Jan. 1 to Dec. 31. 1888. 188 \$2,458,379 \$3,486 1,929,492 2,595 Gross earnings. \$1,442,393 Oper. expenses. 1,003,731 \$3,486,254 2,595,615 Net earnings \$436,962 \$604,582 \$528.987 \$890,639

Cincinnati Jackson & Mackinaw.—Messrs. Frederic A. Brown, J. Kennedy Tod, Samuel Thomas, R. T. Wilson and C. M. McGhee have agreed to act as committee and trustees for the purpose of reorganizing the affairs of this company. A previous plan offered has failed to become effective.

previous plan offered has failed to become effective.

The amount of capital stock and funded debt (other than than the securities held by the trustee as security for the existing bonds) are as follows:—Preferred stock, including \$363,000 reserved to take up income bonds of Central Division, \$5,867,000; common stock, \$10,413,835; first mortgage consolidated 5 per cent bonds, \$2,090,000; first mortgage Central Division 6 per cent bonds, \$1,176,000; income Central Division 6 per cent bonds, \$363,000; in addition to above there is due for supplies, taxes, interest and on notes of the company about \$450,000.

It is the opinion of these accounts.

It is the opinion of those acquainted with the property that its earning capacity can be very greatly increased by an adequate expenditure. The actual immediate necessities of the company are as follows:—New equipment and repairs of roadway and shops, \$700,000; taxes and floating debt, \$450,000; total, \$1,150,000.

Every effort was made by the officers of the company to raise the necessary capital, but without success. The interest of the corresponding to the company to raise the necessary capital of the company to raise the necessary capital of the company to reason the corresponding to the company to the corresponding to the company to the company to the corresponding to the company to

raise the necessary capital, but without success. The interest on each series of bonds is in default and foreclosure suits are about to be commenced. It is absolutely necessary that the

security holders agree upon a plan of reorganization. To this end the following general plan is recommended:—
That the road be bought in by the committee at the fore-closure sale, a new company organized (if necessary) and new securities issued as follows:—\$3,266,000 first mortgage 4 per cent bonds at the rate of about \$10,000 per mile; \$18,416,085

common stock.

Should it be thought best by the committee the mortgage may be increased to \$12,000 per mile; the excess over the amount required to take up the outstanding bonds to be left in the treasury of the company, and issued only for the purpose the beauty field in the treasury. oses to be specified in the mortgage.

The above securities will be used as follows:-

BONDS.—\$1,176,000 of the new bonds to be exchanged, bond for bond, for the present Cincinnati Van Wert & Michigan first morigage 6 per cent bonds.

2,090,000 of the new bonds to be exchanged, bond for bind, for the present Cincinnati Jackson & Mackinaw consolidated first mortgage 5 per cent bonds.

consolidated first mortgage 5 per cent bonds.

\$3,266,000 total new bonds. Interest to December 1, 1889, on the old bonds of both issues to be paid in cash on delivery of new bonds.

\$363,000 of the new stock to be given to the holders of the outstanding income bonds of the Cincinnatt Van Wert & Michigan Railroad Company at par upon the payment of an assessment of \$50 per bond.

5,504,000 of the stock to be given to the bolders of the present preferred stock of the Cincinnati Jackson & Mackinaw Railroad Company, share for share, upon the payment of an assessment of \$5 per share.

10,413,835 of the stock to be given to the holders of the present common stock of the Cincinnati Jackson & Mackinaw Railroad Company, share for share, upon the payment of \$10 per share.

\$78,250 of the stock to be given to holders of Cincinnati Van Wert & Michigan first mortgage 6 per cent bonds, being at the rate of \$750 in stock for each \$1,000 old bond surrendered.

1,257,000 of the stock to be given to holders of Cincinnati Jackson & Mackinaw Fail per cent consolidated bonds, being at the rate of \$600 in stock for each \$1,000 old bond surrendered.

\$18,416,085 total stock of new company.

the assessment on preferred stock will give.....

The proceeds of assessments will be used (both before and The proceeds of assessments will be used (both before and after foreclosure) by the committee and trustees for the purchase of floating indebtedness, acquisition of equipment and the betterment of the property, and for such other purposes as the committee and trustees may deem for the interest of the parties. The immediate necessities of the company are about \$1,150,000. This will leave a cash balance of \$184,780 for reorganization, expenses and for contingencies, to which balance will be added the net earnings of the property from July to December of the year 1889.

July to December of the year 1889.

Under the plan of reorganization the fixed charges will be about \$175,990 per annum. The agreement is now on deposit with the Central Trust Company, and security holders should deposit on or before March 31, 1890.

Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis.—The earnings, expenses and charges for the month of January and the seven months ending January 31, compared with the previous year, were as follows:

January. 9. 1890. ,213 \$957,273 256 641,959 -July 1 to Jan. 31.-1888-89. 1889-90. \$6,879,973 \$7,463,267 4,539,202 4,827,355 \$871,213 654,356 \$216,857 236,526 Net earnings..... ,taxes,rentals,&c \$2,635,912 1,689,141 \$315,314 233,418 let income..... def. \$19,669 \$81.896 \$658,646

Pennsylvania system.

Pennsylvania system.

Colorado Coal & Iron Company.—The New York Sun states that when Mr. E. J. Berwind was made President in April, 1889, this company had a floating debt of about \$650,000, and experts estimated that at least \$400,000 would be required to renovate its furnaces and other manufacturing plant and put its mines into such a condition that the entire property could be worked efficiently and profitably. To raise the money for these purposes an auxiliary company was formed, known as the Colorado Coal & Iron Development Company. The capital stock of that concern belongs to the parent company. It purchased a comparatively small proportion of the company's real estate near Pueblo, and friends of the enterprise subscribed for \$300,000 of the \$1,000,000 of short-term bonds that were issued against the property purchased. The purpose of that issue was to pay the parent company for the land and thus put it immediately in funds. The remainder of the issue is still in the treasury of the parent company, the Colorado Coal & Iron immediately in funds. The remainder of the issue is still in the treasury of the parent company, the Colorado Coal & Iron Company, and is in addition to \$800,000 of land notes and cash held by it. The plant of the Coal & Iron Company includes two blast furnaces, each of which has a capacity of 120 tons a day. One, however, will not go into blast until April. As indicating the increased valuation of the company's real estate, chiefly in consequence of the work done by its auxiliary corporation, it may be noted that its taxes this year are \$80,000, against \$40,000 last year. "Under the mortgage securing the Colorado Coal & Iron Company's first mortgage bonds, each piece of the company's property is obliged to contribute the Colorado Coal & Iron Company's first mortgage bonds, each piece of the company's property is obliged to contribute a certain percentage of a specified valuation to the sinking fund for the redemption of the bonds secured by the mortgage. This provision was complied with in the transaction with the Development Company. That concern is working its way out of its investment satisfactorily, and its operations, which have been conducted at an expense not exceeding a commission of 10 per cent to agents, have enhanced the value of the parent company's adjoining property. The floating debt of the company has been reduced to \$210,000, which is secured, and besides the company has in its treasury land notes and cash aggregating nearly \$800,000." * * * * * "In consequence of the development of the company's property, that is here barely outlined, a radical change in the ownership of its shares has taken place; in fact, the change has been so complete that the Board that will be elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders next month can now be

has been so complete that the Board that will be elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders next month can now be announced. Messrs. E. J. Berwind of this city and H. S. Grove and W. A. Dick of Philadelphia will be re-elected directors, and the following will be associated with them: Chester Griswold, formerly of the Rensselaer Irons Works; Frederick Lehmann of Naylor & Co., of this city and London; Ernest Thalmann of Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., Henry K. McHarg, of this city; M. D. Thatcher, President of the First National Bank of Pueblo, and D. F. Morey, a leading merchant of Denver.

International & Great Northern.—The suits to foreclose International & Great Northern.—The suits to foreclose the mortgage bonds in the District Court of Smith County, Texas, came up for hearing on preliminary motion at Tyler, Texas, on the 27th ult. The Missouri Kansas & Texas filed a protest against the State Court taking further action in the premises, because it has removed said causes to the Federal court. The Court refused to entertain the plea, whereupon the attorneys for the bondholders moved to strike out the intervention of the M. K. & T. Co., which motion was also refused. It was then agreed to adjourn to the September term of the court. It had been understood that no sale of the road \$841,243

would probably be had until the fall under any circumstances, and in view of the technical nature of the defense as interposed, it was agreed by the representatives of the bondholding interest that it would be better to let the case go over until September, and then be fully prepared to prove the entire debt and to produce the bonds themselves in court.

The following statement is taken from the Receiver's annual court the statement of the statem

report, showing gross earnings from February 21, 1889, to

reducity 20, 1000.	
Freight earnings	\$2,972,408
Passenger earnings	
Mail earnings	99.412
Express earnings	
Miscellaneous earnings	49,574
Total	\$4,025,360
Operating expenses	\$2,535,114
Extraordinary expenses	465,246
Total	\$3,000,360
Wat assessed and	00 00× 000

....... Jacksonville Southeastern.—In the Circuit Court at Salem' Ill., Judge Burroughs on Feb. 28th granted a decree of fore-closure on the mortgages of the Jacksonville & Southeastern Railway Company to the amount of \$1,100,000. He holds, however, that the judgments (some \$60,000) obtained by ceron the judgments (some \$00,000) obtained by certain Centralia property owners shall be prior liens to the extent of constitutional damages, and gives the bondholders the right to reopen the cases for the purpose of ascertaining what the amount of constitutional damages is. An appeal will be made by the bondholders to the higher courts against this Centralia claim. Centralia claim.

Kanawha & Ohio.—At Columbus, Ohio, March 4, 1890, the Kan. & Ohio Railway was sold by P. W. Huntington, Special Commissioner, under a decree of foreclosure ordered by the United States Court in favor of the Mercantile Trust Company of New York. It was purchased by Nelson Robinson and W. B. Post, representing bond and stock holders and other interests, for \$505,000. The road was purchased subject to the mirroral division, protentings. to the mineral division mortgages.

Keithsburg Bridge—(Iowa Central).—Owing to the absence of important interests at the meeting held this week at the Central Trust Company, no conclusions were reached. Negotiations will be continued in Boston next week.

Louisiana and North Carolina State Bond Suits.—At Washington, March 3, an opinion was rendered in the United States Supreme Court in the case of Bernard B. Hans, plaintiff in error, against the State of Louisiana, brought up on an appeal from the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Louisiana. The decision turns upon the important Constitutional question of the right of a citizen to sue his own State. Hone is the owner of a considerable amount of consoli. State. Hans is the owner of a considerable amount of consolidated bonds of the State of Louisiana. When the State issued these bonds it made provision for the levy of a special tax to meet the interest and principal of these bonds. It furthermore declared the bonds to create a contract between the State and the bondholders, which should not be impaired, and declared that the judicial power should be exercised whenever necessary to secure the levy and collection of the tax and the payment of the bonds. The State Constitution adopted in 1879, however, the bonds. The State Constitution adopted in 1879, however, partly repudiated this agreement, and directed that the revenue collected by the levy of the special interest tax should be diverted to defray the expenses of the State Government. Hans, who is a citizen of Louisiana, brought suit to have the new State Constitution declared invalid so far as it impaired the contract between the State and the bondholders, on the ground that it violated the Constitution of the United States. The State set up the plea that it could not be sued by one of its own citizens without its consent and the Circuit Court decided the question in favor of the State.

question in favor of the State.

Justice Bradley, in his opinion affirming this judgment, says it is not necessary to enter upon an examination of the reasons or expediency of the rule which exempts a sovereign State from prosecution in a court of justice at the suit of individuals. It is enough to declare its existence.

Justice Field expressed his concurrence in the judgment reached by the court but said that he did not wish to constitute the second of the s

reached by the court, but said that he did not wish to sanction by his silence the doctrine which seemed to be embodied in the language of the Court. He would not deprive the citizen of

language of the Court. He would not deprive the citizen of all protection in controversies with the States. Justice Harlan also dissented from some of the statements in the opinion.

The Court reversed the judgment in the case of the State of North Carolina and of Roberts, Auditor, against Temple, for the reasons stated in the Hans case. This case involves several million dollars and also presented the question of the right of a citizen to sue his own State. It came up on a certificate of division of opinion among the judges of the Circuit Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina. The case, so far as Roberts, the State Auditor, was concerned, was dismissed on the ground that it was really a suit against the State.

Manhattan Elevated.—In the Newman case—suit for dam

missed on the ground that it was really a suit against the State.

Manhattan Elevated,—In the Newman case—suit for damages by a lessee of premises corner of Rector and Greenwich streets—the Court of Appeals has decided in favor of the Manhattan company, holding that improvement to property by the elevated road must be set off against the damages. The Tribune report says: "The theory on the part of the elevated railroads has been that if damages had been suffered improvements ought to be deducted. The general law of condemnation says that no allowance for betterments shall be made, but the elevated railroads insisted that this provision applied only to cases in which the railroads acquired title to the prop-

erty. Where title did not pass, or where it was a case of easement rather than fee, the elevated railroads claimed that the advantages should be reckoned. The Court of Appeals

the advantages should be reckoned. The Court of Appeals has sustained this position.

"Vice-President Gallaway, of the Manhattan Railway, said that the effect would be that hereafter no damages would be paid unless they had been suffered; that the decision would be of little value to the company below Fifty-ninth Street, because the damages to the bulk of the property on this part of the line had been settled. He suggested that there could now be no claim for property damage above Fifty-ninth Street, where values had been improved two or three fold by the building of the elevated railroads."

—The Board of Directors of the Manhattan Elevated Rail way

-The Board of Directors of the Manhattan Elevated Rail way Company have voted to retire their outstanding scrip is sued for dividends on April 1st.

Missouri Kansas & Texas.—The Olcott Committee on Reorganization has formally declared its plan effective. The deposits of general mortgage bonds under its plan aggregate all of the issue except about \$200,000 bonds, and all but 24,000 shares of the stock. Of the guarantee fund to pay off the 7 per cent bondholders, the holders of general mortgage bonds and of the stock have subscribed \$13,000,000, leaving less than \$5,000,000 to be provided by the guarantee syndicate. That \$5,000,000 to be provided by the guarantee syndicate. That amount will be offered first to the security holders who have That already accepted their rights, and what they do not subscribe for will be taken by the syndicate. The first instalment of 5 per cent on these subscriptious is due on March 17.

Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis.—The Nashville American says: The report of the Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway for the last decade, prepared for the eleventh census of the United States, presents the following interesting information: The mileage has increased from 453 to 652, number of stations from 88 to 128, number of locomotives from 87 to 103, number of cars in passenger service from 46 to 76, number of cars in freight service from 18 to 1244 number of cars in freight servi 76, number of cars in freight service from 1,188 to 2,434, number of employes from 1,543 to 2,499; freight traffic has increased from 1,229,599 to 2,018,672 tons, number of passeng ers from 212,277 to 823,957, earnings from \$2,099,155 to \$3,300,165.

Ohio & Northwestern.—This railroad will be sold in fore-closure March 13 at Cincinnati.

Pennsylvania Poughkeepsie & Boston.—President W. W. Gibbs, of the new Pennsylvania Poughkeepsie & Boston Railroad, has sent out a circular for proxies, to be used in voting for the issue of a second mortgage of \$500,000, to secure that amount of 6 per cent bonds; also to increase the stock \$250,000, to \$2,000,000, the proceeds to be used for betterments.

Railroads in New York State.—The following reports for the quarter ended December 31, 1888 and 1889, have been filed at Albany.

med de modify.	-West. N. 1	. & Penn.	-Lehigh	& Hud. Riv.
Gross earnings Operating expenses	1888. \$847,184 629,012	1889. \$903,938 655,467	1888. \$64,519 32,394	1889. \$65,737 47,421
Net earnings T'xes,int.,r'nt'ls,&c	\$218,172 157,689	\$248,471 163,185	\$32,125 24,100	\$18,316 24,100
Balance, surplus	\$60,483	\$85,236	\$8,025	def. \$5,784

St. Louis Arkansas & Texas.—The Central Trust Company report as deposited to date \$13,560,000 of the firsts,\$9,636,000 of the seconds and \$8,300,000 of the stock. Deposits may still be made on payment of 2 per cent on bonds and 1 per cent on stock. It is expected that the two committees will reach an

agreement during the coming week.

agreement during the coming week.

Shreveport & Houston.—The United States Circuit Judge at Shreveport, La., on February 22 issued a decree ordering the sale of the road. The sale was ordered under foreclosure proceedings instituted by the Union Trust Company of New York, which holds \$400,000 of first mortgage bonds. The sale will be subject to the claim of \$80,000 of Neil McDonald, of New York, represented by receiver's certificates, with five years' interest at 6 per cent. The validity of the certificates is denied by the Union Trust Company. The Shreveport & Houston is a narrow-gauge road, 40 miles long, from Shreveport, and connecting at Logansport with the Houston East & West Texas, running to Houston, Tex.—R. Gazette.

Sioux City & Northern.—This line, to which reference was

Sioux City & Northern.—This line, to which reference was made in our issue of the 22d inst., has been mortgaged to the Manhattan Trust Company. The instrument authorizes the issue of \$20,000 bonds for every mile of main track between Sioux City and Garretson; \$16,000 for each mile of branch lines or extensions now owned by the company, or which may be at any time built or acquired between this date and Jan. 1, 1920. The bonds thus issued bear interest at 5 per cent payable Jan. 1 and June 1 of each year, and maturing Jan. 1, 1920.

Tennessee Coal Iron & Railroad.—The suit of the Tennessee Coal Iron & Railroad Company against John H. Inman, in which they claim the return of \$2,250,000 on account of the sale of the Birmingham property some time ago, has been terminated, and all things amicably adjusted.

—The Commercial Advertiser reports that negotiations are in progress looking to a consolidation of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company, the Southern Iron Company and the De Bardeleben Coal & Iron Co. The companies are stocked to the amount of \$9,000,000, \$3,000,000 and \$10,000,000 respectively.

Zanesville & Ohio.—Over \$1,900,000 of the \$2,000,000 bonds have been deposited under the plan of reorganization. The Mercantile Trust Co., as trustee, has brought suit at Zanesv ille, Ohio, to foreclose the mortgage.

Documents. Reports and

FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, March 1st, 1890.

with their man

MAIN LINE AND BRANCHES, PHILADELPHIA TO PITTSBURG.		100
Sarnings	6.855.781 99	
Expenses		147
(et earnings		e della ema
Total	8,790,917 75	
educt rentals paid branch roads, interest on equipment, interest on bonded debt, State tax on dividends, and other items.	7,920,566 27	
et income Pennsylvania Railroad Division		\$10,870,351 4
PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK AND BRANCHES.		
arnings		
xpenses. 1 Net earnings from operating \$		
Net earnings from operating \$ dd interest from investments.	4,381,753 88 659,044 29	
Total income	5,040,798 17	
Deduct payments on account of dividends, interest on equipment, &c	4,902,085 94	138,712 2
Total		
PHILADELPHIA & ERIE RAILROAD.		422,000,000
Arnings	6 541 469 09	
xpenses		
Net earnings	2,373,900 49	
educt payments on account of rentals and interest charged for use of equipment		16,316 3
Balance	-	
Datable.		φ10,332,747 S
SUMMARY.		
et income Pennsylvania Railroad Division.		\$10,870,351 4
rofit on New Jersey Division.		138,712 2
oss on Philadelphia & Eric Railroad Division.		\$11,009,063 7 16,316 3
Balance		
rom this balance of income for the year.	2	
the following amounts have been deducted, viz.:-	••••••••	\$10,992,747 0
PAYMENT TO FUND FOR THE PURCHASE OF SECURITIES GUARANTEED BY THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY		
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY'S CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE BONDS, sinking fund account	\$87,433 45 324,800 00	
William Districts Country		
ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.—	160,179 46	
Payments on account of guaranty of principal and interest of bonds. American Steamship Company.—		
Payments on account of guaranty of principal and interest of bonds. American Steamship Company.— Amount of interest guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Pennsylvania Canal Company.—	45,000 00	
Payments on account of guaranty of principal and interest of bonds. American Steamship Company.— Amount of interest guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Pennsylvania Canal Company.— Payments account of interest guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad Company, &c.		
Payments on account of guaranty of principal and interest of bonds. AMERICAN FTEAMSHIP COMPANY.— Amount of interest guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad Company. PENNSYLVANIA CANAL COMPANY.—	188,510 00	9 338 <u>9</u> 95 8
Payments on account of guaranty of principal and interest of bonds. American Steamship Company.— Amount of interest guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Pennsylvania Canal Company.— Payments account of interest guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad Company, &c. Extraordinary Repairs and Improvements.— Amount expended, not properly chargeable to capital account Balance.	188,510 00 1,530,912 63	\$8,655,911 7
Payments on account of guaranty of principal and interest of bonds. AMERICAN FTEAMSHIP COMPANY.— Amount of interest guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad Company. PENNSYLVANIA CANAL COMPANY.— Payments account of interest guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad Company, &c. EXTRAORDINARY REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS.— Amount expended, not properly chargeable to capital account. Balance Dut of which was paid a dividend of five per cent.	188,510 00 1,530,912 63	\$8,655,911 7 5,327,270 0
Payments on account of guaranty of principal and interest of bonds. American Stramship Company.— Amount of interest guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Pennsylvania Canal Company.— Payments account of interest guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad Company, &c. Extraordinary Repairs and Improvements.— Amount expended, not properly chargeable to capital account.	188,510 00 1,530,912 63 2,609,324 85	5,327,270 0 \$3,328,641 7
Payments on account of guaranty of principal and interest of bonds. AMERICAN ETEANSHIP COMPANY.— Amount of interest guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad Company. PENNSYLVANIA CANAL COMPANY.— Payments account of interest guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad Company, &c. EXTRAORDINARY REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS.— Amount expended, not properly chargeable to capital account. Balance. Out of which was paid a dividend of five per cent. Amount transferred to credit of profit and loss for the year 1889. Deduct extraordinary expenditures, account of floods June, 1889, debited to profit and loss account.	188,510 00 1,530,912 63 2,609,324 85	\$8,655,911 7 5,327,270 0

The results shown by the foregoing statements compare very favorably with 1888, notwithstanding the unpropitious outlook at the commencement of the year, and the interruption to your traffic arising from the destruction of your property by

look at the commencement of the year, and the interruption to your traffic arising from the destruction of your property by the June flood.

The income as shown by the foregoing statement is \$10,992,747 33, as compared with \$9,809,160 93 for the year 1888. After deducting from this sum the amounts properly chargeable thereto, there is a balance of net income for the year of \$8,655,911 79, as against \$7,040,962 82 for the year 1889, out of which there was paid a dividend of five per cent, leaving \$3,328,641 79; after deducting the extraordinary expenditures necessitated by the June floods, amounting to \$2,609,324 85, there was a balance remaining to the credit of profit and loss at the end of the year of \$20,068,055 83.

The lines embraced in your system, both east and west of Pittsburg, comprise 7,844 23 miles, over which were moved 122,164,118 tons of freight and 78,126,957 passengers, as a minst 110.843,874 tons of freight and 74,000,086 passengers in 1888. The gross earnings of these lines for the year were \$122,917,337 39, as compared with \$116,509,292 59 for 1888, thus showing an encouraging increase over the preceding year.

The cost of the ecurities of other corporations now held by your Company amounts to \$109,834,915 28, and in addition to the traffic secured to your lines by these investments, they produced a direct revenue of \$4,421,497 58, a sum largely in excess 6f the interest on the entire funded obligations of your Company.

The New Jersey Division, for the first time in many years, shows a net revenue over and above all your obligations in connection therewith, although the expenses upon this property during the past year have been quite heavy. The fourth track between Philadelphia and New York was practically completed, with the exception of the portions lying within the limits of the cities of Trenton, New Brunswick, Elizabeth and Newark. At these points the subject of elevating or depressing the tracks, so as to avoid the dengerous grade crossings, is under consideration with the proper "mun

work connected with the elevation of the tracks approaching your terminal in Jers City was actively commenced, and will, it is exsected, be completed during the present year. With the desire of m. ciang the wishes of the public and of the municipal authorities of the City of Philadelphia, a heavy expenditure was incurred on the Connecting Railroad, in elevating its road bed and constructing bridges to avoid the crossing of the public streets at grade. Plans are now being perfected, in connection with the city authorities, to carry out the same policy between Frankford Station and Holmesburg Junction (a distance of nearly four miles), and thus abolish all the dangerous grade crossings on your New York line, in the City of Philadelphia. A large sum will be required to make this improvement.

The Philadelphia & Eric Railroad shows increased gross earnings, and except for the extraordinary expenditure of \$421,-081 63, made necessary by the floods, its net results would have been more than usually favorable.

On the 31st of May, the extra redinary rainfall, before alluded to, began, and following nearly the trend of the mountain range over which your system of lines passes, caused an unparalleled destruction of property, not only upon your Main Line, but many of the other roads forming your system.

In the Juniata Valley three of the largest and most expensive double-track bridges, two of which had recently been rebuilt, were entirely destroyed, together with several miles of track. The greatest destruction both of life and property toky place however on the western slope of the mountain in the Conemaugh Valley, where a reservoir (originally constructed by the State of Permsylvania for its canal system) gave way, and completely destroyed your road for a distance of over ten miles, including several large bridges and all the machine-shops, round-houses and yard facilities at Conemaugh, at the foot of the mountain, the destruction being so complete that it was almost impossible to fix the location formerly occupied by

the serious disasters which had overtaken them.

The funds for the expenditures properly chargeable to capital account on your system of lines, and for the repair of the damage caused by the June flood, were obtained by the issue of \$6,943,200 of capital stock, and by the sale of securities belonging to the Company. Provision was also made to secure additional equipment for your system by the issue of \$3,000,-000 of four per cent Equipment Trust Gold Bonds, maturing September 1st, 1914, and secured by a specific pledge of the cars purchased therewith.

The principal of the debt due to the State of Pennsylvania on account of the purchase of the Main Line, which was charged to capital account, was reduced during the year by the payment of \$403,341 66, leaving a balance of \$829,415 77. The final payment upon this debt will be made July 31st, 1890.

Under the provisions of the consolidated mortgage of the Company, there was set apart, on the first day of July last, out of the net income, \$324,800, as a sinking fund for the redemption of the outstanding bonds secured by that mortgage. As their market value was too high to permit of their purchase, that amount was placed to the credit of the trustees of the sinking fund for investment under the terms of the trust.

There are now in the sinking fund, for the redemption of the obligations of the various companies forming the United

sinking fund for investment under the terms of the trust.

There are now in the sinking fund, for the redemption of the obligations of the various companies forming the United New Jersey Railroad & Canal Company, securities of the par value of \$3,664,000, and a cash balance, uninvested by the trustees, of \$54,678 71, making an aggregate of \$3,718,678 71. During the past year \$5,866,000 of the outstanding six per cent loans of these companies matured, making, with \$154,000 of debentures that fell due in 1888, a total of \$6.020,000, which were provided for by the sale of four per cent bonds under their general mortgage of April 20th, 1871. The securities held for the redemption of the above matured loan were surrendered to the Company.

The trustees of the sinking fund for the redemption of the trust certificates issued for the purchase of the shares of the capital stock of the Philadelphia Wilmington & Baltimore RR. Co. were unable to purchase any certificates during the past year at the limit fixed in the trust agreement, and therefore returned to your treasury the amount appropriated for that purpose. The total amount of these certificates purchased and canceled to December 31s:, 1889, is \$1,911,000, leaving outstanding \$8,089,000.

\$8,089,000.

There has been expended for construction, equipment and real estate as follows:

 Peunsylvania Railroad and branches
 \$3,069,406
 05

 United Railroads of New Jersey
 562,756
 56

 Philadelphia & Trenton Railroad
 190,746
 96

 * And for improvements and extensions on branch and auxiliary lines operated by the Company
 1,476,499
 01

 Total \$5,299,408 58 count of these advances there has been received from those companies in cash 742,603 14 Total amount expended on capital account in 1889. \$4,556,805 44

*On account of these advances to branch and auxiliary lines there have been received in securities of those companies, \$282,153 73.

There were used on the Main Line, in construction and repairs, 25,930 tons of steel rails and 1,394,242 ties; on the United Railroads of New Jersey Division, 3,637 tons of steel and 292,991 ties; on the Philadelphia & Eric Railroad Division, 8,971 tons of steel and 476,985 ties,—making a total of 38,538 tons of steel and 2,164,218 ties.

There were built at Altoona, and your other shops east of Pittsburg and Eric, for the Main Line and other roads in your interest, on capital and repair account, 149 locomotives, 65 passenger cars, 16 baggage and mail cars, 3,002 freight cars, 3 refriences to reas and 320 each and repair account, 149 locomotives, 65 passenger cars, 16 baggage and mail cars, 3,002 freight cars, 3

refrigerator cars, and 320 cabin and maintenance-of-way cars.

Under the Car Trust system there were furnished during the year, under authority heretofore conferred, 1,050 box and 525 long gondola cars for the Main Line, 300 long gondolas and 500 box cars for the lines in which your Company is interested west of Pittsburg, and 140 box cars subleased to the New York Philadelphia & Norfolk Railroad Company. The 27,246 cars placed on your lines east of Pittsburg, through the system of Car Trusts, represent a cost of \$14,399,305 00 The 16,503 cars west of Pittsburg. \$3,36,995 CO

The cars subleased to affiliated lines, viz.:

 8,706 cars Northern Central Railway Compuny
 \$1,827,209 00

 250 cars Al egheny Vailey Railroad Company
 137,500 00

 292 cars New York Palladetphia & Norfolk Railroad Company
 290,000 00

 500 cars Philladetphia Witmington & Baltimore Railroad Company
 235,600 00

 500 cars Bell's Gap Railroad Company
 250,000 00

2,649,700 00 \$25,426,000 00

Total amount of certificates redeemed to December 31st, 1889, as follows:

Amount paid in f II payment of 15,714 cars. \$3,337,000 00
Amount paid on account of 33,283 cars. \$9,25,000 00 15,232,000 00

Balance of certificates outstanding December 31st, 1889....

COMPARISONS WITH 1888.

EARNINGS AND EXPENSES OF ALL LINES EAST OF PITTSBURG AND ERIE.

(0) 586,019	80 10 (200)	Gross Earnings.	Expenses.	Rentals and Interest on Equipment.	Net Earnings.
1889 1888		\$61,514,445 11 58,172.077.66	\$41,096,805 64 29,331,153 14	\$10,042,171 73 9,608,649 23	\$10,375,467 74 9,233,275 29
Increase	***************************************	\$3,342,367.45	\$1,765,652 50	\$433,522 50	\$1,143,192 45

The gross earnings per mile received from the Main Line (358 miles) in 1889 were	\$81,713 65 77,634 84
Showing an increase of.	\$4,078 81

The percentage of operating expenses to earnings on all lines east of Pittsburg and Erie was 66.81 for 1889 and 67.61 for 1888, showing a decrease for the year 1889 of 0.80 per cent.

The aggregate coal and coke shipments over the Pennsylvania Railroad Division amounted to 17,170,842 tons, as against 16,601,051 tons in 1888, a gain of 569,791 tons, or 3.43 per cent.

The total shipments of oil over the Pennsylvania Railroad Division during the year 1889 amounted to 4,678,004 barrels, against 3,942,266 barrels in 1888, showing an increase of 735,738 barrels.

The following table shows the revenue and cost per ton per mile on each Division operated by the Company, as compared with 1888.

	Average Earnings per Ton per Mile from Transportation of Freight.		Average Cost of Transporting Each Transfer Freight One Mile.		Average Profil Per Ion Per Mile.		Length of Road.	
	1889.	1888.	1889.	1888.	1889.	1888.	1889.	1888.
Pennsylvania Railroad Division	CENTS. 0.626	CENTS. 0 631	CENTS. 0.401	CENTS. 0.411	CENTS. 0.225	CENTS. 0.220	MILES. 1,403·19	MILES. 1,394.83
United Railroads of N. J. Division	1.178	1.220	1.023	1.064	0.155	0.156	440.22	464.70
Philadelphia & Erie RR. Division	0.556	0.560	0.352	0.344	0.204	0.216	546.66	510.19
All lines east of Pittsburg and Erie	0.686	0.693	0.473	0.482	0.213	0.211	2,390.07	2,369.72

From the above table it will appear that the result upon all lines east of Pittsburg and Erie was a reduction in the earnings per ton per mile of 7-100 of a mill, a reduction in expenses of 9-100 of a mill, and an increase of 2-100 of a mill per ton per mile in the net profit from freight.

TABLE SHOWING TONNAGE AND PERCENTAGE OF THROUGH AND LOCAL FREIGHT.

	Through Freight. Ions.		Through Freight. Percentage of Total.		Local Freight. Tons.		Local Freight. Percentage of Total.		Increast. Tons.	
	1889.	1888.	1889.	1888.	1889.	1888.	1889.	1888.	Through.	Local.
Pennsylvania Railroad Division United Railroads of N. J. Division Philadelphia & Erie RR. Division	2,304,551 4,190,369 1,172,418	2,240,282 $3,295,913$ $1,074,205$	30.58		30,103,647 9,511,514 11,090,990	27,160,077 9,354,720 10,079,825	69 42	73.95	64,269 894,456 98,213	2,943,570 156,794 1,011,165
All lines East of Pittsburg and Erie.	7,667,338	6,610,400	13.13	12.42	50,706,151	46,594,622	86.87	87.58	1,056,938	4,111,529

On the Pennsylvania Railroad Division the through freight east-bound increased 4 23-100 per cent, while the west-bound

decreased 17-100 of one per cent.

The local freight shows an increase of 7 51-100 per cent east-bound, and 18 49-100 per cent west-bound. On the Pennsy vania Railroad Division the local tonnage represents about ninety-three per cent of the entire traffic.

The following table shows the earnings and cost per passenger per mile on each of the Divisions as compared with 1888:

	Average Earnings From Each Passenger Per Mile.		Average Cost of Trans orting Each Passenger Per Mile.		Average Profit Per Passenger Per Mile.		Length of Road.	
	1889.	1888.	1839.	1888.	1889.	1888.	1889.	1888.
Pennsvivania Railroad Division United Railroads of N. J. Division Philadelphia & Eric Railroad Division	CENTS. 2·210 1·920 2·438	CENTS. 2·213 1·934 2·496	CENTS. 1.650 1.372 1.876	1.663 1.370 2.114	0.560 0.548 0.562	CENTS. 0.550 0.564 0.382	MILES. 1,403·19 440·22 546·66	MILES. 13,94.83 464.70 510.19
All lines east of Pittsburg and Erie.	2.082	2.092	1.527	1.543	0.555	0.549	2,390.07	2,369.72

It will be seen from the above that the result upon all lines east of Pittsburg and Erie was a decrease in earnings per senger per mile of 10-100 of a mill, a decrease of 16-100 of a mill in expenses, and an increased profit of 6-100 of a mill. The average distance traveled by each passenger in 1889 was 18 1-10 miles, and in 1888 was 17 9-10 miles, an increase of

2-10 of a mile.

The following shows the gross earnings, expenses and net earnings of the coal companies in which your Company is interested, for 1889, as compared with 1888, and also the amount of coal mined and sold, and the price received for same at point of sale

	Gross Earnings.	Expenses.	Net Earnings.
	1889.	1889.	1889.
Totals Decrease as compared with previous year	\$8,053,169 59	\$7,822,589 09	\$230,580 50
	\$2,190,411 00	\$1,403,134 42	\$787,276 58

Total tons mined in 1889, 2,418,180-01. Decrease compared with previous year, 374,432-03 tons. Total tons sold in 1889, 2,337,310-09 rease compared with previous year, 411,311-03.

The average receipts per ton at point of sale, aggregating the results of the four coal companies, for 1889, were \$3 32 2-10, as against \$3 59 3-10 in 1888.

LINES WEST OF PITTSBURG.

The following statement gives the result of the lines west of Pittsburg operated by the Pennsylvania Company and the Pittsburg Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway Company.

	188	9.
The total earnings of the Pennsylvania Company on lines operated directly by it were	\$20,921,925 28 13,171,432 87	o postal do de
Leaving net earnings. From this deduct— Rental, interest and liabilities of all kinds chargeable thereto.	\$7,750,492 41 7,022,690 19	
Net profit on Pennsylvania Company's lines. The total earnings of the Piitsburg Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway Company on lines operated directly by it were. Expenses.	\$8,315,527 55 6,092,988 64	\$727,902 22
Leaving net earnings. From this deduct— Rental, interest and liabilities of all kinds chargeable thereto.	\$2,222,538 91 1,982,154 93	
Net profit on Pittsburg Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway Company's lines		240,383 98
Net profit on lines west of Pittsburg for 1889. Net loss on lines west of Pittsburg for 1888.		\$968,186 20 151,406 36
Comparative increase on lines west of Pittsburg for 1889.		81,119,592 56

The other lines west of Pittsburg, on account of which your Company has assumed direct obligations, or in which it is largely interested through ownership of securities, but which are operated through their own organizations, are the Chicago St. Louis & Pittsburg Railroad and roads operated through its organization, St. Louis Vandalia & Terre Haute Railroad, Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad and roads operated through its organization, East St. Louis & Carondelet Railway, Cincinnati & Muskingum Valley Railway and the Waynesburg & Washington Railroad.

Applies really the grant and company results about the company of the company	1889.	1889.	1888.		1888.
The aggregate gross earnings of these roads were. Expenses.			\$10,493,908 30 8,219,985 62	affatta ereste	
Net earnings. Deduct rental and interest.	\$3,026,282 00 2,934,925 29		\$2,273,922 68 2,311,400 70		THE PARTY OF THE P
Profit		\$91,356 71		Loss,	\$37,478 02
Of this profit your Company, under existing contracts, is entitled to Which, added to the profit shown in the above statement		\$45,678 36 968,186 20		Loss, Loss,	\$18,739 01 \$151,406 36
Leaves a net profit on all lines west of Pittsburg for 1889		\$1,013,864 56 170,145 37		Loss,	\$170,145 37
Showing a comparative increase for 1889, compared with 1888, of		\$1,184,009 93			

It will be noted that your Western lines show much improved results as compared with 1888. There was an increase of 5,089,490 tons in their freight traffic, and 1,193,929 in the number of passengers carried, while the average freight rates show a slight improvement over the preceding year. Large expenditures were made in the purchase of real estate and additional equipment, in the increase of facilities at your lake ports and other terminal points, and in the construction of branches and sidings and of the new bridge over the Ohio River at Pittsburg. The condition of these properties continues to

improve.

The amount expended during the year on capital account on the lines west of Pittsburg was \$2,826,845 44.

There were used in construction and repairs on the northwestern lines operated directly in your interest 8,706 tons and on the southwestern lines 13,539 tons of new steel rails.

the southwestern lines 13,539 tons of new steel rails.

There have been redeemed through the sinking fund \$1,485,000 of the issue of \$3,200,000 of the Pennsylvania Company's six per cent bonds, secured by Pittsburg Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway Company stock as collateral, leaving the amount outstanding \$1,715,000. Of the \$17,500,000 of its four and a-half per cent bonds heretofore issued for the purpose of providing for construction and other capital accounts on the lines west of Pittsburg, \$533,000 have been retired through the operations of the sinking fund, leaving outstanding at this date \$16,967,000.

The report made by the trustees of the sinking funds of the first and second mortgages of the Pittsburg Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway Company shows that the regular annual payment of \$104,100 was made thereto. They redeemed during the year \$48,500 of the first mortgage and \$68,500 of the second mortgage bonds, making the total amount redeemed to December 31st, 1889:—

First mortgage bonds.

With a balance of cash in the hands of the trustees, uninvested, December 31st, 1889:—

The further amount of \$159,899 90 was also added to the sinking funds provided for the redemption of the existing mortgages of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company, in addition to the amounts contributed directly to other sinking.

funds by the individual companies. funds by the individual companies.

The earnings of the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad Company, owing to a reduction in rates, were not quite sufficient to meet the interest on its entire funded debt and the losses on its leased lines. The land department made sales of 8,515 acres of farm lands and 5,931 acres of pine lands for \$567,083 23, being an average price of \$39 12 per acre. The amount sold to the close of the year, after deducting canceled contracts, was 486,827 acres, and the aggregate price received therefor was \$6,533,730 77, an average of \$13 42 per acre. No bonds could be purchased by the trustees during the year out of the proceeds of such land sales, and there are now outstanding \$3,934,000 of the guaranteed and \$505,000 of the unguaranteed first mortgage land-grant bonds of the company.

The assets on hand December 31st, 1889, applicable to the redemption of the first mortgage land-grant bonds were as follows:

follows:-

SUMMARY OF LINES OWNED OR CONTROLLED EAST AND WEST OF PITTSBURG.

	1889.	1888.	Increase.
Gross earnings from traffic. Gross expenses, excluding rentals, interest, dividends, &c	\$122,917,337 39 83,811,127 85	\$116,509,292 59 80,737,335 53	\$6,408,044 80 3,073,792 32
Showing net earnings.	\$39,106,209 54	\$35,771,957 06	\$3,334,252 48

FREIGHT TRAFFIC.

	1889.		1888.		
	Number of	Number of Tons	Number of	Number of Tons	
	T ns.	One Mile.	Tons.	One Mile.	
Lines east of Pittsburg and Erie	82,240,457	7,621,926,314	76,009,703	7,114,512,509	
	39,923,661	3,652,238,746	34,834,171	3,388,670,389	
Totals	122,164,118	11,274,165,060	110,843,874	10,503,182,89	

PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

· control of the cont	1889.		1888.		
manded the selection of the selection of the	Number of	Number of Passen-	Number of	Numb r of Passen-	
	Passengers.	gers One Mile.	Pas engers.	gers One Mile.	
Lines east of Pittsburg and Erie	61,857,729	1,110,971,446	58,924,787	1,049,909,660	
	16,269,228	405,726,898	15,075,299	413,630,338	
Totals	78,126,957	1,516,698,344	74,000,086	1,463,539,998	

The aggregate amount of new steel rails used in construction and repairs in 1889 on all lines owned, controlled or operated by your Company east and west of Pittsburg was 73,669 tons.

GENERAL REMARKS.

There has been appropriated to the Managers of the Trust created October 9th, 1878, to December 31st, 1889, the sum of \$3,978,261 41, which, with the income therefrom of \$2,678,213 98, has been invested in securities amounting at par to \$6,590,950, yielding an interest of 6 74-100 per cent for the year. There was appropriated to that Trust for the year 1889 the sum of \$87,433 45.

The assets of the Insurance Fund on hand at the end of the year were \$2,285,441 50, an increase over the previous year of \$213,329 89.

Your Main Line between New York and Pittsburg, as well as the lines under the charge of the Pennsylvania Company west of Pittsburg, generally present a very gratifying increase in both their freight and passenger traffic. The volume of traffic has now become so great that the question of providing capital to supply adequate facilities therefor, and properly serve the communities dependent on your system by the construction of branch and auxiliary lines, is one of the most immortant matters that claims the consideration of your Board. The average annual expenditure for the past few years upon your lines for such purposes may be approximately estimated at ten millions of dollars, and with a continuation of the present industrial development of the country, this outlay will no doubt increase in the future.

The securities that are held in your treasury can, to some extent, from time to time, be made available, but as they must generally be held for the purpose of properly protecting the interests of the lines forming your system, it therefore becomes necessary to gradually increase both your share capital and funded indebtedness.

During the past year there was expended upon the Main Line between New York and Pittsburg the sum of \$3,822,909 57, the principal items of which were for additional third and fourth tracks, yard facilities, equipment and real estate; the latter item being the largest, and including extensive purchases of property in the city of Philadelphia and at other important points on the line. About the same amount will be required during the current year.

The new locomotive shops at Altoona have so far progressed that they will be ready for service by the middle of the year. Large expenditures were also made at Walls, about fifteen miles east of Pittsburg, in carrying out the policy indicated in the last annual report, of establishing a yard for the transfer of traffic between your Main Line and your western system, and for the general repair of cars. These improvements, together with the new bridge over the Ohio River at Pittsburg, will be ready for service before the close of the present year.

There was also expended in the construction and extension of branch and auxiliary lines the sum of \$1,476,499 01, of which \$742,603 14 was reimbursed to your Company in cash. These expenditures were mainly upon the Connecting Railway, for the purpose of avoiding grade crossings of streets in the city of Phila lelphia; upon the Pittsburg Virginia & Charlestown Railway, in acquiring additional real estate and providing double track; on the Southwest Pennsylvania Railway and in the Clearfield coal region in the extension of branches; and on the Pennsylvania Schuylkill Valley Railroad in extending the double track and adding to its facilities. All of these outlays have benefitted your Main Line by developing the territory tributary thereto, and thus increasing its traffic.

An opportunity having offered during the year to purchase, at a favorable price, a large tract of water-front on New York Bay, south of Communipaw, it was deemed advisable to acquire the same and construct a branch thereto from Newark, on your New York Division. It has a front on the New York Bay of 1,250 feet, and runs back for a distance of a mile and a half, and will, it is confidently believed, be of great value in the future.

Arrangements have been made for the extension of the Downingtown & Lancaster Railroad to a connection with your Main. Line near Lancaster, a distance of ten miles, thus forming an alternate route through the fine agricultural district between Lancaster and Downingtown.

The traffic now passing through your yards at West Philadelphia, destined to points east thereof, has become so large as to seriously interfere with the movement of that destined to Philadelphia and adjacent points. To avoid this, a road has been located and its construction commenced from your Main Line near Downingtown to the New York Division near Trenton, a distance of fifty-one miles. A very favorable and direct route has been secured through this country on the same maximum grade as that prevailing on your Philadelphia Division. Owing to the general topography of the country and the valuable property through which the line passes, it will be expensive in its character, but it is believed that the economies arising from the saving of distance and the avoidance of delays in the overcrowded yards at West Philadelphia will more than repay your Company for the outlay.

The Pennsylvania Canal, in which your Company is largely interested, both as a shareholder and as a guarantor of the interest upon its bonds, suffered serious damage from the severe floods referred to in the previous part of this report. Many miles of this canal were entirely destroyed, but as they were the most unproductive portions of the property, the Canal Company deemed it wiser to abandon the same than to burden the remainder of the canal with the cost of their renewal. The funds advanced by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to repair the more productive sections of the canal, and to purchase the coupons upon its bonds in accordance with your endorsement thereon, amounted for the year to \$188,510. As the value as a transportation line is fast passing away, so that the cost of its maintenance will in all probability equal its revenue, leaving the sum required for the interest on its securities to be advanced by your Company until the maturity of the bonds.

There was contributed to the Employees' Relief Fund by your Company and affiliated lines during the year \$56,031 51 for operating expenses, and in addition thereto the sum of \$14,133 78 for extra benefits to members of the Fund whose disability had continued over fifty-two weeks, and who were, therefore, no longer entitled to regular benefits from the Fund. The amount contributed by your employees was \$377,461 19, and the receipts from interest were \$4,771 98, which, with the contributions by the companies, as stated above, \$70,160 29, made a total of \$452,393 44. This, added to the balance on hand at the beginning of the year, \$237,142 53, aggregated \$719,535 97. Of this amount there was paid to the families of employees in death benefits and for sickness and accidents the sum of \$313,569 36; for expenses, \$56,021 51, and transferred to "Relief Fund Surplus" account, \$170,788 24, leaving a balance of \$149,156 86. After deducting therefrom the amount of outstanding unadjusted claims, there remained a net balance, including reserve, for increasing ages of members, of \$57,550 57. The number of persons receiving death benefits was 283, making an average in each case of \$531 52. There were 21,457 members of the Fund at the close of the year.

The Employees' Saving Fund continues in successful operation; and during the year 2,130 of your employees availed themselves of the privileges thereby afforded. The amount of deposits received during the year was \$262.44800, and the balance remaining at the close of the year was \$509,66950. Of this amount \$300,000 have been invested in the four per cent bonds of the Philadelphia & Eric Railroad Company, and \$100,000 in the four per cent Equipment Trust bonds of your Company,

Your Board have again, with deep regret, to record the death of one of its members, Mr. William Thaw, who died on the 17th of August last, after a lifelong connection with the transportation interests of the country, and an intimate association of nearly forty years with the lines composing your system. His sound judgment, ripe experience and quick perception rendered him a most valuable and trusted counsellor, while his sterling integrity and genial disposition won the confidence and affection of his associates, who in his death lost a warm personal friend.

Mr. William H. Barnes, of Philadelphia, who has been identified with your interests during his entire business life, was elected to fill the vacany thus created.

Your Board desire to acknowledge the efficiency and fidelity with which the duties entrusted to the officers and employees have been discharged during the past year.

By order of the Board.

Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, March 7, 1893.

FRIDAY NIGHT, March 7, 1890.

Severe frosts in extreme southern latitudes early in the week under review caused, it is reported, serious injury to fruits and early vegetables. The flood in the Mississippi river has not abated and materially obstructs the movement of the cotton crop. A serious overflow seems inevitable. A heavy snow storm in the North and West has not been injurious, but rather beneficial, to the wheat crop, by covering it at a critical moment in the change of seasons. The speculation in leading staples of agriculture has at times been quite active, and an important advance was made in cotton.

The following is a statement of stocks of leading articles of merchandise at the dates given:

1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 2	1890. March 1.	1890. F b, 1.	1889. March 1.
Porkbbls.	15,994	15,446	11,146
Lard tes.	34,725	33,070	21,005
Tobacco, domestic hhds.	31,712	32,805	40,514
Tobacco, foreign bales.	47,537	47,509	51,233
Coffee, Riobags.	125,040	200,483	179,603
Coffee, otherbags.	15,233	24,311	25,000
Coffee, Java, &cmats.	43,800	66,837	29,033
Sugarhhds.	88	67	125
Eugarboxes.	None.	None.	None.
Sugarbags, &c.	37,479	17,725	803,172
Meladohhds.	None.	160	None.
Molasses, foreignhhds.	323	1,823	None.
Molasses, domesticbbls.	5.000	4,750	2,750
Hides	509,000	521,200	495,900
Cottonbales.	135,721	134,663	229,346
Rosinbbls.	29,570	29,463	24,582
Spirits turpentinebbls.	3,102	4,260	2,159
Tarbbls.	1.851	1.696	901
Rice, E. Ibags.	30,400	35,000	16,900
Rice, domesticpkgs.	4,620	5,000	5.807
Linseedbags.	None.	None.	None.
Saltpetrebags.	7,500	7,500	6,800
Jute buttsbales.	70,000	70,000	64,000
Manila hempbales.	500	None.	None,
Sisal hempbales.	24,573	14,600	100
Flourbbls. and sacks.	230,500	314,675	264,320

Lard on the spot has shown an upward tendency in values, and was firmer to-day though only moderately active at 5-80c. for prime city and 6·30@6·32½c. for prime Western, with refined for the Continent quoted at 6·15@6·65c. The speculation in lard for future delivery has been quiet here, but stronger at the West, and our market has improved in sympathy, with sales to-day at 6·32@6·33c. for May and 6·44c. for July.

for July.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES.

	Sat.	· Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.
March delivery	6.18	6.22	6.25	6.23	6.25	6.28
April delivery c.	6.23	6.27	6.31	6.26	6.27	6.28
May delivery c.	6.26	6.32	6.35	6.30	6.31	6.32
July delivery	6.39	6.43	6.46	6.41	6.41	6.42
October delivery c		6.62	6.62	6:59	6.23	6.59

Pork has been quite active, and closes firm at \$11@\$11 25 for new mess. Cut meats show an increased movement, but at lower prices for pickled bellies, of which 33,000 lbs., 10 and 12 lbs. average, sold to-day at 5c. Sweet pickled meats at the West also sold freely, including hams at 8%c. for May and 9c. for May and 9c.

for June delivery.

Coffee on the spot has continued to meet with a brisk inquiry from the trade, and prices show a further improvement, Rio No. 7 closing at 18½c., with considerable business to-day in Java at 23¼@23½c. Rio options have had an upward tendency, the speculation for the rise being stimulated by the brisk trade and favorable foreign advices, making some further advance to-day, and closing fir sellers as follows: ther advance to-day, and closing fir sellers as follows:

March 17 35c. June 17
April 17 20c. July 17.05c. October 16 30c
May 17 15c. August 16 25c. November 16 75c

markets are lifeless.

markets are inteless.

Refined petroleum is lower at 7.40c. in bbls. and 9.60c. in cases; crude in bbls. 7.60c., and naphtha 8.10c.; crude certificates are again lower at 95c. Spirits turpentine has been lower, but to-day is steadier at 42½@43c. Rosins are more active at \$1 15@\$1 20 for common to good strained. Wool and hops very dull.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., March 7, 1890.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 63,554 bales, against 86,608 bales last week and 83,218 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since the 1st of Sept., 1889, 5,436,023 bales, against 5,010,965 bales for the same period of 1888-9, showing an increase since Sept. 1, 1889, of 425,058 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	1,549	1,312	€54	517	1,121	195	5,343
El Paso, &c						915	915
New Orleans	2,193	1,113	4,195	4,421	370	3,973	16,265
M bile	404	174	212	53	18	50	913
F.orida						634	634
Savannah	1,239	1,276	614	1,796	829	521	6,275
Brunsw'k, &c.						1,326	1,326
Charleston	492	249	116	3,080	233		4,170
Port Royal,&c							
Wilmington	731	109	42	139	61	34	1,116
Wash'gton, &c							
Norfolk	1,555	1,108	329	479	862	970	5,303
West Point	1,008	398	258	747	9	482	2,902
N'wp't N's,&c.						3,921	3,921
New York	1,404	1,240	942	1,093	727	905	6,311
Boston	264	403	160	470	35	441	1,773
Baltimore						4,249	4,249
Philadelph'a,&c	350	35	265	184	1,136	163	2,133
Totals this week	11,189	7,417	7,787	12,981	5,401	18,779	63.554

For comparison we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since September 1, 1889, and the stock to-night, compared with last year.

Receipts to	188	9-90.	188	88-89.	Store	k.
March 7.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1889.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1888.	1890.	1889.
Galveston	5,348	807,156	8,461	618,215	20,425	23,209
El Paso, &c.	915	22,203	435	18,507		
New Orleans.	16,265	1,812,528	23,293	1,542,071	202,663	285,959
Mobile	913	230,869	4,530	198,752	18,939	19,433
Florida	634	28,870	587	22,907		
Savannah	6,275	893,807	8,502	773,635	30,548	58,207
Bruns., &c.	1,326	156,908	7,153	126,933	9,148	
Charleston	4,170	309,177	4,134	355,921	17,860	19,695
P. Royal, &c		1,802	108	13,814		
Wilmington .	1,116	130,808	957	146,898	11,549	5,426
Wash'tn,&e		3,732	3	4,344		
Norfolk	5,303	381,705	4,453	457,312	28,270	25,884
West Point.	2,902	311,969	9,708			
NwptN.,&e	3,921	50,309	1,011		7,349	21,847
New York	6,311	96,775	4.812	85,515	137,182	244,063
Boston	1,773	62,404	2,436	68,980	10,400	10,000
Baltimore	4,249	74,602	63	59,957	6,609	14,607
Phil'del'a, &c	2,133		992		12,750	11,948
Totals	63,554	5,436,023	81,638	5,010,985	513,692	740,278

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at-	1890.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.	1885.
Galv'ston, &c	6,263	-8,896	3,509	3,873	4,206	1,717
New Orleans	16,265	23,293	35,743	33,183	21,493	22,184
Mobile	913	4,530	720	2,682	2,166	715
Savannah	6,275	8,502	4,621	7,895	9,966	1,992
Charl'st'n,&c	4,170	4,242	4,640	5,230	5,661	1,911
Wilm'gt'n,&c	1,116	960	483	428	1,618	391
Norfolk	5,303	4,453	6,622	6,022	6,442	3,987
W't Point, &c	6,823	10,719	8,728	4,088	3,457	1,359
Allothers	16,426	16,043	8,403	9,552	7,120	8,325
Tot.this week	63,554	81,638	73,469	72,953	62,129	42,581
Since Sept. 1.	5436,023	5010,965	4974,928	4929,138	4669,431	1489,481

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 140,043 bales, of which 75,932 were to Great Britain, 5,905 to France and 58,206 to the rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for the week, and since September 1, 1889.

Exports	Wee	k Endir Export	ng Marc	h 7.	From Sept. 1, 1889, to Mch. 7, 1890 Exported to-				
from-	Chand		Conti- nent.	Total Week.	Great Britain.	France	Conti- nent.	Total.	
Galveston	9,509		900	10,469	301,337	84,656	126,980	482,978	
New Orleans	34,172	5,011	36,802	75,983	752,153	320,820	461,918	1,537,891	
Mobile				******	44,789		*******	44,789	
Savannah			8,800	8,800	154,570	30,326	817,059	501,935	
Brunswick			******		95,411	******	14,287	-109,698	
Charleston			3,953	3,933	49,072	24,246	155,041	228,863	
Wilmington					71,926		32,988	104,914	
Norfolk	9,607			9,607	206,364		87,758	244,120	
West Point	4,487			4,487	145,405		21,020	169,425	
N'port Nws. &c	808			808	27,181		93	27,277	
New York	10,649	620	5,127	16,896	367,088	32,065	115,327	514,480	
Boston	6,009		256	6,265	108,908		2,401	111,309	
Baltimore		274	2,122	2,396	45,384	1,574	86,183	83,071	
Philadelp'a,&c	743		266	1,009	22,627		1,372	24,419	
Total	75,932	5,905	58,208	140,043	2,392,193	443,690	1,328,881	4,184,766	
Total, 1888-89	91,823	11,578	44,657	148,053	2,210,184	340,726	1,099,098	8,650,008	

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale & Lambert, 24 Beaver Street.

17	0,	for				
March 7, at-	Great Britain.	France.	Other Foreign	Coast-	Total.	Leaving Stock.
New Orleans Mobi.e Charleston Savannah Galveston Norfolk New York	19,074 None. 2,500 None. 4,705 10,000 7,200	2,094 None. None. None. None. None. 850	10,679 None. 3,000 8,850 1,657 None. 8,100	1,036 None. 1,000 2,100 4,701 3,000 None.	32,883 None. 6,500 10,950 11,063 13,000 16,150	169,780 18,939 11,360 19,362 9,362 15,270 121,032
Other ports	10,000	None.	3,000	None.	13,000	44,805
Total 1890	53,479	2,944	35,286	11,837	103,546	410,146
Total 1889	42,619 38,588	6,306 8,332	42,835 33,671	22,903 11,613	114,663 92,204	625,615 704,806

The speculation in cotton for future delivery at this market was at declining prices for the first half of the week under review. The large plantation movement last week and the cessation of heavy rains at the South, together with weak accounts from Liverpool, were depressing influences. But toward the close of Tuesday the small movement of the crop since the Friday before and the reduced stocks at the South (through large exports) brought in buyers more freely; and when on Wednesday Liverpool reported an advance of 2-64ths in futures and a better market for spots, there was a buoyant market, with considerable activity. On Thursday there was renewed activity and buoyancy, a better report from Manchester being added to the supporting influences, and bringing out an active demand from the "shorts" to cover contracts. To-day the Liverpool report disappointed our bulls, and the opening was slightly lower; but the market quickly rallied. and in the last hour, owing to the report of small interior receipts, became active and buoyant, reaching the highest figures of the season, namely 11.40c. for April and 11.55c. for August. Cotton on the spot was marked up 1-16c, on Thursday, although very quiet, and the close was firm at 113gc. for middling uplands.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 338,900 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 3,011 bales, including 1,633 for export, 1,378 for consumption. for speculation, and — in transit. Of the above were to arrive. The following are the official quotations for each day of the past week-March 1 to March 7.

UPLANDS.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Crdinary P lb.	8916	8916	8916	8918	858	858
Strict Ordinary	9	9	9	9	9116	9116
Good Ordinary		978	978	978	91516	915
Strict Good Ordinary	10516	10516	10516	10516	1038	1038
Low Middling	101316	101316	101316	101316	1078	1078
Strict Low Middling	1118	1118	1118	1118	11316	11316
Middling	11518	11516	11518	11016	1138	1138
Good Middling	11918	11916	11918	11916	1158	1158
Strict Good Middling	1134	1134	1134	1134	111316	111314
Middling Fair	12316	12316	12318	12316	124	124
Fair	121114	121110	121110	121116	1234	1234
GULF.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Pri.
Ordinary 18 lb.	81316	S1318	81316	8131	878	878
Strict Ordinary	914	914	914	914	9516	9516
Good Ordinary		1018	1018	1018	10316	10316
Strict Good Ordinary		10916	10916	10916	1058	1058
Low Middling		11116	11116	11116	1118	1118
Strict Low Middling	1138	1138	1136	1139	11716	11716
Middling	11918	11918	11919	11914	1158	1158
Good Middling	111316	111316	111316	111316	1178	1178
Strict Good Middling	12	12	12	12	12116	12118
Middling Fair	127.0	12716	12710	12716	1219	1212
Fair	121516	121516	121516	121518	13	13
STAINED.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Good Ordinary \$ 1b.	8716	8716	8716	8716	810	810
Strict Good Ordinary	9116	9116	9116	9115	918	918
Low Middling	10,16	10	10 16	10	1011	10116

MARKET AND SALES.

The total sales and future deliveries each day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add a column which shows at a glance how the market closed on same days.

		SALE	s of sp	OT AN	D TRA	NSIT.	· FUTU	RES.	1,125,100.
	SPOT MARKET CLOSED.	Ex- port.	Con- sump.		Tran- sit.	Total.	Sales.	D'liveries.	We have included in the above table, and shall continue each week to give, the average price of futures each day for each month. It will be found under each day following the abbreviation "Aver". The
Bat	Steady	1,633	866			2,499	22,600		average for each mouth for the week is also given at bottom of table. Transferable Orders—Saturday, 11·20c.; Monday, 11·20c.; Tuesday, 11·20c.; Wednesday, 11·25c.; Thursday, 11·35c.; Friday, 11·40c.
Tues. Wed.	Steady	::::	214		::::	214	62,100		The following exchanges have been made during the week.
Thur. Fri	Firm at 1 ₁₆ adv. Steady	::::	93 205		::::		97,400 104,200		15 pd. to exch. 200 April for July. 16 pd. to exch. 400 April for July. 03 pd. to exch. 100 March s. n. for 05 pd. to exch. 100 May for June.
Total		1,633	1,378			,3,011	338,900		regular. Even 100 July for Aug. 18 pd. to exch. 100 Mch. for July.
The	daily deliveries ous to that on whi	given ich they	above are re	are a	etnal	ly deliv	vered th	e day	

THE SALES AND PRICES OF FUTURES are shown by the

f	ollow	ing com	prehens	ive table	e:	LOLE	9.0		
жалев вписе вер. 1, 89%	Average price, week.	1	Thursday, Mch. 6— Sales, total	Wednesday, Mch. 5— Sales, total Prices paid (range) Closing	Tuesday, Mch. 4— Sales, total Prices paid (range) Closing	3-	Saturday, Mch. 1— Sales, total		Market, Prices and Sales of
12,852,700	338,900	Variable. 104,230 0.29 #11.55 Firmer.	Buoyant. 97,400 0.27 @11.50 Firm.	Higher. 62,100 10.26 \$\tilde{x}11.44 Steady.	Firmer: 33,900 10.24 a 11'37 Steady.	Easier. 22,600 10·37 #11·37 Quiet.	Lower. 18,700 10.38 #11.39 Dull.	Total Sales.	Market, Range and
2,191,200	22,100 11.21	Aver11.31 5,700 11.27 \$\tilde{x}11.36 11.36 \$\tilde{x}11.37	Aver 11-23 11-3	Avet11.22 4,600 11.20@11.23 11.21—11.22	Aver11·15 2,200 11·15æ11·17 11·16—11·17	Aver11.17 2,700 11.16@11.18 11.15—11.16	Aver11.18 1,300 11.17.21.18 11.16-11.17	March.	
1,348,900	51,900 11.25	Aver11:35 11,300 11:31 #11:40 11:39—11:40	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Aver.} & .11\cdot 22 \text{ Aver.} & .11\cdot 25 \text{ Aver.} & .11\cdot 31 \text{ Aver.} & .11\cdot 37 \text{ Aver.} & .11\cdot 42 \text{ Aver.} & .11\cdot 42 \text{ Aver.} & .10\cdot 74 $	Aver11'.15 Aver11'.20 Aver11'.25 2,200 25,300 11'.15 \$\pi\$11'.17 11'.19 \$\pi\$1'.22 11'.24 \$\pi\$11'.27 11'.1611'.17 11'.2011'.21 11'.26	Aver11.21 2,700 11.16æ11.18 11.21æ11.22 11.15—11.16	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Aver} : .11\cdot 18 \\ \text{Aver} : .11\cdot 28 \\ \text{Aver} : .11\cdot 28 \\ \text{Aver} : .11\cdot 32 \\ \text{Aver} : .11\cdot 32 \\ \text{Aver} : .11\cdot 36 \\$	April.	
1,317,500	54,800 11:81	Aver11.40 14,700 11.37@11.45	Aver11:36 14,000 11:32:211:40 11:39-11:40	Aver11:31 11,700 11:29#11:33 11:30—11:31	Aver11.25 5,800 11.24.211.27	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Aver} \dots 11.26 \\ 2,700 \\ 11.25 & \textbf{\phi}11.27 \\ 11.25 \dots 11.26 \\ 11.25 \dots 11.26 \end{array} \\ \textbf{Aver} \dots 11.31$	Aver11'28 5,900 11'26 a 11'29	May.	
1,170,000	69,200 11.36	Aver11.45 20,800 11.41 a 11.50 11.49-11.50	Aver11.41 17,000 11.37@11.45 11.44—11.45	Aver11.37 16,200 11.35@11.38 11.35—11.36	Aver11:30 6,300 11:29:211:32 11:31-11:32	Aver11:31 4,600 11:30 #11:32 11:30—11:31	Aver11·32 4,300 11·31@11·34 11·30@11·31	June.	DAILY PI
558,600	42,600 11.41	Aver11.45 Aver11.50 20,800 11.41 a11.50 11.46 a11.55 11.49-11.50 11.54-11.55	Aver11.46 10,400 11.42 ø11.50 11.49 –11.50	Aver11.42 8,500 11.40 #11.43 11.40 -11.41	Aver11.36 4,100 11.34.211.37 11.36-11.37	Aver11.37 1,800 11.36 #11.37 11.3511.36	Aver11.37 2,000 11.36 #11.39 11.35—11.36	July.	PRIORS AND
979,100	64,000 11.41	Aver11.50 24,800 11.46 \$11.55 11.54-11.55	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Aver}11.46 \\ 10,400 \\ 11.42 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	Aver . 11:31 Aver 11:37 Aver 11:42 Aver 11:42 11.700 16.200 8.500 16.400 11:30 11:35 21:35 21:35 11:35 11:40 21:40 21:43 11:40 21:40 21:41 11:40 21:41 11:40 21:41 11:40 21:41 11:40 21:41 11:41 11:40 21:41 11:41	1.1125 Aver1130 Aver1136 Aver1135 5.500 6.300 6.4100 6.700 6.4112711.2361132 113461137113461137 5 1131-1132 1136-1137 1136-1137	Aver11.26 Aver10.31 Aver11.37 Aver11.36 Aver10.71 Aver10.37 2.700 2.1.25.21.30.21.30.21.32.11.36.21.37.11.34.21.37 10.70.201.27.20.201.25.21.26 11.30.21.32.11.36.21.37.11.34.21.37 10.70.201.27.20.300 11.25.21.26 11.30.21.31.11.35.21.36 11.35.21.36 10.69.20.71 10.37.20.39	Aver11.37 Aver11.36 2,000 2,000 11.36 #11.39 11.35—11.36 11.35—11.36	August.	SALES OF
112,100	11,300 10.75	Aver10·80 2,300 10.76 æ 10.85 10·85—10·86	Aver10.78 6,000 10.75@10.80 10.79—10.80	Aver10-74 2,000 10-73@10-74 10-41@10-44 10-72-10-73 10-42-10-43	Aver 10.68@10.70	Aver10.71 Aver 800 10.70@10.71 10.37@ 10.69—10.71 10.37—	Aver10.73 200 10.72—10.73 10.70—10.71	September.	FUTURES
63,200	12,900 10.42	Aver10 50 5,000 10 47 \$\tilde{x}10.54 10 55 - 10 56	Aver10.47 5,000 10.44 \$10.49 10.49-10.50	Aver10-42 2,200 10-41 #10-44 10-42-10-43	Aver10·40 100 - #10·40 10·39-10·40	Aver10.37 300 10.372 — 10.37—10.39	Aver10:39 300 10:38 æ10:39 10:37—10:38	October.	FOR RAOH
14,800	2,000 10.32	Aver10·34 1,100 10·82 #10·35 10·38—10·39	Aver10:30 900 10:30 2 - 10:34-10:35	Aver	Aver	Aver 	Aver	November.	HINOM
16,100	6,600 10-25	Aver 10 32 2,100 10.29 a 10.36 10.36-10.37	Aver10.29 3,400 10.27 a 10.30 10.32—10.34	Aver10.26 600 10.26.210.27 10.25—10.27	Aver 10.24 Aver 500 10.24 % -	Aver	Aver	December.	
4,400	1,500 10 32	10·34 Aver10 32 Aver10·33 Aver 100 2.100 600 10·35 10·29 a·10·36 10·33 a — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Aver 10·30 Aver 10·29 Aver 10·31 Aver 900 900 900 10·30 a0 10·30 10·30 a0 10·32 - 10·34 10·33 - 10·35	Aver 10·26 Aver	Aver10.24 Aver 500 10.24 8 -	Aver Aver	Aver	January.	
-		Aver	Aver	Aver	Aver	Aver	D 1	February.	

* Includes sales in September, 1889, for September, 147,600; September-October, for October, 640,600; September-November, for November, 636,200; September-December, for December, 957,200; September-January, for January, 1,570,100; September-February, for February, THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks, as well as those for Great Britain and the afloat are this week's returns, and consequently all the European figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Mch. 7), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.

Stock at Liverpoolbales Stock at London	1890. 1,056,000 15,000	1889. 761,000 7,000	1888. 883,000 25,000	1887. 947,000 14,000
Total Great Britain stock.	1.071.000	768,000	908,000	961,000
Stock at Hamburg	2,100		4,100	3,100
Stock at Bremen	134,000		45,900	35,600
Stock at Amsterdam	7,000		22,000	29,000
Stock at Rotterdam	300		400	300
Stock at Antwerp	6,000		700	900
Stock at Havre	177,000			266,000
Stock at Marseilles	3,000			5,000
Stock at Barcelona	99,000			
Stock at Genoa	22,000			5,00
Stock at Trieste	14,000		4,000	11,000
Total Continental stocks	464,400	250,700	309,100	406,900
Total European stocks	1.535.400	1,018,700	1.217.100	1.367.90
India cotton affoat for Europe.	214,000			
Amer. cott'n afloat for Europe.	318,000			
Egypt, Brazil, &c., aflt for E'r'pe		37,000	51,000	
Stock in United States ports	513,692			
Stock in U. S. interior towns	181,383			212,55
United States exports to-day.	37,966	50,094	24,764	6,87
Total visible supply	2,834,441	2,670,551	2,858,515	2,983,25
Of the above, tactotals of Amer	rican and o	ther descri	ptionsare	as follow

Of the above, the totals of Amer	rican and o	ther descri	ptionsare	as follows
Liverpool stockbales	836,000	592,000	705,000	745,000
Coatinental stocks	356,000	169,000	197,000	308,000
American affoat for Europe	318,000	327,000		
United States stock	513,692		797,010	741,923
United States interior stocks	181,383	227,479		212,556
United States exports to-day.	37,966	50,094	24,764	6,873
Total American	2.243.041	2,105,851	2,302,415	2,437,352

Total American	2,243,041	2,105,851	2,302,415	2,437,352
East Indian, Brazil, &c	000 000	100.000	170.000	202.000
Liverpool stock	220,000	169,000	178,000	202,000
London stock	15,000			
Continental stocks	108,400			
India afloat for Europe	214,000	270,000	190,000	175,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat	34,000	37,000	51,000	56,000
Total East India, &c	591,400			
Total American	2,243,041	2,105,851	2,302,415	2,437,352

Price Mid. Upl., New York... 11 sc. 10 s₁c. 10 s₁c. 9 s₆c.

The imports into Continental ports this week have been 120,000 bales.

The above figures indicate an *increase* in the cotton in sight to-night of 163,890 bales as compared with the same date of 1889, a *decrease* of 24,074 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1888 and a *decrease* of 148,811 bales as compared with 1887.

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement—that is the receipts for the week, and since September 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1888-89—is set out in detail in the following statement.

Total all	Total, new towns	Newberry, S.C.\$Raleigh, N. CTarboro, N. C.iLouisville, Ky.t.Little Rock, Ark.Brenham, Texas.Houston, Texas.	Total, old towns.	Augusta, Ga. Columbus, Ga. Macon, Ga's. Macon, Ga's. Selma, Ala. Memplis, Tean. Nashville, Tenn. Dallas, Texas'. Sherman, Texas'. Sherman, Jaas' Shreveport, Mass. Columbus, Mass. Eufaula, Ala Atlanta, Ga. Atlanta, Ga. Atlanta, Ga. Rome, Ga. Rome, G. St. Louis, Mo. Cinebmatt, Ohio	Towns.	
24.297	5,200	100 91 11 377 752 112 3,757	19,097	1,214 3022 3022 100 2,470 638 800 2,477 638 800 2,477 144 1,139 93 188 6,490 4,379	This week.	Mor
3,287,662	876,631	16,621 18,898 5,312 13,793 65,494 25,471 731,042	2,411,031	189,543 77,989 57,714 57,714 57,714 57,714 54,717 34,717 34,717 34,717 34,717 34,717 34,717 34,022 34,022 141,584 62,758 62,758 62,758 62,758 62,758 62,758 62,758	Receipts. Since Sept.1.'89.	Morement to M
50,298	6,188	100 47 11 451 451 989 15 4,575	44,100	5,492 1,766 1,766 747 747 11,508 10,600 45 1,913	Shipm'ts This week.	March 7, 1890
196,978	15,595	796 1,331 6,305 1,871 5,292	181,383	13.728 6.698 1,098 2,398 2,298 58,519 58,519 4,278 2,208 2,100 7,082 3,963 3,963 3,963 6,433 6,4	Stock Mch. 7.	1890.
46.229	9,992	199 358 158 344 1,344 1,348 203 7,382	36,237	2.357 525 164 9.163 9.163 1,058 9.163 1,058 1,05	This week.	Мон
46,229 3,206,067	776,919	14,997 27,802 12,330 14,982 71,012 26,072 609,724	2,429,148	176,686 72,553 52,237 69,236 79,7546 79,7546 79,7546 79,613 70,954 70,954 80,667 32,877 32,877 32,877 32,877 32,877 32,877 32,878 313,369	Receipts. Since Sept. 1,'88.	Movement to March 8, 1889
71,199	10,372	199 419 213 432 855 299 7,955	60,827	5,622 1,352 1,543 4,00 20,761 1,979 7,4 1,683 2,168 307 307 307 449 2,1804 1,804 1,804 1,804 1,804 1,804 1,804 1,804 1,804 1,806 8,068	Shipm'ts This week.	arch 8, 1
246,002	18,523	1,206 1,147 1,216 7,441 1,544	227,479	14,255 3,904 1,738 2,738 2,738 3,428 90,137 5,896 3,000 4,966 1,810 1,81	Stock Mch. 8.	889.

^{* 1889} figures are for Palestine. † 1889 figures are for Petersburg, Va. † Louisville in both years are "net." § This year estimated.

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have decreased during the week 25,013 bales, and are to-night 46,096 bales less than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 17,140 bales less than the same week last year, and since Sept. 1 the receipts at all the towns are 81,595 bales more than for the same time in 1888-89.

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKET In the table below we give the closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the past week:

Week ending	CLOSI	CLOSING QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON ON-										
March 7.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.						
Galveston	1058	101116	101116	10 116	101116	10%						
New Orleans	101116	101116	101118	101118	1034	1034						
Mobile	1012	10%	10 16	10716	10916	1058						
Savannah	1058	1058	1058	1058	1058	1059						
Charleston.	1058	1058	1058	1038	1058	1058						
Wilmington.	1058	1058	1058	1058	1058	1058						
Norfolk	1034	10%	1034	103	101316	1078						
Boston	1112	1112	1112	1112	1112	1112						
Baltimore	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	1114						
Philadelphia	11 '16	11916	11916	11916	11916	1158						
Augusta	1058	1058	1058	1058	1058	1058 4 3						
Memphis	1058	1058	1058	1058	1034	103						
St. Louis	1058	1058	1058	1058	1058	1058						
Cincinnati	1078	1078	1078	1078	1078	1078						
Louisville	11	11	11	11	11	11						

The closing quotations to-day (Friday) at other important outhern markets were as follows:

Columbus, Ga. 10 ¹ ₂ Montgomery Columbus, Miss 10 ¹ ₂ Nashville	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 10^{3}8 & Rome \\ 10^{1}2 & Seima \\ 10^{1}2 & Shreveport \end{array} $	10^{7}_{8} 10^{3}_{4} 10^{1}_{4}

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

Week Ending-		Receip	ts at the	Ports.	St'kat	Interior	Towns.	Rec'pts from Plant'ns,			
		1:88.	1889.	1890.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1889.	1889.	1890.	
Jan.	31	98,668	155,354	159,265	379,556	361,239	287,884	80,212	126,950	122,070	
Feb.	7	99,5.3	126,347	140,253	368,663	338,521	280,548	88,690	101,329	132,917	
**	14	84,187	135,670	99,965	360,441	320,287	259,957	75,915	119,436	79,374	
**	21	69,024	98,350	83,219	850,614	297,545	239,895	59,197	73,608	63,256	
**	28	65,562	96,593	86,608	324,598	270,972	222,979	39,536	70,020	69,592	
Mch.	7	73,469	81,638	63,554	302,508	248,002	196,978	51,989	58,668	37,558	

The above statement shows: 1.—That the total receipts from the plantations since September 1, 1889, are 5,620,557 bales; in 1888-89 were 5,241,592 bales; in 1887-88 were 5,253,606 bales.
2.—That, although the receipts at the outports the past week were 63,554 bales, the actual movement from plantations was only 37,553 bales, the balance being taken from the stocks at the interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 56,668 bales and for 1888 they were 51,889 bales. 51,389 bales.

AMOUNT OF COTTON IN SIGHT MARCH 7 .- In the table below we give the receipts from plantations in another form, and add to them the net overland movement to March 1, and also the takings by Southern spinners to the same date, so as to give substantially the amount of cotton now in sight.

1889-90.	1888-89.	1887-88.	1886-87.
	5,010,965	4,974,928	4,929,138
	230,627	278,678	138,902
795,511	779,991	816,752	623,233
6,747,068	6,346,583	6,370,358	5,991,273
1,564,947	1,538,489	1,452,448	1,303,362
	5,436,023 184,534 5,620,557 795,511 331,000 6,747,068	5,436,023 5,010,965 184,534 230,627 5,620,557 5,241,592 795,511 779,991 331,000 325,000 6,747,068 6,346,583	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

It will be seen by the above that the increase in amount in sight to-night, as compared with last year, is 400.485 bales, the increase as compared with 1887-88 is 376,710 bales and the increase over 1886 87, is 755,795 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—Our telegraphic advices from the South to-night indicate that the temperature has been low during the week—at some places very low—with frost and ice. No damage, however, seems to have resulted except to gardens and early vegetables.

Galveston, Texas.—There has been rain on one day and frost and ice on two days. The week's rainfall has been one inch and fifty-one hundredths. Average thermometer 48, highest 67 and lowest 30. During the month of February the rainfall reached one inch and ninety-two hundredths.

Palestine, Texas.—Rain has fallen on two days of the week to the extent of one inch and ninety-five hundredths. Frost

releastine, Texas.—Rain has rained on two days of the week to the extent of one inch and ninety-five hundredths. Frost and ice on two nights did damage to early gardens, and fruit is perhaps injured, but no other damage. The thermometer has averaged 44, the highest being 70 and the lowest 19. Rainfall during February three inches and seventy-two hundredths. dredths.

Huntsville, Texas.-It has rained on two days of the week, the precipitation reaching seventy-nine hundredths of an inch. Vegetables have been killed by the frost and ice, which formed on two nights, but no other harm. The thermometer has ranged from 24 to 70, averaging 46. February rainfall three inches and seventy-two hundredths.

Dallas, Texas. - Frost on two nights of the week has nipped gardens but nothing else hurt. Rain has fallen on two days of the week to the extent of one inch and nine hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 45, ranging from 11 to 79. During the month of February the rainfall reached one inch and ninely-five hundredths.

San Antonio, Texas.—We have had rain on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching two hundredths of an inch. Frost and ice occurred on two nights but nothing executed on two nights.

and ice occurred on two nights, but nothing except early vegetables has been hurt. Average thermometer 52, highest 81, lowest 24. February rainfall two inches and ninety hun-

dredths.

columbia, Texas.—The weather has been dry all the week, ith frost and ice on two nights. No damage of any conse with frost and ice on two nights. No damage of any consequence. The thermometer has averaged 53, ranging from 24 to 82. During the month of February the rainfall reached

to 82. During the month of February the rainfall reached two inches and seventy hundredths.

Brenham, Texas.—Rain has fallen on one day of the week to the extent of four hundredths of an inch. We had frost on three nights and ice on two, but aside from gardens no damage has been done. Average thermometer 50, highest 77 and lowest 23. During the month of February the rainfall reached three inches and thirty-nine bundredths.

Non-Orleans Levisiona, It has resined as three days of the

New Orleans, Louisiana.—It has rained on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching seventy-nine hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 49.

Shreveport, Louisiana.—Rainfall for the week nineteen hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 41, highest

66 and lowest 22.

Columbus, Mississippi.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching forty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 38, the highest being 58 and the lowest 14. During February the rainfall reached nice inches

lowest 14. During February the rainfail.

and ninety-eight hundredths.

Leland, Mississippi.—The weather has been cloudy and cold during the week, with rainfall of sixty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 41, ranging from 20 to 69. February rainfall four inches and two hundredths.

Greenville, Mississippi.—The week's precipitation has been thirty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged

from 21 to 60, averaging 41.

Helena, Arkansas.—There have been two heavy showers during the week, the precipitation reaching one inch and ninety-two hundredths. Farm work is progressing. But little fruit has been injured by the cold. The thermometer has ranged from 17 to 50, averaging 34. During February rain fell on ten days, and the rainfall reached nine inches and thisty hundredthe.

thirty hundredths.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.—Telegram not received.

Little Rock, Arkansas.—The past week has been marked for the lowest temperature of the winter, but it lasted only three days. It has rained on four days, the rainfall reaching seventy-six hundredths of an inch, but the weather is now bright and balmy. The thermometer has averaged 32, ranging from and balmy. The thermometer has averaged 32, ranging from

Nashville, Tennessee.—Rain has fallen on four days of the week to the extent of eighty-four hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 29, the highest being 57 and the

lowest 16.

Memphis, Tennessee .--We have had rain on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching ninety-one hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 34, highest 52 and lowest 17—lowest this season. During the month of February the rainfall reached three inches and thirteen hundredths, on thirteen days

Mobile, Alabama.—There has been a rainfall of sixty-one hundredths of an inch on four days. We had a freeze on Sunday. The thermometer has averged 45, ranging from 25 to 63 Montgomery, Alabama.—We have had rain on three days of

the week, the precipitation reaching fifty-two hundredths of an inch. Frost on three nights. The thermometer has ranged from 21 to 66, averaging 44. February rainfall three inches and forty-three hundredths.

Selma, Alabama.-It has rained on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and thirty hundredths. Average thermometer 37, highest 64 and lowest 20. During the month of February the rainfall reached six inches and twenty-

moun of February the raiman reached six inches and twelly two hundredths.

Auburn, Alabama.—Rainfall for the week one inch and thirty hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 42·3, the highest being 67·5 and the lowest 18.

Columbus, Georgia.—Rain has fallen on one day of the week, to the extent of fifty-seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 27 to 63, averaging 43. During February rain fell on eight days, and the rainfall reached two February rain fell on eight days, and the rainfall reached two inches and eighty-six hundredths.

Savannah, Georgia.—It has rained on three days of the

week, the precipitation reaching fifty-six hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 49, highest 80, lowest 26. During the month of February the rainfall reached one inch and two

hundredths.

Augusta, Georgia.—The weather has been pleasant, with light rain on four days, to the extent of ninety-three hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 47, the highest being 67 and the lowest 24. During February the rainfall reached one inch and eighty-eight hundredths.

Charleston, South Carolina.—Rain has fallen on three days, to the extent of eighty hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 50, highest 74 and lowest 28. During the month of ebruily it erainfall reached one inch and twenty-eight hundredths.

dredths.

Stateburg, South Carolina.-There has been rain on two days of the week and snow on one. The rainfall reached one inch and five hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 48-7, ranging from 24-5 to 75-5. Rainfall during February one inch and sixty-five hundredths.

Wilson, North Carolina.—Telegram not received.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock March 6, 1890. and March 7, 1889.

	Meh. 6, '90.	Meh.	7, '89.
	Feet. 15.9		Inch.
New Orleans Above low-water mark.		11	9
MemphisAbove low-water mark.		20	3
Nashville Above low-water mark.		13	8
ShreveportAbove low-water mark.		23	0
VicksburgAbove low-water mark.	46.1	32	6

Note.-Reports are now made in feet and tenths.

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS,—The receipts and shipments of cotton at Bombay have been as follows for the week and year, bringing the figures down to March 6.

BOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

	Shipme	ents this	s week.	Shipm	ents since	Receipts.		
Year	Great Brit'n.		Total.	Great Britain	Conti- nent.	Total.	This Week.	Since Jan. 1.
1890	25,000	47,000	72,000	70,000	282,000	352,000	81,000	624,000
					314,000	429,000		652,000
		24,000			172,000	221,000		407,000
1887	9,000	34,000	43,000	59,000	196,000	255,000	51,000	431,000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show an *increase* compared with last year in the week's receipts of 3,000 bales, and a *decrease* in shipments of 27,000 bales, and the shipments since January 1 show a *decrease* of 77,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras, and other India ports for the last reported week and since the 1st of January, for two years, has been as follows. "Other ports" cover Ceylon, Tuticorin, Kurrachee and Coconada.

Shipme	nts for th	e week.	Shipments since January 1.				
Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.		
2,000	4,000	6,000	12,000	27,000	39,000		
1,000	4,000	5,000	21,000	25,000	46,000		
	,						
2.000		2,000	4.000	1.000	5,000		
					7,000		
			0,000	-,	.,		
2.000	2.000	4.000	11.000	8.000	19,000		
					24,000		
2,000	4,000	0,000	11,000	7,000	21,000		
6 000	6.000	12.000	27.000	36.000	63,000		
					77,000		
	Great Britain.	Great Britain. Conti- Britain. 2,000 4,000 1,000 4,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 4,000 6,000 6,000	Britain. nent. Total. 2,000 1,000 4,000 5,000 6,000 5,000 2,000 2,000 4,000 2,000 4,000 6,000 2,000 6,000 12,000	Great Britain. Conti- nent. Total. Great Britain. 2,000 1,000 4,000 4,000 6,000 5,000 12,000 21,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 4,000 4,000 5,000 11,000 17,000 2,000 2,000 4,000 4,000 6,000 6,000 12,000 17,000	Great Britain. Continent. Total. Great Britain. Continent. 2,000 1,000 4,000 5,000 1,000 4,000 5,000 21,000 25,000 27,000 25,000 27,000 25,000 2,000 2,000 4,000 5,000 11,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 4,000 11,000 5,000 17,000 8,000 7,000 2,000 4,000 4,000 11,000 7,000 6,000 12,000 27,000 36,000		

The above totals for the week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 1,000 bales *more* than the same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments since January 1, 1890, and for the corresponding periods of the two previous years, are as follows:

m:	18	90.	18	89.	1888.		
Shipments to all Europe from—	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	
Bombay All other ports.	72,000 12,000	352,000 63,000	99,000 11,000	429,000 77,000	46,000 12,000	221,000 72,000	
Total	84,000	415,000	110,000	506,000	58,000	293,000	

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Egypt, March 5.	188	9-90.	188	8-89.	1887-88.		
Receipts (cantars*) This week Since Sept. 1.		50,000 08,000		36,000 62,000		32,000 92,000	
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	
Exports (bales)— To Liverpool To Continent		224,000 120,000	2,000 5,000	193,000 114,000		215,000 129,000	
Total Europe	11,000	344,000	7,000	307,000	11,000	344,000	

* A cantar is 98 pounds.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market is quiet for both yarns Stocks of both goods and yarns are accumlatand shirtings. ing. We give the prices for to-day below, and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

				189	0.			1899.						
	32s Cop. Twist.		814 lbs. M			Oott'n Mid. Uplds		Cop.	84 lbs. Shirtings.			Mid. Uplds		
J'n 31	d. 812	d.	s. 6	d.	a 5.	d. 4	d. 61 ₁₆	d. 71516	d. 2871e	8.	d. 1	a7	d. 112	d. 512
Feb. 7 " 14 " 21	838 8 85 8	987 ₈ 983 ₄ 983 ₄	6 6	4 3 21 ₉	a7 a7	4 3 11 ₂	6111 611 611 611 611 611 611 611 611 61	71516	#8716 #8716 #8716	6	1 1	7 7 7	2 lg 1 lg 1 lg	5916 5916
" 28 Meh.7	838	7834	6	No.	w7	3 1.	6116	71516	308716 308716	6	1	@7 @7	119	

OVERLAND MOVEMENT, &c., TO MARCH 1.-In our editorial columns to-day will be found our regular statement of overland movement, receipts, exports, spinners' takings, &c., brought down to March 1.

EAST INDIA CROP.-Messrs. Gaddum, Bythell & Co.'s report, dated Bombay, January 31, says:

Arr va's into Bombay this week fa'l short of those of last week by about 4, 00 bales, while in the up-country markets there is an increase of over 3,000 bales. The reports from the Broach and Dhollera districts continue satis actory; picking is going on in both districts, and some cotton is arriving in the Dhollera mark-te. Broach seed cotton is now coming into the ginning factorics, and next week some of them will commence work on a small scale.

The Bombay Prices Current of the same date says.

The Bombay Prices Current of the same date says.

The official telegraphic advices regarding the cotton ecop made known on Monday, reported a continuance of favorable weather for the harvesting of the growths which had matured, and for the full development of those which were not, or only par ially, ready for picking. Amongst the latter it was stated that at Broach the mornings were cold and dewy; and that picking of the plants had become general: the cotton beginning to arrive in small quantities; and in the Dhollera circle the crop was said to be excellent at Wudwan, while a ? Veerumgaum picking had partially begue, and at Boowningur arrivals were inc easing daily. The fresh news received to-day is that the present weather at Hubi in the Dholrera circle; the favorable advices from other quarters being repeated. The plan's in the Bellary district were showing bolls.

DOMESTIC EXPORTS OF COTTON MANUFACTURES.—Through the courtesy of Mr. S. G. Brock, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, we have received this week a statement showing the exports of domestic cotton manufactures for January, and for the seven months ended Jan. 31, 1890, with like figures for the corresponding periods of the previous year, and give them below

Quantities of Manufactures of Cot-	Month endi	ng Jan. 31.	7 mos. ending Jan. 31.			
ton (colored and uncolored) exported to—	1890.	1889.	1890.	1888.		
Great Britain and Irelandvards	289,917	229,844	4,385,951	4,895,927		
Other countries in Europe "	151,983	329,730	1,201,878	1,326,283		
British North America "	19,531	70,757		514,660		
Mexico "	431.85	803,266	5,027,676	5,981,160		
Central American States and	101,00	001,000	0,001,010	0,001,100		
British Honduras	532,090	413,234	4,911,360	5,068,371		
West Indies	1,632,585	1,445,851	8,881,607	6,053,192		
Argentine Republic "	216,071	217,664	3,021,231	2,085,327		
Brazil	622,564	F33,002	5,610,455	3,922,257		
United States of Colombia "	191.744	284,850	1.190,044	2,458,420		
Other countries in S. America "	1,158,397	2.801.931	10,463,945	13,014,165		
	1,590,800	2,837,278	8,395,774	9,254,762		
Chillia	1,000,000	2,001,210	0,000,114	8,234,702		
Other countries in Asia and	001 808	050 143	0.000.000	F 070 000		
	821,707	353,140 617,226	6,697,675	5,352,838		
	305,429			2,672,382		
Other countries "	344,625	328,653	2,406,103	5,154,823		
Total yards of above	8,609,296	11,378,526	66,816,914	67,734,517		
Total values of above	\$618,456	\$777,914	\$4,858,480	\$4,844,724		
Value per yard	\$.0718	\$.0884	\$.0727	\$-0715		
Values of other Manufactures of Cotton exported to-						
Great Britain and Ireland	\$35,642	\$49,639	\$228,936	\$288,822		
Germany	939	1,519	6,657	15,386		
France		100	6,039	9,489		
Other countries in Europe	2,796	3,892	17,968	11,249		
British North America	23,540	23,767	164.062	165,678		
Mexico	10.080	11,617		114.418		
Central American States & British	10,000	22,021	220,100	111,110		
Honduras	1.863	2,416	49.611	38,049		
West Indies	5,473	9,001	55,223	61,887		
United States of Colombia	2.026	4,693	13,900	42.022		
Other countries in So. America	5,557	8,473	68,298	62,730		
Asia and Oceanica	40,982	38,052	203,557	188,262		
Africa	1,327	323	5,233	4,170		
Other countries	1,341	2,057	16,900	7,7 9		
Total value of other manufac- tures of	\$130,255	\$155,609	\$952,162	#1 000 001		
				\$1,009,901		
Aggregate value of all cotton goods	\$748,711	\$933,523	\$5,810,642	\$5,854,625		

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, &c.-There has been a fair inquiry for bagging and the market is steady in tone, with sellers quoting 6½c. for 1½-lb., 7c. for 1¾-lb., 7¾c. for 2-lb. and 8½c. for standard grades. Only a light call is noted for jute butts, and the price is nominal at 1:80@1.%c. for paper grades and 1% @21/4c. for bagging qualities.

FALL RIVER AND ITS MANUFACTURES, 1803-1890.—Through the courtesy of Messrs. Durfee & Chace, Fall River, we have been favored with a copy of the twelfth edition of "Fall River and Its Manufactures," compiled from official sources by Mr. Henry H. Earl. In addition to other interesting matter contained in the book, there is an article on Fall River, its location, water-power and growth in cotton manufacture; also tables giving highest and lowest prices of print cloths from 1850 to 1889, the weekly production of the print cloth mills. stock, sales, price per yard during the seasons 1888-89 and 1889-90, and a complete list of the cotton-manufacturing establishments of the city, showing style of goods produced, capital, spindles and looms. These cotton establishments are summarized as follows: Number of corporations, 40; capital stock (incorporated), \$20,643,000; number of mills, 65; spindles, 2,128,228; looms, 49,586; employees, 21,750; pay-roll per week, \$145,405; weekly production in pieces, 221,000; yards of cloth per annum, 597,850,000; bales of cotton per annum, 244,850; tons of coal a year, 174,750. This report further states that 865,270,350 yards of print cloth are manufactured in the United States per annum, New England manufacturing 702,891,685 yards, of which Fall River produces 597,850,000 yards. Consequently, Fall River manufactures over three-fifths of all the

print cloths. The number of spindles in the Fall River mills at the close of each year, 1865 to 1889 inclusive, is giving in the subjoined statement:

1865 265,328	19751.239.048	19831,713,836
1866, 403,624	18761,274,265	1981 1,698,692
1368 537,416	18771,281,701	19851,742,984
1870 541,606	1878 1.322 169	18861.795,254
1871 788,138	1879 1,364,191	1887 1,823,472
19721.094,702	1889 1,390,830	18881.893,944
1873 1.212,694	18811,429,412	18892.128,223
15741.258.568	1882 1.678.016	

Here we see that in twenty-five years spindles have increased over 700 per cent, and since 1880 the gain has been 28 per cent.

The CHRONICLE'S returns of spindles in the United States, made up on the 1st of September, 1889, showed the total in the whole country at that date was 14,175,000—of which 12,725,000 spindles were in the North and 1,450,000 spindles were in the South. Consequently, Fall River now has one-sixth of all the cotton spindles in the North and 50 per cent more spindles than the whole of the South is now running.

Sipping News.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 98,345 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph and published in the Chronicle last Friday. With regard to New York we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Thursday.

١	Total	il bales.
١	NEW YORK-To Liverpool, per steamers Arizona, 1,471	
١	Bothnia, 979 Dalton, 1,289 Lake Huren, 2,218	
	Lake Nepigon, 1,483 Teutonic, 831 The Queen,	
1	1 1076	9.347
1	1,076 To Hull, per steamer Westhall, 830	830
ı	To London, per steamer Assi ria, 200.	200
	To Newcastle, per steamer Henrietta H. 272	272
	To Havre, per steamer La Champagne, 620.	620
	To Bremen, per steamers Ems, 513Trave, 258	771
	T Hamburg, per steamers Cassius, 1,550Rhaetia, 423	0.017
	Rugia, 650 Suevis, 594	3,217
	596	1,139
	NEW ORLEANS-To Liverpool, per steamers Californian, 2,183	
	Enrique, 4,400 Gallego, 5,100 . Merchant, 2,138	
	Navigator, 3,594 Wm. Cliffe, 7,318	24,733
	To Bremen, per steamer Augers, 7,419	7,419
	To Barcelona, per steamer Ponce de Leon. 1,783	1,783
	To Malaga, per steamer Ponce de Leon, 1,500	1,500
	To Genoa, per steamer Crown, 4,600	4,600
	GALVESTON-To Liverpool, per steamers Amethyst, 2,507	
	- Atlantis, 3.357	5,864
1	SAVANNAH-To Liverpool, per steamer Kirtle, 3,832	3,832
	To Nordkoping, per bark Orskar, 1,450	1.450
	CHARLESTON-To Bromen, per steamer Noto, 4,450	4,450
	To Nordkoping, per bark Neptun, 1,025	1,025
	To Malmo, per brig Leetch, 1,150	1,150
	To Barcelone, per brig Clara, 884	884
	Norfolk-To Bremen, per steamer Monarch, 5,392	5.392
	West Point-To Liverpool, per steamers Albany, 2,034	0,002
	Bentala, 4,623	6.657
	NEWPORT NEWS-To Liverpool, per steamer Suffolk, 2,369	2,369
	Boston-To Liverpool, per steamers Bostonian, 2,364 Ceph-	2,000
	alonia, 1,361 Palestine, 1,035	4,760
	To Yarmouth, per steamer Yarmouth, 216	216
	BALTIMORE—To Liverpool, per steamer Yorkshire, 3,224	3,224
		641
	PHILADELPHIA-To Liverpool, per steamer British Princess, 641	041

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

						Burce.	•	
		Hull,		Bremen	Ant-	tona.		
	Liver-	London	1,	& Ham-	werp,	Genoa,	Yar-	
	pool.	de.	Havre.	burg.	de.	dec.	mouth.	Total.
New York.	9,347	1,302	620	3,988	1,139			16,396
N. Orleans.	24,733			7,419		7,883		40,035
Galveston								5,864
Savannah.	3,832				1,450			5,282
Charleston.				4,450	2,175	884		7,509
Norfolk				5,392				5.392
West Point							*****	6,657
N'p't News				*****				2,369
Boston	4,760		*****		*****	*****	216	4,976
Baltimore.	3,224			*****	*****			3,224
Philadelp'a	641			******	*****	•••••	*****	641
Total	31.427	1.302	620	21.219	4.761	8.767	216	98.345

Below we add the clearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to

L-panto, ——. To Rotterdam—Feb. 25 – Steamer Ohio, 541. ILADELPHIA—To Liverpool—March 4—Steamer Ohio, 743. To Antwerp—March 4—Steamer Nederland, 266.

Below we give all news received to date of disasters to sels carrying cotton from United States ports, &c.

CASTELLANO, steamer (Span.)—A fire was discovered on March 3 aboard steamer Castellano, which cleared at New Orleans, Feb. 28, for Liverpool. Fifty bales of cotton were damaged.

CYPHERES, steamer (Br.), from West Point. Va., for Liverpool, got aground on York Spit, Chesapeake Bay, March 3, but was floated morning of the 4th, uninjured, by the Merritt Wrecking Company, and proceeded.

Octton freights the past week have been as follows:

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Pri.
Liverpool, steam d.	1364	1364	1364	1364	1364	316
Do late deliv'y.d.	****					
Havre, steam c.	38	38	38	38	38	1132
Do sail	••••					
Bremen, steam . c.	916	916	916	916	916	1732
Do indirect.c.						
Hamburg, steam.c.	1732	1732	1732	1732	1732	1732
Do via indirect.c.						
Amst'd'm, steam.c.	60*	63*	60 ^s	60*	60*	60*
Do indirect d.						
Reval, steamd.	1984 7516	1984 7518	1984 @ 518	1964 2516	1964@516	14 @932
Do sail d.						
Barcelona, steam d.	516	516	516	516	516	516
Genoa, steam d.		1984 7516			19,4 25,8	1984 7516
Trieste, steam d.		616		516 .		518
Antwerp, steam d.						1364 @ 735

LIVERPOOL.—By cable from Liverpool we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port.

	Feb. 14	Feb. 21.	Feb. 28.	March 7.
Sales of the weekbales	37,000	39,000	40,000	41,000
Of which exporters took	2,000	2,000	3,000	3,000
Of which speculators took	2,000	2,000		
Bales American	31,000	32,000	33,000	
Actual export	9,000	5,000	13,000	
Forwarded	70,000			
Total stock—Estimated				1.056,000
Of which American-Estim'd	806,000			
Total import of the week	86,000			
Of which American	73,000	67,000		
Amount afloat	193,000			
Of which American	158,000	159,000		

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending Mch. 7, and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows:

Spot.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursd'y.	Friday.
Market, 1:45 P. M.	Dull.	Weaker.	Small inquiry.	Firm.	Harden'g tendency.	Harden'g.
Mid.Upl'ds.	6116	6116	6116	6116	6116	6116
Sales Spec. & exp.	5,000 500	6,000 500	5,000 500	8,000 1,000	10,000	10,000
Futures. Market, (1:45 P. M.)	Steady at 1-64 ad- vance.	Weak at 1-64 @ 2-64 decline.	Steady at partially 1-64 adv.	Firm at partially 1-64 adv.	Quiet at partially 1-64 dec.	Steady at 1-84 ad- vance.
Market, }	Dull.	Steady.	Quiet and steady.	Quiet and steady.	Firm.	Steady.

The opening, highest, lowest and closing prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below. Prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unless otherwise stated.

	Sat., Mch. 1.				Mon., Mch. 3.				Tues., Mch. 4.			
	Open	High	Low.	Clos	Open	High	Low.	Clos	Open	High	Low.	Clos
	d.	d.	d.	đ.	đ.	d.	a.	d.	d.	d.	d.	4.
March	6 00	6 01	6 00	601	5 63	5 63	5 63	5 63	5 63	6 0	5 83	6 00
MchApril.	6 00	6 01	6 00	6 01	5 63	5 63	5 63	5 63	5 63	600	5 63	6 00
April-May	6 03	6 03	6 03	6 03	6 02	6 02	6 02	6 02	6 03	6 03	6 03	6 03
May-June	6 05	6 06	6 05	808	6 04	6 05	6 04	6 03	6 05	603	6 05	8 08
June-July	608	6 07	6 66	6 07	6 05	6 06	6 05	6 06	6 06	6 07	6 03	607
July-Aug	6 07	6 08	6 07	6 08	6 08	6 07	6 06	6 07	6 67	6 08	6 07	6 08
August	6 38	6 08	6 08	6 08	6 07	6 07	8 07	6 07	6 07	6 08		6 08
AugSept	6 05	6 05	6 05	6 05	6 04	6 04	8 04	604	6 04	6 05	6 64	6 05
September.	6 05	6 05	6 05	6 05	6 04	604	6 04	8 04	8 04	8 05		6 05

	Wednes., Mch. 5.				Thurs., Mch. 6.				Fri., Mch. 7.			
	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clin
	a.	a.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	4.	A
March	6 92	6 03	6 02	6 08	6 03	6 04	6 03	6 04	6 04	6 04	6 14	6 04
Mch April.	6 02	6 03	6 02	6 03	6 03	6 04	6 03	6 04	6 04	604	6 04	6 04
April-May	6 05	6 05	6 05	6 05	6 05	6 06	6 05	6 08	6 23	6 07	6 06	6 06
May-June	6 07	6 07	6 07	6 07	6 07	6 08	6 07	6 08	6 08	6 09	6 08	6 08
June-July	6 08	6 08	6 08	6 08	8 08	6 09	6 08	6 09	6 09	6 10	6 09	6 09
July-Aug	6 09	6 09	6 09	6 09	6 09	6 10	6 09	6 10	6 10	6 11	6 10	6 10
August	6 09	6 10	6 09	6 09	6 09	6 10	6 09	6 10	6 10	6 11	6 10	6 10
AugSept	6 06	6 07	6 06	6 07	6 08	607	6 06	6 07	6 07	6 08	6 07	6 08
September.	8 08	6 07	6 06	6 07	6 06	6 07	6 08	6 07	6 07	6 08	6 07	6 08

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., March 7, 1890.

The flour market has been very dull. The export demand was very small, except fo: what may be termed the regular West India trade in products of city mills, and the low grale;

have been very unsettled, lower prices, which holders have been unwilling to concede, being necessary to a fuller volume of trade. The local trade has been somewhat impeded by snow storms, which have obstructed railroads and made !ocal deliveries difficult. The market to day was very flat, and in revising quotations they are partially reduced.

The wheat market has been unsettled. The speculation on Tuesday was very active, but it ended in favor of the bears, owing to easier cable advices and a fall of snow in the Northwest, which was regarded as favorable to the autumn sown crop-hence there was heavy selling to realize. The export business, which had been quite good, came nearly to a standstill yesterday and part of the recent advance in prices was lost. To day sales to realize, prompted by better weather at the West, caused a weak market, but the decline was not important.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 RED WINTER WHEAT.

	Sat.	Mon.	Trues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
March delivery	8678	8719	8714	8634	8612	8614
April deliveryc.	87	874	8712	8678	8658	8638
May delivery	87	8734	8758	87	863	8639
June delivery	8578	863	861	8578	8558	8512
July deliverye.	8458	8518	8538	8419	8438	8418
August delivery	8358	8418	8418	8319	8312	8314
September delivery c.	8334	844	8114	8358	8334	8339
December delivery c.	8658	8718	8718	8612	8612	8614

Indian corn maintained a slight recovery with considerable steadiness until to day, when there was some depression under sales to realize. Lower ocean freights have promoted an active business for export, but as this did not cause any material improvement in values the bulls became discouraged and became free sellers. Still the close was about steady, prices being too low to justify much short selling looking to a decline. White and yellow grades continue scarce, but the demand for them is not urgent.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED CORN.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
March delivery	3538	3558	35%	3578	3578	3578
April delivery	3614	3612	3658	3613	36 4	36,73
May delivery	37	3718	3718	3718	37	37
June delivery	374	3738	374	3738	3714	374
July delivery	384	384	384	3818	3818	38

Oats have met with more export demand, and prices for parcels on the spot show some improvement, with which the later deliveries did not share to any extent; and to-day, after two days of dulness, prices yielded a fraction, the market closing unsettled.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED OATS

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
March delivery	28	2812	2858	283	29	2838
April delivery	2719	27%	28		284	28
May delivery	2634	27	$27^{1}4$	27 ¹ 8	27^{18}	27

Bye has met with some inquiry for export, but prices are barely maintained. Barley has sold to a moderate extent, but at prices which show some decline.

The following are closing quotations for wheat flour in barrels. (Corresponding grades in sacks sell slightly below these figures):

FLOUR.

Wheat -	c.		c.	Rye-	c.		e.
Spring, per bush	82	0	96	Western. # bu	53	0	57
Spring No. 2	87	0	90	State and Jersey	53	0	58
Red winter No. 2	861	27	8712	Oats-Mixed	271	2 2	3019
Red winter	72	0	91	White	291	23	34
White	86	0	91	No. 2 mixed	29	0	30
Corn - West'n mixed.	31	0	3712	No. 2 white	30	0	31
West'n mixed No.2.	36	0	37	Barley-			
Western yellow	37	8	39	2-rowed State	47	0	52
Western white	35	0	39	4-rowed State	52	0	55
Buckwheat	35	0	38	Canada	56	0	65

The movement of breadstuffs to market is indicated in the rate movement of oreaustums to market is indicated in the statement below, prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange. We first give the receipts at Western lake and river ports, arranged so as to present the comparative movement for the week ending March 1, 1890, and since August 1, 1889, for each of the last three years:

Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rys
	Bbls.198lbs	Bush,60 lbs	Bush,581b	Bush.32 lbs	Bush.48 lb.	Bu. 56 lbs
Chicago	74,296	92.647	1,643,943	1,030,629	350,707	35,601
Milwankee	60,731	90,750	25,580	50,000	150,500	20,880
Duluth	14,242	120,829	117,268	91,678		
Minneapolis.		602,213				
Poledo	1,824	30,041	408,600	980	2,500	1,748
Detroit	3,240	40,034	87,707	31,138	26,726	
Cleveland	5,359	24,633	10,871	29,053	1,545	64
3t. Louis	29,699	181,663	2,224,505	801,020	46,8)0	18,150
Peoria	2,490	21,000	513,0.0	304,000	37,200	4,950
Tot.wk. '90.	193,785	1,203,813	4,981,472	1,838,498	615,978	81,393
3ame wk.'89.	203.159	1,228,471	2,384,661	1,104,543	488,533	49,698
3ame wk.'88.	232,301	985,179	1,523,772	879,517	335,667	30,750
Since Aug. 1.				1		
1889-90	7,449,740	91,857,446	102,893,238	55,148,219	19,966,377	4,430,047
1888-89	6,065,928	71,180,637	77,483,999	53,964,484	21,161,162	4,077,415
1887-88	7,473.470	80,306,298	55.121.231	47,852,158	19,494 134	1,504,029

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ending March 1, 1890, are shown in the annexed statement:

Exports from—	Wheat.	Corn.	Flour.	Oats.	Rye.	Peas.
	Bush.	Bush.	Bbls.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush
New York	214.473	596,692	108,589	468,162		3,031
Boston	16,000		27,313			19,037
Portland.	10,082		6,242	36,990	1	18,096
Montreal.						******
Philadel .	25,000	613.804	15,264			*****
Baltim're	149.593	1.179.404	80.388	40,000	12.949	
N. Orl'ns.	21,000		430	10,000	10,024	******
N. News						*****
Richm'd .	******			!		******
Tot.week.	436,148	3,461,722	239,226	555,152	22,973	40,164
8'me time 1889	95,057	1,737,472	103,057	3,758		31,754

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by water, March 1, 1890:

	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Rye,	Barley
In store at—	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
New York	3,669,743	4,112,722	1,274,748	160,753	134,045
Do afloat	136,000		10,100	134,600	75,000
Albany		66,500	48,900	41,060	68,500
Buffalo	1,785,406	33,672	3,368	23,498	181.668
Chicago	4,622,237	3,198,768	1.468,203	760,401	301,749
Do afloat	778,659	290,760	160,672	94,750	
Milwaukee	914,544	1,973	3,740		254,590
Do afloat				100,846	
Duluth	4,667,474	275,347	840,593	,	
Do afloat	73,000				
Toledo	841,911	452,628	23,665	18,015	2,824
Detroit	593,329	9,727	133,939	3,023	38,110
Oswego	52,000	43,000	100,000		255,000
St. Louis	1,719,203	2,262,512	240,842	15,470	27,387
Cincinnati*	27,000	13,000	11,000	21,000	74,000
Boston	75,861	413,568	63,309	34,277	25,772
Toronto	192,575	,	1,768	8,352	175,331
Montreal	188,858	21,907	163,653	43,318	83,7.6
Philadelphia	248,104	1,248,834	71,843		
Peoria	14,221	580,493	216,450	64,645	10,978
Indianapolis	95,051	7,500	187,376		
Baltimore	512,261	511,798			******
Minneapolis			87,564	16,588	******
Minneapolis St. Paul	7,485,976	231,681	74,921	*******	******
	305,000	000.070	*0.00*	*******	******
On Mississippi	•••••	660,973	53,685	*******	******
Mat 35 1100 0	2 000 000 1	1 440 000	- 000 000	1 010 001	
Tot. Mar. 1,'90. 2	8,998,383 1	4,442,363	0,080,339	1,613,204	1,708,735
Tot. Feb. 22,'90. 2	9,618,531 1	3,736,067	,186,980	1,529,397	1,862,651
Tot. Mar. 2,'89. 3	32,000,059 1	5,820,084	7,918,963		
	37,515,931				2,409,351
Tot. Mar. 5,'87. 5	55,781,463 1	5,731,300	1,083,585	413,358	1,53,511

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

NEW YORK, Friday P. M., March 7, 1890.

The demand for dry goods at first hands was light and somewhat disappointing the past week, re-orders from interior markets having been less numerous than expected and moderate in the aggregate amount, while personal selections by package buyers were seemingly gauged by positive requirements. In exceptional cases orders for fall goods were placed with commission houses and importers (for future delivery), but bu-iness in this connection was moderate in the aggregate. The jobbing trade was spasmodic and irregular, fairly active days having been followed by others of comparative quiet, owing partly to the capricious state of the weather, which undoubtedly checked operations at times. Judging by the freedom with which Southern retailers are stocking up for next season, an unusually good business in that section of the country is anticipated; but there has been thus far no real "snsp" to the demand by Western and near-by distributers.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.—The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending March 4 were 2,080 packages, valued at \$122,102, their destination being to the points specified in the table below:

NEW YORK TO MARCH 4.		1890.	1	1889.
NEW TORK TO MARCH 4,	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1
Great Britain	93	914	94	1,967
Other European	575	234	31	315
ChinaIndia		5,399 1.276	1,266	11,035
Arabia	•••••	1.782	159	1,239 1,254
Africa	71	494	100	1.365
West Indies	274	3.956	311	3,350
Mexico	76	370	46	734
Central America	126	1,005	115	925
South America	549	5,578	162	6,932
Other countries	310	802	87	648
Total	2,080	21,810	2,271	29,764
* China, via Vancouver		3,178		16,079
Total	2,080	24,988	2,271	45,843

^{*} From New England mill points direct.

The value of the New York exports since January 1 have been \$1,419,549 in 1890, against \$1,698,494 in 1889.

lots) by the principal jobbers. Converters and exporters bought sparingly from the commission houses, but nearly all fabrics adapted for their requirements are steadily held, because stocks are well in hand. Printed calicoes were only in moderate demand at first hands, but a very fair business was done by a few of the large jobbers, who were able to offer some good sized lots of "off style" fancies, etc., to their customers at relatively low figures. In ginghams and other woven "wash" fabrics there was a fairly satisfactory movement from the hands of agents and jobbers, and there was a good steady business in white goods, quilts, table damasks and scrims. Print cloths were in moderate demand and easier, closing at 3 7-16c, for 64x64s and 3c. for 56x60s.

Stock of Print Cloths-	1890. Mar. 1.	1889. Mar. 2.	1888. Mar. 3.
Held by Providence manuf'ers		None.	8.000
Fall River manufacturers		3,000	1,000
Providence speculators	None.	None.	None.
Outside speculators (est)	10,000	None.	4,000
Total stock (pieces)	377,000	3,600	13,000

Demestic Woolen Goods.—In reporting a slightly improved demand for contain descriptions of men's wear woolens, it must not be considered that the market for this class of fabrics was by any means active. As for some time past, low and medium grade heavy fancy cassimeres and worsted suitings were in better request than the finer qualities, and cloth-faced fabrics, as kerseys, &c., were relatively more active than rough faced overcoatings. Cloakings continued to meet with moderate attention, and leading makes of stockinetts were freely distributed by agents on account of orders on record. Satinets were fairly active in movement, and a somewhat freer demand for Kentucky jeans and dosskins was reported in some quarters. So't wool and worsted dress go'ds were in moderate demand at first hands, and fairly active in jobbing circles, while flannels and blankets ruled quiet, and the demand for w ol hosiery and heavy underweer (for next season) was not up to expectations.

FOREIGN DRY GOODS—The demand for foreign goods at first hands was strictly moderate, dress fabrics alone having shown a fair degree of animation. The jobbing trade was more active, and a pretty good business in most descriptions of imported goods was done by the principal jobbers. Orders for next season are being placed with unusual caution because of the tariff legislation impending in Congress. Prices of nearly all foreign fabrics remain firm and unchanged.

Importations of Dry Goods.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending March 6, 1890, and since Jan. 1, and the same facts for the corresponding periods of last year are as follows:

Week Ending March 7, 1889.	Week	Ending 7, 1889.	Since Jan.	an. 1, 1889. Week Ending	Week	Ending 6, 1890.	Since Jan	Since Jan. 1, 1890.
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of-		99		90	-	99		30
W001	2,566	500 348	19,383	7,171,256	2,484	898,045	19,709	7,467,031
Silk	2.225	1.101.599	19.284	9.140.969		1.276.421	22,101	10.945.339
Flax	2,696	507,644	20,791	3,694,920	-	490,052	23,690	3,491,416
Miscellaneous	2,948	303,238	59,928	2,554,499		332,519	43,864	2,600,715
Total	12,801	12,801 3,392,369	139,741	27,813,000	13,346	13,346 3,592,767	131,497	30,015,740
W	ITHDRA	WN FROM	WAREHOUS	WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET	OLNI NA	THE MARH	ET	
Wool Wool	804	310.203		2.785.028	676	255.676	7.784	3 070 859
Cotton	433	109,604		1,346,784	448	102,703	4,672	1,178,958
Silk	291	120,509		1,047,511	260	126,000	3,519	1,469,138
Miscellaneous	2,106	51,205	39,696	594,260	7,712	83,824	46,806	566,205
Total Ent'd for consumpt	3,998 12,801	651,161 3,392,369	58,388 139,741	6,439,744 27,813,000	9,589	643,988 3,592,767	67,013 131,497	7,005,149 30,015,740
Total on market 16,799 4,043,530	16,799	4,043,530	198,129	34,252,744 22,934 4,236,755	22,934	4,236,755	198,510	37,020,885
		ENTERED FOR		WAREHOUSE DURING SAME PERIOD	SAME F	ERIOD.		
Manufactures of-	604	088 000	6 700	9 494 975		_	7 200	0 700 00
Cotton	250	53,878	4,545	1,159,861			4,568	1,130,32
Silk	387	119,820	2,605	1,168,138			3,054	1,479,20
Miscellaneous	3,028	87,775	42,374	524,449	11,953	130,894	38,990	663,24
	4,812	608,407	59,549	5,970,904	13,878	736,782	57,146	6,675,884
Ent a for consumbe	12,801	3,382,308	100,721	21,010,000	To,oro	101,280,6	101,401	30,010,740
The tollat the mont	17 619	4 000 776	199 290	33 783 904	97 995	4 290 KAO	199 643	36.691.62

Bank Statements.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE NATIONAL PARK BANK, New York City, at the close of business February 28, 1890:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts	\$19,886,560 2,923	37 53
OverdraftsU.S. bonds to secure circulati'n	50,000	00
Stocks, securities, &c	501,722	05
Due from other national banks Due from State & private b'ks& b'kers	1,640,913	74 27
Real estate, banking house		00
Other real estate	53,740	87
Checks and other casn items	4,198	00
Exchanges for Clearing House Bills of other banks	3,080,675 12,100	71 CO
Fraction'l currency, nickels and cents	209	10
Specie	6,113.540	00
Legal-tenders	626,099 32,000	00
Due from United States Treasurer	52,000	00
m - 4 - 3	****	
Total	\$33,597,369	64
LIABILITIES.	\$33,597,369	64
LIABILITIES.	\$2,000,000	00
LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in	\$2,000,000 1,500,000	00
LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in	\$2,000,000 1,500,000 772,586	00 00 67
LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in. Surplus fund. Undivided profits. Dividend- unpaid.	\$2,000,000 1,500,000 772,586 3,482	00 00 67 00
LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in	\$2,000,000 1,500,000 772,536 3,482 12,423,856	00 00 67 00 47
Capital stock paid in Surplus fund Undivided profits Dyvidend unpaids subject to check Demand certifica/es of deposit Certified checks	\$2,000,000 1,500,000 772,536 3,482 12,423,856 51,424 2,167,693	00 00 67 00 47 33 64
Capital stock paid in. Surplus fund. Undivided profits. Dividend-unpaid. Individual deposits subject to check. Demand certifica was of deposit. Certified checks. Cashier's checks outstanding	\$2,000,000 1,500,000 772,586 3,482 12,423,856 51,424 2,167,693 2,636	00 00 67 00 47 33 64 92
Capital stock paid in. Surplus fund. Undivided profits. Dividend-unpaid. Individual deposits subject to check. Individual deposits subject to check. Certified checks outstanding. Due to other national banks.	\$2,000,000 1,500,000 772,536 3,482 12,423,856 51,424 2,167,693	00 00 67 00 47 33 64 92
Capital stock paid in. Surplus fund. Undivided profits. Dividend-unpaid. Individual deposits subject to check. Demand certifica was of deposit. Certified checks. Cashier's checks outstanding	\$2,000,000 1,500,000 772,586 3,482 12,423,856 51,424 2,167,693 2,636	00 00 67 00 47 33 64 92 59

V. MUMFORD MOORF, EBENEZER K. WRIGHT, EUGENE KELLY.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

REFORM STATE NATIONAL BANK of the city of New York, at the close of business February 28, 1890:
RESOURCES. Loans and discounts...... \$7,933,960 24

U. S. bonds to secure circult U. S. bonds on hand. Other stocks and bonds Seed state, banking house. Bells of other banks. Ch'ks and other cash items Exchanges for cl'ing house Due from national banks. Due from State banks and bankers. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation). Due from U. S. Treasurer	ation	50, 100, 200, 200, 200, 3, 200, 200, 3, 200, 4	000 00 000 00 000 00 000 00
other than 5 per cent redemption fund	3,000	00-3,439,	118 06
Total		\$11,730,	382 60
LIABILI			
Capital stock paid in		\$1,000,	00 00
Surplus fund		650,	000 000
Undivided profits, net		183,	921 85
National bank notes outstar			000 00 24 00
Dividends unpaid	••••••	• •	24 00
Deposits —	,593,558	50 56 14 97 28	
-		- 9.851.	486 75

F. A. K. BRYAN, Notary Public, New York Co.

ISAAC WALLACH, S. M. MIL: IKEN, WM. P. ST. JOHN,

Directors.

9,851,486 75

The Mutual Benefit

George Eustis & Co.,

BANKERS,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Bank Statements.

DEPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE GALLATIN NATIONAL BANK, at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business February 28, 1890:

RESOURCES.

Overdrafts, secured	1.236	65
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	50,000	00
Stocks, securities, judgme'ts, claims, &c	539,783	50
Due from other National banks	96,097	23
Due from State banks and bankers	11,127	69
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	500,000	00
Other real estate & mortgages owned.	16,500	00
Current expenses and taxes paid	40,916	37
Checks and other cash items	2,458	02
Exchanges for Clearing House	2,656,488	
Bills of other banks	54,000	00
Fract'l paper cur'ncy, nickels & cents	266	63
Specie	771,026	50
Legal tender notes	203,165	
U. S. ctfs. of deposit for legal tenders.	100,000	
Redemption fund with U.S. Treasurer	100,000	v
(5 per cent of circulation)	2,250	00
Total	\$9,794,082	74
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in	\$1,000,000	00
Surplus fund	1,000,000	00
Undivided profits	521,631	
National bank notes outstanding	45,000	
Dividends unpaid	1,200	
Individual deposits subject to check	4,143,379	
Demand certificates of deposit	3,518	
Certified Checks		11
Cashler's checks outstanding	4.250	00
Due to other national banks	820,068	
Due to State banks and bankers	315,606	96
Total	\$9.794.082	-

Total
State of New York, County of New York, State of New York, County of New York, S. I. ARTHUR W. SHERMAN, Cashler of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. W. SHERMAN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of February, 1890.
H. L. BRAYNARD, Correct—Attest:
Notary Public, N. Y. Co.
F. D. TAPPEN,
ADRIEN ISELIN, JR.
THOMAS DENNY,
THOMAS DENNY,

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE YORK CITY, in the State of New York, at the close of business February 28, 1890:

Loans and discounts U. S. bonds to secure circulation U. S. bonds to secure deposits, etc. Stocks, securities, judgm'ts, claims, etc. Due from other National banks Due from State banks and bankers Banking-house, furniture and fixtures	\$4,072,350 50,000 100,000 170,655 203,565 22,937 1,000	00 00 79 16 58
Current expenses and taxes paid	12,037	17
Premiums on U. S. bonds	34,500	00
Checks and other cash items. \$6,115 77		
Exch'ges for Clearing House, t 32,098 99		- 1
Bills of other banks 30,000 00		1.
Fractional paper currency,		- 1
nickels and cents 203 97		
Specie449,483 00		- 1
Legal-tender notes546,806 CO		1
U.S. certificates of deposit	1 804 808	~0
for legal tenders100,000 00 Redemption fund with U.S. Treasurer	-1,761,707	13
(5 per cent of circulation)	2,250	00
(5 per cent of circulation) Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than	2,200	00
5 per cent redemption fund	1.482	00
o per cent reaemption rand	1,400	00
Total	\$8 441 088	00
LIABILITIES.	40,111,003	00
Capital stock paid in	\$500,000	
Surplus fund	115,000	00
Undivided profits	40,977 41,620	27
National bank notes outstanding	41.620	60
Dividends unpaid	90	00
Individual deposits sub-		-
ject to check\$1,723,421 77		- 1
Demand certfs. of deposit 97,031 50		1
Certified checks 198,459 92 Cashier's checks outstand-		
United states deposits 68,498 05		1
Due to other National		
Danks		1
Due to State banks and		- 1
bankers 1.928.782 43	-5 743 308	89
Total		08
State of New York, County of New York, STUART G. NELSON, Cashier of the	rk, ss.:	ned
bank, do solemnly swear that the above	statement	t is
true, to the best of my knowledge and	belief.	
S. G. NELSO	N. Cashier	r.
Subscribed and sworn to before me	this 6th d	lay
of March, 18:0. C. R. SYN	IMES.	-
Notary Public,	(4) N.Y. Co	
Correct—Attest:	-	-

Wm. Fisher & Sons,

HENRY ALLEN, W. W. ROSS, W. A. PULLMAN,

Directors.

EANKERS,

And Dealers in Governments, Stock and Investment Securities,

Correct-Attest:

OFFOSITE SECOND ST., 32 SOUTH STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

Have Western Union wires in their offices, by means of which immediate communication can be had with all commercial points in the country. Especial attention given to purchase and sale of Virginia Consols, Ten-forties, Deferred and all issues of the State. Put to all classes of Southern State City and Ea! ray Securities. Correspondence so

Bank Statements.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE WESTERN NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW Y. RK, in the State of New York, at the close of business February 28, 1890:

1	RESOURCES.		
١	Loans and discounts	\$7,852,552 2	8
1	Overdrafts	30,328 8	K.
1	U.S. bonds to secure circulation	50,000 (Ň.
1	U. S. bonds to secure deposits	830,000 0	ñ
1	U. 8 bonds on hand		ñ
1	O. S Donus on hand		
1	Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	140,800 0	
1	Due from other national banks	1,145,512 4	
١	Due from State banks and bankers	228,597 €	
	Real estate, furniture and fixtures	152,244 8	19
П	Current expenses and taxes paid		85
	Premiums paid	168,192 5	0
	Checks and other cash items	4,275 5	51
	Exchanges for Clearing House		15-
	Bills of other banks	24,065 (100
	Fractional paper cur'ncy, nickels & cts.	163 9	
	Specie	2,408,927	
	Legal tender notes		ő
		60,000	
	U. S. ctfs. of deposit for legal tenders.	60,000	ю
	Redemption fund with U.S. Treasurer	0.000 (200
	(5 per cent of circulation)	2,250 (JU:
	Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than		
	5 per cent redemption fund	100,000	ю
	Total	\$15,156,332 9	25
	LIABILITIES.	tratropless :	
	Capital stock paid in	\$3,500,000 (00
	Surplus fund	22,525	05.
	Undivided profits		
	Undivided profits		no.
	National bank notes outstanding		
	Dividends unpaid	₹,842 €	00
	Individual deposits sub-		
	ject to check \$4,639,015 97		
	Demand ctfs. of deposit. 394,959 56		
	Certified checks 1,072,619 08	3	
	Cashier's ch'cks outst'd'g. 50.537 24		
	U. S. deposits 797,018 33	3	
	Due to other Nat. banks. 3,622,481 7		
	Due to State b'ks & b'kers 849,587 68	-11,426,299	58
	State of New York, City and County of	\$15,156,332	20
	State of New York, City and County of	New York, sa	1.:
	I, C. N. JORDAN, President of the	above-name	De

I, C. N. JORDAN, President of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to beforeme this 7th day of March, 1890.

Correct—Attest:

CHARLES J. CANDA,
E. GOGGRA,
H. W. JOHNS.

Letter of the above-named bank, and belief.

CHARLES J. CANDA,
H. W. JOHNS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE NEW YORK, at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business February 28, 1890:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$7,264,975 4,514	29
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured U.S. bonds to secure circulation Stocks, securities_judgm'ts, claims,&c. Due from other National banks. Due from State banks and bankers. Furniture and fixures. Other real estate and mortg's owned. Current expenses and taxes paid Premiums on U.S. bonds, Checks and other cash titems	50,000 194,203 1,279,647 110,072	00 08 48 24 00 87 81
Fractional paper curr ney, nickels and cents. 1,774,738 00 Specie. 1,774,738 00 U.S. curs and cents. 307,000 00 U.S. curs and cents. 2010,000 00 Redemption fund with U.S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation).	3,203,143 2,250	
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund	15,000	00
TotalLIABII ITIES.	\$12,190, 7 87	18

Due to State banks and bankers 1,529,385 72 7,917,511 81

Total.....\$12,190,787 18 Total... \$12,100,787 18
State of New York, County of New York, ss;
I, G, L. HUTCHINGS, Cashler of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. L. HUTCHINGS, Cashler.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of March, 1800.

J. FREDE, SWEAS, Correct—Attest: Notary Public N. Y. Co.

J. F. CHAMBERLIN,
BENJ. GRIFFIN,
EDWARD SCHELL,
Directors.

UNION MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company PORTLAND, MAINE.

INCORPORATED 1848.

JOHN E. DE WITT, President.

Its plans are varied and adapted to all circumstances. There is nothing in Life Insurance which it does not furnish cheaply, profits billy and intelligibly. Send to the Company's Home Office, Portland, Me. Send to the Company's Home Office, Portland, Me. MAINE LAW CONVERTIBLE FOLCOING its MAINE LAW CONVERTIBLE FOLCOING IS MAINE LAW CONVERTIBLE FOLCOING IS MAINE LAW. AND THE BOND POLICY, CLASS "A." and other Forms of Bond Policies; also for pamphlet explanatory of the Maine Non-Forfedure Law, and for list of claims reist theremoder.